



# 52<sup>nd</sup> वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन Annual Report 2021 - 2022

ईपीआई EPI

इंजीनियरिंग प्रोजेक्ट्स (इंडिया) लि.  
(भारत सरकार का उद्यम)

**ENGINEERING PROJECTS (INDIA) LTD.**  
(A GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ENTERPRISE)

## Mission / Vision

To be leading turnkey project Execution company committed to quality and timely completion of projects, continuously enhancing stakeholder value.



## Major Areas of Operation

### Objectives

- i) Focus and maintain business in its most profitable segments while expanding into new business segments.
- ii) Deliver exceptional client service with an unrelenting focus on value creation.
- iii) Pursue operational excellence with a Strong focus on quality and margins.

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## REFERENCE INFORMATION

### REGISTERED OFFICE

Core 3, SCOPE Complex,  
7 Lodhi Road, New Delhi - 110003  
Phone No: 91-11-24363426  
Fax: 91-11-24363426  
E-mail: epico@engineeringprojects.com  
Website: www.engineeringprojects.com

### REGIONAL OFFICES

#### Eastern Regional Office-Kolkata

Unit No. 1204, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor,  
Ambuja Neotia Ecocentre,  
Block-EM, Plot No. 04  
Sector-V, Salt Lake City, Kolkata-700091  
Phone: (33) 40690059, (33) 40064469  
E-mail: ero@engineeringprojects.com

#### Western Regional Office-Mumbai

“Bakhtawar”, 6A, 6<sup>th</sup> Floor,  
Nariman Point, Mumbai- 400021  
Phone: 91-22- 22027585, 91-22- 22026347  
E-Mail: wromumbai@engineeringprojects.com

#### Northern Regional Office-Delhi

Core-3, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, SCOPE Complex,  
7 Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110003  
Phone: 91-11-24363426  
Fax: 91-11-24368293  
E-mail : nro@engineeringprojects.com

#### Southern Regional Office-Chennai

3D, East Coast Chambers,  
92, G.N Chetty Road,  
T. Nagar, Chennai -600017  
Phone: 91- 44-28156886, 28156421  
Fax: 91-44-28156629  
E-Mail: sro@engineeringprojects.com

#### North Eastern Regional Office

4<sup>th</sup> Floor Hindustan Tower, Jawahar Nagar,  
National Highway No.37, Beltola  
Guwahati -781022 (Assam)  
Phone : 0361-2962648  
E-mail : nero@engineeringprojects.com

### PROJECT OFFICES

#### Project Coordination & Business Development Division, M.P. – Bhopal

E7/832, Ground Floor, Arera Colony,  
Bhopal-462016, Madhya Pradesh  
Phone: 91-9711724791  
Email: umang.chugh@engineeringprojects.com

#### PCO- Hyderabad Office

Flat No. 308, Satya Sai Apartments,  
Srinivasa Nagar (East), Metro Pillar  
No. A1040, Ameerpet,  
Hyderabad- 500038, Telengana  
Email: epil.pcohyd@engineeringprojects.com

#### PCO- Visakhapatnam Office

H. No. 31.12/2, Road No. 03  
Sathavahana Nagar, Kurmana Palem,  
Visakhapatnam- 530046, Andhra Pradesh  
Email: pco-vizag@engineeringprojects.com

#### PCO- Bhubaneswar Office

2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Khata No.- 081, Plot No.-471,  
GA Plot No.-108, Surya Nagar,  
Unit-07, Bhubaneswar-751003,  
Khordha, Odisha

#### CAMP OFFICE MUSCAT

Engineer-3 Project Oman  
C/o. Engineering Projects (India) Limited  
OMAN, Post Box No. 3251  
Postal Code 112 RUWI  
Sultanate of Oman  
E-mail: ratnesh.jain@engineeringprojects.com  
Phone: +968-92887087

#### SRI LANKA PROJECT

No. 158, Ground Floor,  
2<sup>nd</sup> Lane, Pandarikulam  
Vavuniya, Northern Province  
Sri Lanka, Pin Code : 43000

### AUDITORS:

#### STATUTORY AUDITOR

M/s. GSK & Associates LLP, New Delhi  
8, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Rani Jhansi Road,  
Motia Khan Industrial Area,  
New Delhi 110055

### BRANCH AUDITORS

#### Northern Region Branch Auditors

M/s. Goel Garg & Co., Delhi  
18, Ground Floor, National Park,  
Lajpat Nagar-IV, New Delhi 110024

#### Eastern Region & North Eastern Region Branch Auditors

M/s. Jain Saraogi & Co., Kolkata  
1, Crooked Lane, Kolkata,  
West Bengal 700069

#### Western Region Branch Auditors

M/s. Bathiya & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
910, Hubtown Solaris  
N.S. Phadke Road, Near East-West  
Flyover, Andheri East, Mumbai-400069

#### Southern Region Branch Auditors

M/s. G.C. Daga & Co.,  
Chartered Accountants  
Sri Balaji Complex,

14, Veerappan Street, Second Floor,  
Chennai-600001

### FOREIGN BRANCH AUDITORS

#### Sri Lanka Branch Auditors

M/s AccFirst Partners  
Chartered Accountants  
No. 787F, M D H Jayawardana Mw,  
Madinnagoda, Rajagiriya

#### Oman Branch Auditors

M/s MMY Auditors  
P.O. Box: 385, Jibroo, P.C.:114,  
Muscat, Sultanate of Oman

#### Myanmar Branch Auditors

M/s Daw Me Me Soe, Myanmar  
Room No.3, Bld No. 6, PYI YEIK MON,  
Housing, Kamaryut Township,  
Yangon, Myanmar

### COST AUDITOR

M/s A.G. Agarwal & Associates,  
Cost Accountants  
H.O. IIB/76, Usha Villa,  
Vaishali, Ghaziabad,  
Uttar Pradesh- 201010

### SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

M/s. MNK and Associates LLP  
Company Secretaries  
MNK House, 9A/9-10, Basement,  
East Patel Nagar,  
New Delhi-110008  
Tel : 011-46581272, Mob : 9818156340  
Email: nazim@mnkassociates.com

### MAIN BANKERS

Allahabad Bank  
Axis Bank  
Bank of Baroda  
Canara Bank  
HDFC Bank  
ICICI Bank  
Indian Overseas Bank (IOB)  
IDBI Bank  
IndusInd Bank  
State Bank of India  
Union Bank of India

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(As on the date of AGM)



**Shri Dhirendra Singh Rana**  
Chairman & Managing Director and  
Director (Projects)



**Shri Raj Pal Singh**  
Director (Finance)



**Shri Rajesh Kumar**  
Part Time Official Director



**Dr. Renuka Mishra**  
Part Time Official Director



**Smt. Akanksha Pare**  
Part Time Non- Official Director



**Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav**  
Part Time Non- Official Director

## SENIOR EXECUTIVES

(As on 30.11.2022)



**Shri Nijamuddin**  
Chief Vigilance Officer (CVO)



**Shri A.K. Patra**  
Chief Financial Officer (CFO) &  
Group General Manager (Finance)



**Shri Nitesh Kumar Goyal**  
Company Secretary



**Shri Sunil Kumar Bathija**  
Executive Director (Legal) and  
Transparency Officer (TO) &  
Public Grievance Officer (PGO)



**Shri A. Radhakrishnan**  
Executive Director  
(Admin. & OL)



**Shri A.K. Vashishtha**  
Executive Director  
(Planning & Monitoring)



**Shri Biswajit Biswas**  
Executive Director  
Eastern Regional Office, Kolkata



**Smt. Geetha R. Krishnan**  
Executive Director  
Western Regional Office, Mumbai



**Shri Shamsheer Singh**  
Executive Director  
(Contracts & Engineering)



**Shri Pramod Kumar Sahoo**  
Executive Director (HR)



**Shri Ratnesh Jain**  
Executive Director (Oman)



**Smt. A. Bhowmick**  
Group General Manager  
PCO, Visakhapatnam



**Shri Sanjay Goel**  
Group General Manager  
(Business Development)



**Shri J. L. Richard**  
Group General Manager  
(Information Technology) and  
Chief Risk Officer



**Shri Mukesh Thakur**  
Group General Manager  
North Eastern Regional Office,  
Guwahati



**Shri A. Gowthaman**  
Group General Manager  
Southern Regional Office, Chennai



**Shri Shamsul Hasan**  
Group General Manager  
Northern Regional Office,  
New Delhi



**Shri S. K. Sethi**  
General Manager and  
Public Information Officer (PIO)



**Shri S. K. Gupta**  
Addl. General Manager and  
Chief Internal Auditor

## FINANCIAL STATUS FOR LAST FIVE YEARS

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars/Years	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
<b>A. Operating Statistics</b>					
<b>Domestic (a)</b>	81,196.02	67,489.92	62,248.87	53,041.40	72,341.90
<b>Foreign (b)</b>	79,544.97	111,614.95	71,410.08	27,520.77	1,275.44
<b>Turnover (Operating Income) (c)=(a+b)</b>	<b>160,740.99</b>	<b>179,104.87</b>	<b>133,658.95</b>	<b>80,562.17</b>	<b>73,617.34</b>
Other Income (d)	1,526.79	517.51	732.00	511.95	1,368.28
<b>Total Income (e)= (c+d)</b>	<b>162,267.78</b>	<b>179,622.38</b>	<b>134,390.95</b>	<b>81,074.12</b>	<b>74,985.62</b>
Total Expenditure (f)	161,456.08	181,893.83	132,635.16	84,311.26	80,650.82
<b>Gross Margin (g) =(e-f)</b>	<b>811.70</b>	<b>(2,271.45)</b>	<b>1,755.79</b>	<b>(3,237.14)</b>	<b>(5,665.20)</b>
Interest	485.70	501.48	852.41	1,032.31	478.14
Depreciation	154.68	189.64	109.12	99.36	88.16
<b>Profit Before Tax (PBT)</b>	<b>171.32</b>	<b>(2,962.56)</b>	<b>794.26</b>	<b>(4,368.81)</b>	<b>(6,231.50)</b>
Income Tax	157.78	339.94	702.23	605.50	274.85
<b>Profit After Tax (PAT)</b>	<b>13.54</b>	<b>(3,302.50)</b>	<b>92.03</b>	<b>(4,974.31)</b>	<b>(6,506.35)</b>
Dividend Paid*	-	-	-	27.61	-
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	-	-	-	-	-
Balance Carried Forward to Reserves & Surplus	13.54	(3,302.50)	92.03	(5,001.92)	(6,506.35)
No. of Employees	363	327	303	289	270
No. of Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	35422688	35422688	35422688	35422688	35422688
<b>B. Financial Position</b>					
Share Capital	3,542.27	3,542.27	3,542.27	3,542.27	3,542.27
Reserve and Surplus (Free Reserves)	19,524.56	16,222.06	16,314.09	11,312.18	4,805.83
CSR Reserve	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Net Worth (Shareholders' Funds)</b>	<b>23,066.83</b>	<b>19,764.33</b>	<b>19,856.36</b>	<b>14,854.45</b>	<b>8,348.10</b>
<b>Capital Employed</b>	<b>23,066.83</b>	<b>19,764.33</b>	<b>19,856.36</b>	<b>14,854.45</b>	<b>8,348.10</b>
<b>C. Financial Ratios</b>					
Turnover per Employee (Rs. In lakhs)	442.81	547.72	441.12	278.76	272.66
Gross Margin / Turnover (%)	0.50	(1.27)	1.31	(4.02)	(7.70)
Profit Before Tax (PBT)/ Turnover (%)	0.11	(1.65)	0.59	(5.42)	(8.46)
Profit Before Tax (PBT)/ Net Worth (%)	0.74	(14.99)	4.00	(29.41)	(74.65)
Profit After Tax (PAT)/ Net Worth (%)	0.06	(16.71)	0.46	(33.49)	(77.94)
Dividend paid / Profit before tax (%)	-	-	-	3.48	-
Dividend paid / Profit after tax (%)	-	-	-	30.00	-
Basic and Diluted EPS ( in Rs )	0.04	(9.32)	0.26	(14.04)	(18.37)
NAV Per Share having Face Value of Rs.10/-	65.12	55.79	56.06	41.93	23.57

\* Dividend paid during FY 2020-21 pertains to FY 2019-20.



## CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

### Dear Shareholders'

My heartfelt greetings to you all as India celebrate 'Azadi ka Amrit Mahotsav'.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present to you the 52<sup>nd</sup> Annual Report of your company for the year 2021-22.

### Industry Scenario & Business Opportunities:

The Indian Construction Market is expected to register a CAGR greater than 10% during the forecast period (2022 - 2027), supported by increased government investment in transport, health, energy, and housing infrastructure sector under the Budget for 2022/2023. Although the 2022/2023 Budget will significantly support the construction industry, soaring construction costs and supply chain constraints could affect the progress of construction work in the short to medium term.

Focus and rigour displayed by GoI is expected to auger well for the infrastructure sector and create multiple opportunities for companies.

### Performance Review of EPI: -

EPI recorded a declined revenue of Rs. 736 Crore during FY2021-22 (Previous Year: Rs. 806 Crores), with PAT of Rs. 65 Crore (loss) as against the PAT of Rs. 50 Crore (loss) for the previous financial year.

The key reasons for the decline in revenue and profitability of your company are identified as follows:

- i) Continued impact of recurring bouts of COVID -19 pandemic, as the deadly second wave emerged during first half of FY 2021-22, again placed a major strain on ongoing projects of EPI.
- ii) Reduction in the international turnover, owing to substantial completion of Oman project, from Rs. 275.21 Crore (34% of the Total Turnover) during the last year to Rs. 10 Crore (< 1.5% of the Total Turnover) in 2021-22.
- iii) Abrupt increase in market prices of raw materials such as cement and steel etc., in consequence of Russia - Ukraine conflict, affected the project cost and operating margin of your company in ongoing EPC / Turnkey projects.

During the year 2021-22, your company continued to get new projects such as highway project in Gujarat (Rs. 614 Crores), 04 Medical Colleges in Maharashtra (Rs. 1700 Crores), Swachh Bharat Mission Works in Goa (Rs. 140 Crores) and various infra projects in Odisha (Rs. 218 Crores) and many more totalling to worth Rs. 3776 Crores approx.

On the international arena, EPI has substantially completed Ph-2 of Oman project in order with Client's requirement and eyeing on upcoming Ph-3 based on incredible performance of the company in previous phases.

## Way Forward/ Strategy Formulation:

As I examine the upcoming opportunities for the construction industry in India it becomes clear that the infrastructure sector remains a key driver of the Indian economy. India's economy is big and getting bigger and the infrastructure sector has and will continue to be responsible for propelling India's overall development. The Government has announced various initiatives over the years to attract investment for greenfield projects as well as provide monetisation opportunities to asset owners. These initiatives to promote infrastructure spells opportunities for EPC companies. Key policy initiatives announced by the Government, namely National Infrastructure Pipeline and National Monetisation Pipeline are yielding good results. Nearly all infrastructure sectors present excellent opportunities, and your company is well poised to take advantage of them.

In order to secure sustainable path of recovery and growth in coming years, EPI has adopted a strategy of insulating it from the vagaries of over dependence either on a single project or a single sector. Other initiatives can be broadly classified as "Cost-cutting, Revenue Maximization", and "Diversification & New Opportunities" and various steps taken in pursuance of these areas are briefly indicated below for your appreciation:

### Cost Cutting / Revenue Maximization: -

Some of the key initiatives already put in place since last financial year are as below:-

- Rationalization of Manpower by hiring technical manpower on contract to support ongoing projects and new commitments ahead due to increase in order book of your company.
- Consolidation of multiple bank accounts for better cash management
- Substantial pruning of Finance costs due to close monitoring of repayment of debt and better BG terms
- Leasing out of one entire floor in SCOPE Complex to a PSU, thus generating a perennial revenue stream
- Massive reduction in Tours/ travels expenses with better use of digital means
- Better utilization of SAP, On-line Bill Tracking System to improve transparency
- Implementation of Project-wise accounting for increased sensitization of cost/time over-runs
- Up scaling of internal design and architectural competency

### Diversification & New Business Opportunities: -

In recent years, EPI has been successful in grabbing many opportunities in new fields of infrastructure such as –

- Highways
- Airports
- Railways
- Ropeways
- Smart City Projects
- Swachh Bharat Mission
- Flue Gas Desulphurization
- Warehouses & Silos

The business development in new areas has been made possible due to technology tie ups / strategic alliances with reputed domestic & international companies and appropriate positioning of your company before new Clients. The results of the efforts made by your company speak for themselves in terms of domestic order wins in the last 5years: -

S. No.	Year	Total order won (Rs.)
1	2017-18	230 Crores
2	2018-19	338 Crores
3	2019-20	1762 Crores
4	2020-21	4155 Crores
5	2021-22	3776 Crores

EPI is also making agile efforts to diversify in new geographies such as Maldives, Nepal, Bangladesh and African countries to explore infra projects like the one we recently delivered in Middle East.

As on 31-3-2022, the balance order book of the company stands at Rs 8785 Crores, which provides a reasonable revenue visibility at least for next 3-4 years.

For our journey ahead, the company has huge potential and to fully leverage our vast expertise and experience we would need to continue to innovate and transform ourselves to be focused and diligent in execution and implementation of the projects on hand.

### Future Challenges: -

Various efforts outlined above will make sure that your company remains a vibrant and dominant PSU on the infrastructure scene of our country. However, there are a few challenges, mainly emanating from the followings:

#### i) Contingent Liability:

Contingent liability of EPI, currently standing at Rs 665 Crores as on 31-3-2022 for which provisioning is yet to be made. Efforts are underway to ensure that these liabilities are contained and fresh accrual on account of various old & delayed projects is minimized.

#### ii) Timely Completion of ongoing projects:

Presently, company is executing around 150 projects and timely completion of each project without cost overrun is crucial for achieving turnover and profitability targets. In view of this, we would need to look at resources required to deliver and map our current capabilities.

### Subsidiary Company

A Subsidiary Company of EPI which was incorporated on 19<sup>th</sup> May 2016 as “EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited” (EPIUIDL) is non-operational since its incorporation. An application for Striking Off the name of the EPIUIDL under Section 248(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed to the Director General of Corporate Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 23.05.2022.

### Performance under MOU

The performance of the Company has been rated “Poor” by the Department of Public Enterprise (DPE) in terms of MoU signed by the Company with the Government for the year 2020-21.

## Dividend

Your directors have not recommended any Dividend (Final/ Interim) for the Financial Year 2021-22 due to the inadequacy of profits and cash

## Human Resource

Successful delivery of any project hinges on a qualified and competent team. In present scenario, the order book of your company is continuously on the rise from last 3 years whereas regular manpower strength is on decline year by year as the induction of fresh manpower has been put on hold by Core Group on Disinvestment (CGD). In response to emerging business opportunities and manpower requirements, let me assure you that EPI shall manage this hurdle through various modes of temporary hiring by creating market-oriented compensation packages.

## Corporate Governance

Your Company is committed to follow good corporate governance practices in conducting business in a legal, ethical, and transparent manner. EPI has been complying with the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Department of Public Enterprise (DPE) and submit Quarterly and Annual Compliance Reports to Ministry of Heavy Industries (MHI). A Report on Corporate Governance and Management Discussion and Analysis forms part of the Annual Report.

## Corporate Social Responsibility and Sustainability

During the year, no activities were undertaken due to the NIL budget allocation.

## Acknowledgement

I, on behalf of the Board of Directors and on my own behalf, place on record my appreciation for the commitment and hard work of the employees whose sincere and continued efforts has resulted in achieving the targets and growth. I am also thankful for the continuing support and guidance received from Members of the Board, Government of India, particularly the Ministry of Heavy Industries, other Government Departments, Shareholders, Statutory Auditors, Comptroller & Auditor General of India, Business Associates and Banks. I also wish to place on record my sincere thanks to the esteemed clients who have reposed full confidence in your Company. We are confident to have full support of all our stakeholders as we make all out efforts for greater success in future.

Sd/-

D S Rana

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 07022825

Date: 27<sup>th</sup> September 2022

Place: New Delhi

**Engineering Projects (India) Limited**

**CIN: U27109DL1970GO1117585**

**(A Government of India Enterprise)**

**Registered Office: Core 3, SCOPE Complex, 7 Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003**

**Phone no. 91-11-24361666, Email: [csd@engineeringprojects.com](mailto:csd@engineeringprojects.com)**

**Website: [www.engineeringprojects.com](http://www.engineeringprojects.com)**

## NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the **52nd Annual General Meeting** of the members of Engineering Projects (India) Limited (EPI) will be held on **Tuesday, 27th September 2022 at 3:30 PM** through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means to transact the following business:

### Ordinary Business

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements (including Consolidated and Standalone) of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 together with Reports of the Board of Directors, Auditors thereon and Comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG), and management replies, if any, and to pass the following Ordinary Resolution, with or without modification (s):

**"RESOLVED THAT** Financial Statements (including Consolidated and Standalone) for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 comprising Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 along with Notes and Annexures and the Auditors' Report thereon, Comments of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG) and the Directors' Report along with its annexures including Management Discussion and Analysis Report, Report on Corporate Governance, Corporate Social Responsibility and Sustainability Report, Secretarial Audit Report, Form AOC-1 & 2 for disclosure of particulars about subsidiaries/ Associates and contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties as laid down before the meeting, be and are hereby adopted."

2. To declare dividend on equity shares for the financial year 2021-22.

Board of Directors in its Meeting held on 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022 had proposed NIL Dividend for the Financial Year 2021-22 in view of inadequacy of Profits/ Funds.

### Special Business

3. To ratify the remuneration of the Cost Auditor for the financial year 2022-23 as approved by the Board of Directors on 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022 (as recommended by Audit Committee) and in this regard, to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 14 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, fee of Rs. 40,000/- (Rupees Forty Thousand only) plus applicable tax as recommended by Audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors to be paid to M/s. Anuj Kumar & Co., Cost Accountants as Cost Auditor for the financial year 2022-23 be and is hereby ratified and confirmed."

**BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Sd/-

(Nitesh Kumar Goyal)

Company Secretary

E-mail id: [csd@engineeringprojects.com](mailto:csd@engineeringprojects.com)

**Date: 02<sup>nd</sup> September 2022**

**Place: New Delhi**

## NOTES:

1. In view of COVID-19 pandemic situation, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has, vide its circular dated 05<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 read together with circulars dated 13.01.2021, 08.04.2020, 13.04.2020 and 05.05.2020 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted convening the Annual General Meeting ("AGM"/"Meeting") through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), without physical presence of the members at a common venue. In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and MCA Circulars the AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM. This AGM shall be deemed to be held at the Registered Office of the Company.
2. As per the provisions of the Act, a member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy in writing duly signed by him to attend and vote instead of himself/ herself, and the proxy need not be a member. Since this AGM is being held through VC/OAVM facility, physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form, Attendance Slip and Route map are not annexed with this Notice.
3. Corporate members are requested to send a duly certified scanned copy of the Board Resolution authorizing the representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and vote on their behalf at the meeting. The said resolution/authorisation be sent by email through its registered email address to [csd@engineeringprojects.com](mailto:csd@engineeringprojects.com) with a copy marked to [nitesh.goyal@engineeringprojects.com](mailto:nitesh.goyal@engineeringprojects.com)
4. The relevant explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 & Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings, in respect of Special Businesses, as set out above is annexed hereto.
5. Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM shall be reckoned for the purpose of quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
6. None of the Directors of the Company is in any way related with each other.
7. The facility of joining the e-AGM through VC/OAVM will be opened 15 minutes before and will be open upto 15 minutes after the scheduled start time of the e-AGM.
8. All documents referred to in the accompanying notice are open for inspection at the registered office of the Company on all working days during business hours (barring Saturday and Sunday) up to the date of AGM. However in view of ongoing pandemic situation of COVID-19, Members seeking to inspect such documents are requested to send prior intimation at the above mentioned Email Id and will be provided same through the Electronic Media.
9. Pursuant to Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Auditors of a Government Company are to be appointed or re-appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (C&AG) and in pursuant to Section 142 of the Companies Act, 2013, their remuneration is to be fixed by the Company in the Annual General Meeting or in such manner as the Company in general meeting may determine. The shareholders of EPI vide resolution passed at the 44<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) dated 29<sup>th</sup> September 2014 authorised the Board to fix the remuneration of Statutory Auditors

and Branch Auditors from the financial year 2013-14 onwards. Accordingly Board of Directors in its 278<sup>th</sup> Board Meeting held on 11<sup>th</sup> March 2022 (Item No. 278-21-22/B-3) had fixed fees of Rs. 10.85 Lakhs (plus applicable taxes, TA/DA and out-of pocket expenses at actual) towards Statutory Audit of Corporate Office and Branch Offices (excluding foreign branches) for the financial year 2021-22.

**Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act 2013 in respect of Item no 3 as set out above forming part of the Notice:**

**Item No. 3: Ratification of remuneration of Cost Auditor**

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board had appointed M/s Anuj Kumar & Co., Cost Accountants as Cost Auditor to conduct audit of cost records of the Company for the financial year 2022-23 at a remuneration amounting Rs. 40,000/- (Rupees Forty Thousand only) plus applicable tax. In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors has to be ratified by the members of the Company. Accordingly, the Resolution at Item No.3 of the Notice is set out as an Ordinary Resolution for approval and ratification by the members of the Company.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives is in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the resolution set out at Item No 3.

**To:**

1. All Shareholders of EPI
2. Statutory Auditor, EPI
3. Secretarial Auditor, EPI
4. All Directors of EPI

**Copy to:**

1. Secretary to the Govt. of India,  
Ministry of Heavy Industries  
Udyog Bhawan, New Delhi-110001

**BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**Sd/-**

**(Nitesh Kumar Goyal)**

**Company Secretary**

**E-mail id: [csd@engineeringprojects.com](mailto:csd@engineeringprojects.com)**

**Date: 02<sup>nd</sup> September 2022**

**Place: New Delhi**

## NOMINATION FORM

To  
The Company Secretary  
**Engineering Projects (India) Limited**  
CIN: U27109DL1970GOI117585  
Core-3, SCOPE Complex,  
7 Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110003

Dear Sir/Madam,

I hereby nominate Mr./Ms. \_\_\_\_\_

(Name)

(Designation)

as my nominee to represent me at the 52<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting (and any other adjourned meeting thereof) of the Shareholders of EPI to be held on 27<sup>th</sup> September 2022 (Tuesday).

Thanking you,

Yours' faithfully,

Signature  
Designation  
Stamp and Seal

Place:

Date:



# DIRECTORS' REPORT

## Dear Members'

Your Directors have the pleasure in presenting the 52<sup>nd</sup> Annual Report on the performance of the Company during the financial year 2021-22.

### 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the year 2021-22, the Company achieved an operating turnover of Rs. 73,617 Lakhs as against turnover of Rs. 80,562 Lakhs achieved during the previous year. Profit Before Tax (PBT) earned during this period stood at Rs. (6,231) Lakhs in comparison to Rs. (4,369) Lakhs earned during the year 2020-21.

The financial highlights of your Company (Standalone) during the year 2021-22 along with the corresponding previous year figures are as under-

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Description	2021-22	2020-21
1.	Operating Turnover	73,617	80,562
2.	Other Income	1,368	540
3.	Total Income	74,985	81,101
4.	Gross Margin	(5,665)	(3,237)
5.	Interest Paid	478	1,032
6.	Depreciation	88	99
7.	Profit Before Tax	(6,231)	(4,369)
8.	Taxes	275	606
9.	Profit After Tax	(6,506)	(4,974)
10.	Net Worth	8,348	14,854

The Net Worth of the Company decreased from Rs. 14,854 Lakhs to Rs. 8,348 Lakhs which is a decrease of 44% over the previous year. The return on capital employed in 2021-22 is (78%) as against (33%) in 2020-21.

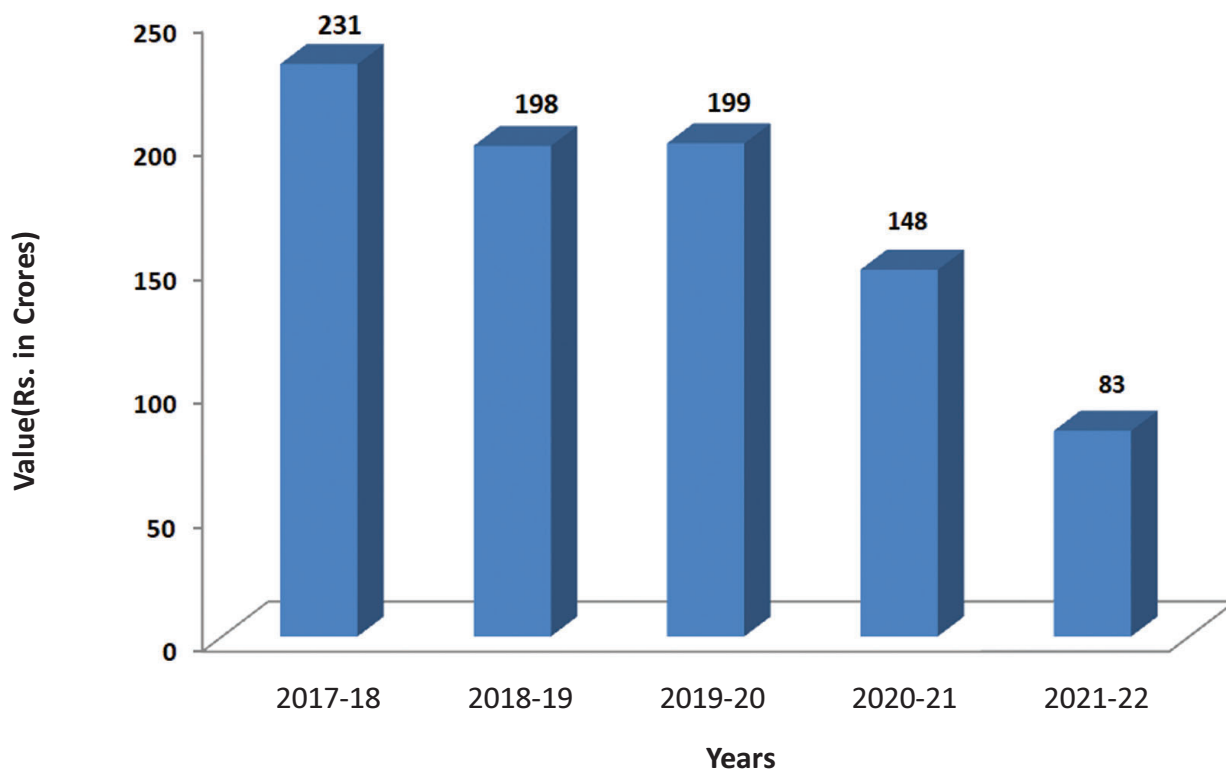
The decision of Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs ("CCEA") dated 17<sup>th</sup> February 2016, in respect of Strategic Disinvestment process through merger with similarly placed CPSE, got further modified by CCEA in its Meeting held on 13<sup>th</sup> February 2019 to allow all eligible CPSEs and Private Sector entities to participate in bidding process of disinvestment.

Further the activity of Asset Monetisation (under DIPAM Disinvestment scheme) is in process and your Company is adhering to all the Policies/ Guidelines/ framework etc. issued from time to time in this regard.

In compliance to Ministry of Heavy Industries (MHI) instructions and an Action Plan Matrix defining review and monitoring mechanism for maintenance of records of land possessed by CPSEs/ABs under MHI; it is informed that your Company is having a Leasehold land of 10,000 sq. meters at Matsya Industrial Area, Alwar (Rajasthan) for the purpose of Workshop/Warehouse. The Lease is for the period of 99 years w.e.f. 7<sup>th</sup> September 1998.

## 2. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The authorised and paid-up share capital of the Company is Rs. 909.40 Crores (divided into 909,404,600 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each) and Rs. 35.42 Crores (divided into 35,422,688 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each) respectively.



## 3. DIVIDEND & RESERVES

Your Directors have not recommended any Dividend (Final/ Interim) for the Financial Year 2021-22 due to the inadequacy of profits and cash.

Accordingly, the balance amount in the Reserves & Surplus account as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 stands at Rs. 4,806 Lakhs.

#### 4. MARKETING ACHIEVEMENTS

During the financial year 2021-22, Company has secured projects worth Rs. 3776.51 crores. Major projects secured are given below:

Sl. No.	Name & Place of the Project	Client	Value (Rs. Cr.)
1.	Joint Development of HIG/ MIG Residential Cum 5 Star Club Complex at Agartala City.	Sikaria Mega Food Park Pvt. Ltd. (A SPV under Ministry of Food Processing Industries).	700.00
2.	Construction of 150 seats Govt. Medical College, 650 bedded Hospital and allied buildings at Gondia. (PMC basis)	Medical Education & Drugs Department Govt. of Maharashtra.	689.47
3.	Widening to Six Lane of existing Four Lane Jetpur - Gondal - Rajkot Section from Km 117.600 to Km 185.00 on National Highway No.27 in the state of Gujarat on EPC mode under Bharatmala Pariyojana. Total Project value = Rs.1204.80 Cr.(EPI's share @ 51%, JV's share @ 49%)	National Highways Authority of India (NHAI), New Delhi	614.45
4.	Construction of 100 seats Government Medical College, 500 Bedded Hospital and allied buildings at Nandurbar. (PMC basis)	Medical Education & Drugs Department Govt. of Maharashtra.	532.41
5.	Construction of 100 seats Government Medical College, 500 Bedded Hospital and allied buildings at Alibag. (PMC basis)	Medical Education & Drugs Department Govt. of Maharashtra.	406.97
6.	Infrastructure Development of Schools and Hostels under Koira & Lahunipara Blocks of Sundargarh District, Odisha under DMF Scheme. (PMC basis)	Collector & District Magistrate, District Mineral Foundation (DMF), Sundargarh, Odisha.	217.92
7.	PMC for Infrastructure Development Works at Mizoram University and Pachhunga University College, Aizawl, (Phase II) (Deposit basis).	Mizoram University, Tanhril, Aizawl.	118.55

#### Major Projects under implementation in India & Abroad

- Engineer-3 Project (Phase – II), Oman at a value of USD 503.605 Million.
- Construction and Development of New Polytechnic Institutes / Engineering Colleges in the State of Jharkhand, Strengthening of existing Technical Institutes and other Infrastructural Development works at a value of Rs.539.28 crores.

- Project Management & Execution Consultant for setting up of Medical College and Hospital in Sundergarh District, Odisha at a value of Rs. 417.77 crores.
- Construction of Border Out Posts for Border Security Force along the Indo-Bangladesh Border in Mizoram & Tripura at a value of Rs. 375.00 crores.
- PMC for Construction of Medical College Campus for 100 MBBS Admission Annually (500 Bedded) at Rudrapur at a value of Rs.336.89 crores.
- Augmentation of Fuel & Flux Crushing Facilities (Pkg. no. 064) of Bhilai Steel Plant, Bhilai at a value of Rs. 317.84 crores.
- Flue Gas Desulphurization (FGD) System Package for Ramagundam Super Thermal Power Station, Stage III (1x500mw), Ramagundam Rs.277.38 crores.
- Construction of Border Road / Fence along Indo- Bangladesh Border, Mizoram at a value of Rs. 259.06 crores.
- Construction, Up-gradation and other related works from Concept to Completion for the Sundargarh District in the State of Odisha. - Road & Bridges Works (On PMC Basis) at a value of Rs.250.00 crores.
- Construction of Entire Campus of National Institute of Pharmaceutical Education & Research (NIPER) at Guwahati at a value of Rs.207.07 crores.
- Rehabilitation and Up-Gradation of Road (Total Length 16.290 Km) of Manu - Lalchara Section on NH 44A in the State of Tripura at value of Rs.166.94 crores.
- Procurement, Supply, Construction, Erection and Commissioning on EPC lumpsum (LSTK) Basis for Rare Earth Permanent Magnet (REPM) Plant at BARC, Vishakhapatnam at a value of Rs.164 crores.
- Construction of Modernized and Technologically Advanced Work Centers and other Buildings for Offices and State-of- The-Art Research & Development Centre at ALIMCO, Kanpur and Construction of Auxiliary Production Unit at Ujjain at a value of Rs.129.28 crores.
- Construction of District Head Quarters Hospital with 100 bedded Mother Child Hospital at Kendrapara at a value of Rs.115.52 crores.
- Construction of New Technology Centre for MSME (GoI) at Vallam Vadagal, Sriperumbudur, Tamilnadu at a value of Rs.109.68 crores.
- Development of Command Control Centre, Auditorium Convention Hall & Tribal Museum through turnkey (Architectural Planning with Design & Execution) basis at ABD area in Rourkela at a value of Rs.104.25 Crs.
- Upgrading Uruvachal- Manakkai- Valayal- Kezhallur- Therur- Cholokkari- Nerammal- Maruthayi Road for a Length of 18.46 Km in Kannur District at a value of Rs.100.43 crores.

## Projects Completed in India:

The Company has completed following major projects:

- Construction of First Phase (B+G+IV) of Administrative Building of New Town Kolkata Development Authority, New Town, Kolkata.
- Construction of Residential/ Non Residential Accommodation for 22 Assam Rifles (Now 34 AR) at Telliamura, Tripura.
- Establishment of RGCB Bio Innovation Centre at Akkulam in Thiruvananthapuram, District, Kerala State (Phase- I).
- Interior Works at Assam Water Centre, Basistha, Guwahati.
- Project Management Consultant for the Work “ Protection of Balat village from the Erosion of River Umngi in South West Khasi Hills District, Meghalaya Under Phase - II”
- Supply, Installation, Testing and Commissioning of 3.15 MVA, 33/11 KV Plinth Mounted Substation for OMFED Plant at Arilo-Govindpur, Dist. Cuttack, Odisha.
- Laying of Synthetic Athletic Track at Regional Sports School, Karimnagar. (On Deposit Work Basis).
- Construction of 32 Nos. Type-II Accommodation in 04 Nos. Blocks of (G+III) Including Infrastructural Development Works for ARC & MC at Laitkor, Meghalaya.
- Construction of 04 Nos. Type - V Accommodation in 01 Blocks of (G+I) and 01 No. Type VI (G+I) Including Infrastructural Development Works for Assam Rifles at Srikona, Assam.
- Construction of Building Works & Miscellaneous Repair Works at ARC & MC at Laitkor, Meghalaya.
- Construction of 32 Nos. Type-II Quarters (G+III) in 04 Nos. Blocks Along With Allied Service & Development Works for AR BN at Srikona, Assam.
- Construction of CSD Buildings and Recreation Room alongwith Development Works for HQ IGAR (E) at Srikona, Assam.
- Construction of Hospital Building with Development works for Assam Rifles Battalion at Srikona (Assam).
- Construction of 01 No. Family Welfare Centre Including Allied Works for Assam Rifles Battalion at Lunglei, Mizoram.
- Construction of 06 Nos. Single Men Barrack in 02 Nos. Block Along With Development Works for AR BN Srikona, Assam.

## 5. ORDER BOOK POSITION

At the end of the financial year 2021-22, the balance work in hand of (113 Nos.) projects under execution is Rs.8785.69 crores.

## 6. PERFORMANCE RATING UNDER MOU

The performance of the Company has been rated “Poor” by the Department of Public Enterprise (DPE) in terms of MoU signed by the Company with the Government for the year 2020-21.

## 7. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

EPI is committed to follow good corporate governance practices in conducting business in a legal, ethical, and transparent manner. The Company believes that good corporate governance practices in the long term leads to creation of wealth for all its stakeholders. Your Company has been complying with the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Department of Public Enterprise (DPE) and submit Quarterly and Annual Compliance Reports to Ministry of Heavy Industries (MHI).

Management Discussion and Analysis Report and Report on Corporate Governance are annexed as **Annexure A** and **B** respectively to this Directors’ Report.

## 8. CREDIT RATING

The Rating Committee of CRISIL, has revised the long-term rating for Line of Credit (LOC) from “ICRA A” to “CRISIL BBB”. The Outlook on the long-term rating is Stable. The Rating Committee of CRISIL has revised the short-term rating for the LOC at “CRISIL A3 +”.

## 9. VIGILANCE ACTIVITIES

Vigilance Division ensures at its end that all function/s of the organization should be carried out with complete transparency, accountability & integrity. This Division investigates all verifiable allegations/facts reported to it through various means and also recommends necessary action/s to prevent corrupt practice.

Periodic inspections of the projects are carried out & their reports are being sent to the management, pointing out shortcomings (if any) in the procedure/s followed in ‘Award of Works’, Site works and Supply etc. along with the suggestion/s for systemic improvement/s. A number of new initiatives have been taken to enhance the transparency in operations during the period and instructions have been issued from time to time to various offices to comply with CVC’s directions. Whistle Blower Policy is being implement in your Company in the right earnest.

“Vigilance Awareness Week – 2021” was observed in your Company from 26.10.2021 to 01.11.2021 in its various offices/sites as per the directions of CVC.

On the occasion of “Vigilance Awareness Week” Your Company’s Vigilance Division organized a lecture on “Self Reliance with Accountability and Integrity” at Corporate Office, New Delhi on 26.10.2021. This lecture was addressed by Dr. Praveen Kumari Singh, Addl. Secretary, Central Vigilance Commission and was concluded with an interactive session.

On this occasion the following programmes were organized for all employees/consultants/contract employees and their families:

a) *Essay Competition on “Independent India @ 75: Self Reliance with Integrity”*

b) Poster Competition on “Role of Citizens to Eradicate Corruption”

c) Slogan Competition on “Independent and Self-Reliant India”

During the year 2021-22, out of 22 complaints (1 at the beginning of the year and 21 received during the year), 22 vigilance cases have been disposed off and One case (Disciplinary Proceedings for major penalty) had also been disposed off. No Complaints were pending as on 31.03.2022.

## 10. HUMAN RESOURCE

Company focuses on development of its human resources. To keep pace with the new emerging trends in the field of project execution, it trains its manpower in the emerging fields. Employees are being sponsored for in house and outside training programs, seminars and workshops to enhance technical, communication and personal skills from time to time at various levels. Company focuses on welfare of its employees including minorities and women employees and made all efforts to retain its present manpower. Social security scheme like Post Retirement Medical Benefit, Provident Fund, Gratuity, Group Accidental Insurance and Benevolent Fund Scheme are in place in the Company.

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, Company had a work force of 270 employees, which included 32 women employees. Out of 270 employees, 241 employees are technically and professionally qualified.

## 11. SC/ST PERSONNEL

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, No. of ST persons are 11; out of which 10 are male and 01 is female employee and No. of SC persons are 48; out of which 45 are male and 03 are female employees.

## 12. PHYSICALLY CHALLENGED PERSON

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, No. of physically challenged persons were 02 which constituted 0.74% of the total strength.

All Presidential Directives with regard to reservation of SC/ST/OBC/PWD issued from time to time are being followed by the Company.

## 13. PROPAGATION OF RAJBHASHA/HINDI

Following initiatives / steps are taken for propagation of Rajbhasha/Hindi:

A Smriti Puraskar Yojana “Swargiye Shankar Dayal Singh” has been introduced and implemented since September 2013 in order to encourage the employees to come forward and participate in various Hindi competitions being organized in the annual function of “Hindi Divas” / “Hindi Pakhwada Samaroh” in the month of September every year. Winner receiving the maximum number of prizes shall be entitled to the Puraskar/ Shield under the scheme.

Section 3 (3) of Official languages Act, 1963 (as amended, 1967) has been uploaded on your company website in April 2013 which emphasizes mandatory usage of Hindi and English language in various works of the Company.

Hindi progress Report for all the quarters is now being sent online to the Ministry of Home Affairs, (Deptt. of O.L), Rajbhasha Vibhag from April 2013 onwards as per the instructions issued by the Ministry vide their letter dated 16<sup>th</sup> April 2013.

Hindi Workshops ('Karyashalas') are conducted on a quarterly basis to generate awareness among the employees regarding importance of Rajbhasha.

Your Company is a member of NARAKAS (Nagar Rajbhasha Karayanvyan Samiti) and nominations are sent on regular basis in the month of October / November every year for participation in various programmes and competitions (In Hindi) organized by NARAKAS.

Hindi Divas / "Hindi Pakhwara" is being celebrated from 01<sup>st</sup> September to 14<sup>th</sup> September every year in which various competitions for employees are being organized in Hindi like Writing competition, Poem Recitation, Chitra Abhivaykti, Dictation, Noting-Drafting, Hastakashar, Debate, Quiz etc.

Contribution of Hindi writing in any form viz. Article/ Essay on behalf of your company to various PSUs is being done on regular basis.

In the year 2016, your company got special appreciation for implementation of Rajbhasha by our ministry and as well as official language department of Govt. of India. The Third Sub Committee of the Hon'ble Parliamentary Committee on official language has inspected the implementation of Rajbhasha in your company, Corporate Office during January 2021.

As per the official language policy the website of our office is ready in bilingual format. This is the major achievement of Rajbhasha implementation.

During the year under the aegis of Central Hindi Training Institute in your company, " Parangat Classes" were organized in the Corporate Office in which 17 officers/employees of the company received training. Cash amount was given to the trainees on their passing.

NARAKAS (Nagar Rajbhasha Karayanvyan Samiti) Official Language Implementation Committee (Undertaking-1) Delhi,"Memoir Writing" competition was organized on 14<sup>th</sup> December, 2021. In which 16 participants from member undertakings participated.

#### **14. DISCLOSURE ABOUT COMPLIANCES UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT THE WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013**

Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013, Act aims to provide protection against sexual harassment of women at workplace and for the prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. The provisions of the Act and the rules thereon are being strictly complied with.

The Company has constituted a Committee for redressal of sexual harassment at workplace and for ensuring time bound treatment of such complaints. However, one complaint has been received during the year and it has been disposed off within one month.

#### **15. PUBLIC PROCUREMENT POLICY FROM MICRO & SMALL ENTERPRISES (MSMEs)**

Public Procurement Policy, 2012 rests upon core principles of competitiveness, adhering to sound procurement practices and execution of orders for supply of goods or services in accordance with a system which is fair, unbiased, transparent, competitive and cost effective.



Your Company believes in promoting comprehensive growth and equitable development of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. Their participation is enhanced by providing tender documents free of cost, exempting them from payment of Earnest Money Deposit, adopting e-procurement to bring in transparency in tendering process.

The Government of India has notified a Public Procurement Policy for Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) Order, 2012. The total procurement (Goods & Services) made from MSEs during FY 2021-22 was Rs. 7.83 crore which was 21.28% of the total procurement (Goods & Services) of Rs. 36.79 crore. The total procurement percentage made from MSEs owned by SC/ST and Women entrepreneurs during the year 2021-22 was 0.14% and 1.30% respectively.

The MSME vendor registered on MSME Sambandh Portal is 242 till March 2022 end. All RO's/PCO of EPI have given access to MSME Samadhaan Portal to expedite the complaints registered by MSME vendors on MSME Samadhaan Portal.

Your Company has on-board on Trade Receivable electronic Discounting System (TReDS) through RXIL Portal since Nov 2018. Further your Company is encouraging their respective MSME vendors to register themselves on RXIL platform (TReDs).

## 16. POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

CMD is appointed in the revised schedule "B" scale of pay of Rs 1,80,000 -3,20,000 (IDA), Directors are appointed in the revised schedule "B" scale of pay of Rs. 1,60,000 -2,90,000/- of IDA pattern. Their terms and conditions are fixed by the Ministry of Heavy Industries (MHI).

## 17. ECONOMY IN ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENDITURE

During the year, instructions of Government on various economy measures are adhered to.

## 18. DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL WHO WERE APPOINTED OR HAVE RESIGNED DURING THE YEAR

Chairman-cum-Managing Director (CEO); Director (Finance) (CFO), Functional Director(s) and Company Secretary are declared as Key Managerial Personnel (KMP).

### Directors/Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) appointed during the year 2021-22

Name of Director/KMP	Designation	Tenure
Smt. Nidhi Chhibber	Director	w.e.f. 15.06.2021
Shri. Kapil Mohan Saxena	Chief Finance Officer (CFO)	w.e.f. 02.07.2021
Shri. R. P. Singh	Director (Finance) (A/C)	w.e.f. 18.10.2021
Shri. Rajesh Kumar	Director	w.e.f. 01.11.2021
Shri. Vinod Kumar Yadav	Director	w.e.f. 02.11.2021
Smt. Akanksha Pare Kashiv	Director	w.e.f. 02.11.2021

**Directors/Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) ceased/ resigned during the year 2021-22**

Name of Director/KMP	Designation	Tenure
Late P M Chandraiah	Director (Finance)	Upto 30.04.2021
Smt. Sukriti Likhi	Director	Upto 15.06.2021
Smt. Neelam S. Kumar	Director	Upto 31.10.2021
Shri. Kapil Mohan Saxena	Chief Finance Officer (CFO)	Upto 31.03.2022

Further details of Directors/ KMP and changes therein subsequent to the close of the financial year are given in Report in Corporate Governance.

**19. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

As required under section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors hereby confirm:

- That in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- That the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company for the year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- That proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- That the annual accounts has been prepared on a going concern basis; and
- That the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

**20. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR U/S 149 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

During the financial year, both the Independent Directors have met the requirements specified under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 for holding the position of 'Independent Director' and necessary declaration from each Independent Director under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 was received.

**21. NO. OF MEETINGS**

During the year 2021-22, Four (4) Meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Details of Board and Board Sub-Committee Meetings are given in Report on Corporate Governance annexed with this report at **Annexure B**.

**22. SUBSIDIARY COMPANY/ ASSOCIATES/ JOINT VENTURES**

**Subsidiary Company:**

A subsidiary Company was incorporated on 19<sup>th</sup> May 2016 as "EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited" (EPIUIDL) with paid up capital of Rs. 10 lakhs consisting of equity participation of 51% by EPI,

39% by M/s. Bharat Urban Infra Developers Pvt. Ltd., Solapur (BUIDPL) and 10% by M/s Darashaw & Co. Pvt. Ltd. (DCPL), Mumbai for development of land parcels etc.

A summary winding up petition in respect of EPIUIDL under Section 361 of the Companies Act 2013 was filed in September 2018 which has been taken up for hearing by Regional Director (North), MCA on 21.04.2022. During hearing it was informed that the case matter is not fit for summary procedure for liquidation under said section and your Company may take the other course of action available under the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly an application for Striking Off the name of the EPIUIDL under Section 248(1)(a) of the Company Act 2013 has been filed to the Director General of Corporate Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 23.05.2022.

## 23. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pursuant to provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Accounting Standard- 21, the Company has prepared its Consolidated Financial Statements including that of Subsidiary Company i.e. EPIUIDL, which shall be placed at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM) along with the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year 2021-22.

A statement containing salient features of the financial statements of Subsidiaries/ Associate Companies/ Joint Ventures in Form AOC-1 is attached with the Financial Statements.

## 24. AUDITORS

### a) Statutory and Branch Auditors

The Statutory and Branch Auditors of the Company appointed by Comptroller and Auditor General of India (C&AG) for the year 2021-22 are as under-

S. No.	Name of the Firm	Region
1.	M/s. GSK & Associates LLP, New Delhi	Statutory Auditors- Corporate Office & Consolidation
<b>Branch Auditors :</b>		
1.	M/s. Goel Garg & Co., Delhi	Northern Region Branch Auditors
2.	M/s. Jain Saraogi & Co., Kolkata	Eastern Region & North Eastern Region Auditors
3.	M/s. Bathiya & Associates LLP, Mumbai	Western Region Branch Auditors
4.	M/s. G C Daga & Co., Chennai	Southern Region Branch Auditors
5.	M/s MHMY, Oman	Oman Branch Auditors
6.	M/s AccFirst Partners, Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Branch Auditors
7.	M/s Daw Me Me Soe, Myanmar	Myanmar Branch Auditors

### b) Secretarial Auditor

The Company has appointed M/s. MNK and Associates LLP as Secretarial Auditor for the Year 2021-22 in compliance to the provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9(1) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

Secretarial Standards issued by ICSI:

During the year, Company has complied with applicable Secretarial Standards to the extent it is possible.

**c) Cost Auditor**

In accordance with Ministry of Corporate Affairs, notification dated 31.07.2018, Cost accounts and records specified under section 148(1) of Companies Act, 2013, are made and maintained.

The Company has appointed M/s. A. G. Agarwal & Associates as Cost Auditor for the financial year 2021-22 in compliance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

During the year, Cost accounts and records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been properly maintained and complied with.

**25. EXPLANATION OR COMMENTS BY THE BOARD ON EVERY QUALIFICATION, RESERVATION OR ADVERSE REMARK OR DISCLAIMER MADE BY STATUTORY AUDITOR AND SECRETARIAL AUDITOR**

**STATUTORY AUDIT REPORT**

The Statutory Audit Report for the year 2021-22 and reply to comments on accounts, if any, is annexed to this report.

**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

The Secretarial Audit Report for the year 2021-22 and reply to comments, if any, is annexed to this report.

**26. PARTICULARS OF LOAN, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013**

During the year 2021-22, no loan, guarantee or investment under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been made.

**27. DISCLOSURE OF PARTICULARS**

In accordance with the provisions of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo is detailed as under:

**27.01 Energy Efficiency and its Conservation –**

In its offices and in various projects that have been entrusted to it for execution, your company has always attached great importance to the use of energy-efficient devices in order to harm the ecology and the environment as little as possible. To save energy, your company implements BMS in the HVAC system, LED light for lighting, sensor based lighting, automatic on/off for outdoor lighting through timer, DG set synchronization, solar street lights, use of the solar system as an alternative energy source, automation in industrial projects for more efficiency and lower consumption. EPI installed a grid-connected solar system on the roof of its corporate headquarters.

We save energy in distribution lines to reduce losses from PMC / EPC contracts according to the following practices:

- a) **Balancing of phase load:** Due to the uneven load of each phase sequence, the components will cause the transformer, cable, circuit, and motor to overheat resulting to increase in losses and motor failure under asymmetric voltage conditions.
- b) **Energy Conservation by using power factor controller:** A low power factor will cause an increase in current, which leads to an increase in losses and a decrease in voltage. We use Power Factor Controller or Automatic Power Factor Controller Devices.
- c) **Automation by PLC:** We implement raw material processing industrial projects through PLC fully automatic technology.
- d) **Use of Soft Starter:** Soft starters help to limit starting current and ensure smooth start and stop of conveyor belts and HT equipments.
- e) **Building Management System** for various Airport and Data Centre Projects.
- f) **Limiting Voltage Drop** at receiving end of equipments to avoid losses.

#### 27.02 Technology Absorption

##### a) **Research and Development**

Given the nature of the company's job, there is limited space for R&D operations because your company executes jobs based on client requirements. However, EPI has actively provided cutting-edge technology such as Prefab Technology, Glass Fiber Reinforced Gypsum (GFRG) System, Light Gauge Sheet Framed Structure (LGSF System), neutral technology in addition to conventional RCC Framed Structure i.e. precast, modular monolithic concreting using Aluma formwork system, and so on for faster and more cost-effective construction.

Your company has designed in-house for setting-up a Data Centre of Cert-In consisting of 40 Racks.

##### b) **Technology Absorption**

The company is constantly striving to improve construction technology and engineering. In Smart Cities Mission (SCM) projects i.e. affordable housing, integrated multimodal transport, creation and maintenance of open spaces, waste and traffic management, modernization of train stations and airports are being implemented.

Your company has developed a border surveillance infrastructure and system for international projects that uses a combination of physical and electronically controlled barriers, real-time screen surveillance with an intelligence system that uses sensors, fiber optic cables and HRC cameras that monitor the international border for infiltration/trafficking.

##### c) **Information Technology and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)**

Your company has completed "Implementation of ERP-SAP (PS-Project System, MM- Material Management and SD- Sales & Distribution) at our corporate office/ RO at New Delhi and

other Regional Offices at Kolkata, Chennai, Mumbai, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Oman and Srilanka”. Post –Implementation on-site support has also been completed on 30-09-2021 and Data Migration & successful integration testing has been completed in March 2022.

The company has taken advantage of IT leveraging and implemented Software applications for various functions such as e-Office has been successfully implemented for entire office to increase efficiency and improvement of transparency. Recently, formulation of Risk Management Policy for the organization has been conducted and implementation activities is going on.

The ERP-SAP for modules HR & Payroll, Financial Management and Document Management have been running successfully. Implementation of other modules (Project Systems, Material Management and Sales & Distribution) have also been completed.

Upgradation of Conference Room with new equipment of Video Conferencing has been installed and hard core video conferencing solution has been completely shifted to new environment.

### **27.03 Foreign exchange earnings and outgo**

During the year 2021-22, the Company earned a foreign exchange of Rs. 1,489 Lakhs against Rs. 27,565 Lakhs in the Financial year 2020-21. The expenditure incurred in Foreign Exchange is Rs.1,551 Lakhs in 2021-22 against Rs. 27,259 Lakhs in 2020-21.

## **28. QUALITY, HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT**

Your company have been awarded certificates for its Quality Management System, Environment Management System and Occupational Health and Safety Management System i.e. ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018 for all its areas of operations. Your company is one of the first few companies to have been awarded ISO/IEC 27001:2013 for Information Security Management System.

## **29. STATUTORY INFORMATION REGARDING EMPLOYEES AS REQUIRED UNDER COMPANIES ACT 2013**

Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder shall not apply to Government Companies in terms of Ministry of Corporate affairs notification dated 05<sup>th</sup> June 2015.

## **30. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) AND SUSTAINABILITY**

A report on Corporate Social Responsibility and Sustainability is attached as **Annexure C** to this Directors’ Report.

## **31. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL**

The Company has in place adequate internal controls over financial reporting for ensuring orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the company’s policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

### 32. CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

CEO/CFO Certification is attached with Report on Corporate Governance.

### 33. DEPOSITS

During the year 2021-22, company has not invited any Deposits covered under or which are not in compliance with the requirements of Companies Act, 2013.

### 34. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company has not entered into any contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. The particulars in Form AOC-2 as required under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8 of Companies(Accounts) Rules, 2014 is attached at **Annexure D**.

### 35. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

Other than those declared in Contingent liability in notes to accounts, no significant or material orders have been passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

### 36. ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) read with Section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 , a copy of the Annual Return of the Company is available on the website of the Company and can be accessed at [www.engineeringprojects.com](http://www.engineeringprojects.com)

### 37. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors acknowledge with deep sense of appreciation the cooperation and support received from Ministry of Heavy Industries and other Ministries and Organisations of the Government of India and State Governments. Your Directors express their gratitude to various Clients and Banks for the confidence reposed by them and appreciate the contribution of the sub-contractors, vendors and consultants in implementation of the projects. Your Directors are also thankful to the Government Auditors, Statutory Auditors, Secretarial Auditors, and Cost Auditors for their suggestions. Board would also like to convey their appreciation to all employees for valuable services and co-operation extended by them and are confident that they will continue to contribute their best towards achieving better performance in future.

**For and on behalf of the Board**

**Sd/-**

**(D.S. Rana)**

**Chairman & Managing Director**

**DIN: 07022825**

**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022**

**Place: New Delhi**

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

### Industry Structure and Development

Your Company is a construction company which caters to the infrastructure development of the Nation. Infrastructure is a key driver of the overall development of a country and more so in a developing economy like India.

Lack of adequate infrastructure not only holds back economic development, it also causes additional costs in terms of time, effort and money of the people for accessing essential social services such as healthcare and education. Thus, good quality infrastructure is important not only for faster economic growth but also to ensure an inclusive growth. Building up general infrastructure facilities helps the small enterprises to compete successfully with large-scale industries and being labor-intensive generate large employment opportunities for the workers. For development of infrastructure, your company focuses on initiating policies that would ensure time-bound creation of world class infrastructure in the country. The sector includes power, bridges, dams, roads, and urban infrastructure development. Currently, the construction industry is an important indicator of the development as it creates investment opportunities across various related sectors of India and contributes to more than 10% to the National GDP since many decades. It makes significant contribution to the national economy and provides employment to large number of people.

For development of Nation, Government has embarked upon many initiatives to boost the infrastructure in India in major sectors viz. Health sector, Infrastructure & logistics, Oil & Gas, Aerospace, Defence, Industrial products, Technology, Media & Telecom, Power and Mining etc.

Your Company is also putting its efforts in various big pool of opportunities by bagging many big projects viz.: Construction of New Medical College Buildings in various states of Maharashtra as a PMC, Empanelled your company for construction contractors / construction executing agencies with NAWADCO for providing services for development of Waqf Properties across India, EPC project from National Highway Authority of India and so on. All this will contribute to the development of industry and Nation as a whole.

In order to elevate its growth, your company has adopted the following strategies as part of the development plan:

- Strengthening the in-house design and engineering capability to meet the technical advancement and to cater the changes in the technology.
- Updating the work force to cater the project requirement.
- Selection of contractors based on skills and expertise.

As India aspires to become a USD 5 trillion economy by 2025, the country needs to spend about USD 1.4 trillion on infrastructure which is exemplified by increase in public spending on infrastructure and embarking on new modes of PPP financing. The three major themes of Union Budget 2021-22 - “Aspirational India to boost standard of living, economic development and building compassionate society” has given a big pool of opportunities for growth of Indian economy through infrastructure sector.



## SWOT Analysis

### STRENGTH AND WEAKNESS

The areas that your company need to focus upon/categorized as weaknesses of EPI can be summarized as follows:

- Limited design and engineering capability.
- No manufacturing capability of its own.
- Limited use of new age technologies in operational delivery.
- Lack of structured regulatory and policy framework, or well defined operating and financing regulations.
- No experience of execution of projects in BOT/DBFOT/PPP/HAM/BOOT modes.
- Low Investment Capability.
- Operate in highly competitive market.
- IT skills across the organization need enhancement.

However, your company is not just an organization, rather it's a symbol of fine tradition of over 50 years of engineering excellence in infrastructural development. It possesses certain inherent strengths like:

- Pan-India presence
- High employee productivity
- Trained Manpower expertise with proven competency in construction and project management.
- Capability for taking up multi-disciplinary Projects
- Offering wide range of services in all areas of construction related planning and engineering.
- EPI has the rare distinction of having worked for almost all Power utilities and Steel Plants in the Public Sector as well as in the Private Sector.
- EPI has been Pioneer in Project Exports and opened up avenues for other Indian contracting companies.
- EPI has executed several complex projects in Eastern Europe, Middle East, South Asia and India utilizing the state-of-the-art technology as per international standards.
- EPI is one of the first few companies to have been awarded certificates for its Quality Management System, Environment Management System and Occupational Health and Safety Management System i.e. ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015, ISO 45001:2018 and ISO/IEC 27001:2013.

Due to its vast experience and the quality of services rendered by your company, a number of Central Government Ministries and various State Governments are utilizing the services of EPI as their extended engineering arm.

Your company has identified various thrust areas for diversification through the following projects:

- a) Land Management Agency
- b) Railway projects including permanent way
- c) Waste Management System (Waste to Energy)
- d) Process & Technological projects including Data Center development, security & surveillance projects
- e) Smart City Projects
- f) Flue Gas Desulpharisation
- g) Warehouse & SILOS
- h) Water de-salination projects
- i) Port Development
- j) Tunneling
- k) Ropeways
- l) Multilevel parking

Further, the engineers of your company are attuned to the scheme of working as per International Standards as your company has executed many projects in overseas countries viz. Kuwait, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Maldives, Thailand, Yugoslavia, Bhutan, UAE and keep the momentum high to cater the best services.

### **OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS**

Your company faces following challenges and threats:

- Infrastructure market crowded with multiple players with deeper pockets.
- Move towards BOT projects not in line with conventional ways of EPI's working.
- Presence of established EPC players in Power, Ports, Telecom etc.
- Low entry barriers exist for EPC players in Irrigation and Water Supply and Sanitation sectors.
- New model qualifying bid document for PPP projects allows only the top 5 or 6 qualified applicants to be invited for participation.

However these challenges present new opportunities for the organization. The construction industry is the second largest industry in India after agriculture. It accounts for about 11% of India as GDP. There is robust demand in this sector. As India aspires to become a USD 5 trillion economy by 2024-25, the country needs to spend about USD 1.4 trillion on infrastructure which is exemplified by increase in public spending on infrastructure and embarking on new modes of PPP financing.

The Hon'ble Prime Minister under the 'Atmanirbhar Bharat' has laid great emphasis on a self-reliant India

wherein two out of the five pillars highlighted by him pertain to modern infrastructure and new technology driven methods. Your company is also putting its optimum efforts to be a key player in implementing the 'Atmanirbhar Bharat' vision by imbibing necessary changes and innovations in fulfilling the infrastructure needs of the country. As a prime Consultancy & Contracting Company, your company has proved its expertise and experience in virtually every needy sector. The company undertakes all its projects with a committed passion for excellence and full customer satisfaction. Your company, since its inception in 1970, has executed projects of diverse nature such as Hospital Cum Medical College Buildings, Institutional Complexes, Universities, Commercial Buildings, Housing Complexes, Bridges, Water Supply Systems, Canals, Infrastructure Development Works, Power Plants, Process Plants, Industrial Plants, Material Handling Systems and Sports Stadia etc.

Your company already has a good credential in Medical infrastructure through construction of medical colleges and hospitals. Your company has recently bagged the work for Construction of New Medical College Building at various states of Maharashtra as a PMC.

Further, your company shall envisage new ideas in planning and design of residential and institutional needs in view of the health concerns in future buildings by revamping its in-house and outsourced capacities to help the client organizations to have useful developments for them.

With emphasis on technology, digitization and emphasis on IT enabled services will get a boost. Your company has already forayed into establishing Data centers where computing and networking equipment is concentrated for the purpose of collecting, storing, processing, distributing or allowing access to large amounts of data. SMART city projects is seen as another opportunity by your company.

Your company has already positioned itself as a competent player in Surveillance. It has successfully implemented projects pertaining to electronic based security and surveillance to secure critical infrastructure and international borders. It has established its credentials in installing integrated perimeter solutions and CCTV.

With ever increasing focus on green economy and to accomplish the sustainable development goals, green technologies like the flue gas desulphurization (FGD) system will be in demand. With total installed thermal power capacity of over 2 lakh megawatt the estimated market potential of FGD system is around INR 1 lakh crores. Your company has already positioned itself in various tendering rounds as a serious contender in this field.

## SEGMENT WISE AND PRODUCT WISE PERFORMANCE

Housing & Building works including Hospital Projects segment has the highest contributor with 52.95% of share to the turnover of the Company during financial year 2021-22, followed by Industrial, Process Plant, Material Handling, Electrical and Border Management Projects segment whose percentage share is 27.06%. There is marginal increase in the percentage share of Transportation Structures Segment as compared to last year from 10.65% to 15.43%.

The table below presents the segment wise analysis of the operations of the company.

(Rs. in Crores)

Sl. No.	Segments of Projects	2019-20		2020-21		2021-22	
		Turnover	%	Turnover	%	Turnover	%
1	Housing & Building Works including Hospital Projects	481.78	36.05	328.93	40.83	389.82	52.95
2	Dams & Irrigation Projects	24.93	1.87	5.78	0.72	20.15	2.74
3	Industrial, Process Plant, Material Handling, Electrical and Border Management Projects	786.12	58.82	363.64	45.14	199.21	27.06
4	Water Supply & Environmental Schemes	25.11	1.88	12.34	1.53	1.89	0.26
5	Transportation Structures	4.87	0.37	85.81	10.65	113.62	15.43
6	Other Projects	13.78	1.03	9.12	1.13	11.48	1.56
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1336.59</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>805.62</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>736.17</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## OUTLOOK

The goal for the company is to become a profitable dividend paying company with a MoU Rating– ‘Excellent’. The long term vision is to become a ‘Mini Ratna Schedule-A Company’ with qualification of ‘Navratna’.

To realize the aforesaid goal and the vision, your company will focus on Increasing turnover and profitability, and reduction in its operating expenses. However for your company, low profit margin due to cut throat competition in civil construction projects is quite challenging. Hence your company is looking at entering into high technology area with higher profit margin. Where your company is facing difficulty in securing higher value projects in new areas due to lack of credentials/PQ criteria it is going for tie ups / association with reputed firms. Hence your company sees diversification as a way to secure the market position in the long term. With strengthening its core business your company is complementing its various sector-related services to emerge as a price and quality leader in the construction industry.

Diversification gives your company the flexibility to have higher margins since the market awareness may be low and the market may present high entry barriers for the competitors. Your company is looking to explore the following new areas of operation:

**SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS:** Your company is looking forward for opportunities to enter into a new filed related to software engineering by exploring the few development projects pertaining to designing and managing dashboards etc.

**RAILWAY STATION REDEVELOPMENT:** Your company has also taken up the Project Management Consultancy for the development/re-development of various railway stations at Indian Railway Stations Development Corporation (IRSDC) Ltd.

**WASTE TO ENERGY:** Your company intends to take up works in the field of waste to energy projects including operation & maintenance for various upcoming Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) / Reused Derived Fuel (RDF) operated waste to energy plants of various municipalities.

**WATER DESALINATION:** Your company is looking to participate in various sea water desalinization projects, thermal desalinization plant projects and industrial waste water treatment projects in India and abroad.

**PMC SERVICES OF INCOMPLETED PROJECTS:** Your company has the competence to act as a Project Management Consultant to the stalled/incomplete ventures and ensure their completion by engaging third party construction companies.

**SMART CITY:** Your company has the capability to participate in city improvement (retrofitting), city renewal (redevelopment) and city extension (Greenfield development), and in the application of technology, information and data like SMART metering, SMART buses, electric charging point components etc. to improve infrastructure and services.

**FLUE GAS DESULPHARIZATION(FGD) SYSTEM IN THERMAL PLANTS:** It entails construction of flue gas desulphurization system including erection, supervision, and pre-commissioning, commissioning, performance testing of equipment including all associated electrical, control & instrumentation, civil, structural and architectural works. Your company has marked its presence in this field by engaging itself as a contractor for the work of Design, Engineering, Manufacturing etc.covered under FGDfor Ramagundam super Thermal power station.

**WAREHOUSES & SILOS:** Your company is exploring project opportunities in the field of storage silos based on prior experience of executing concrete silos in India and abroad. Today both concrete and steel silos are being commonly used in industry to modernize the storage infrastructure.

In addition to the above areas, following works have also been vested to Your company:

- LOA received from National Highway Authority of India, New Delhi for widening to six lane of existing four lane Jetpur-Gondal-Rajkot Section from Km. 117.600 to Km. 185.00 on National Highway no. 27 in the state of Gujarat on EPC mode under Bharatmala Pariyojana. (Approx. value of work Rs. 1204.80 Cr.) JV with M/s Varah Infra Ltd. (EPI 51% : Varah 49%).
- Empanelled as consultant for implementation of PPP/EPC projects in Andaman and Nicobar Islands by Andaman and Nicobar Islands Integrated Development Corporation Ltd.
- Empanelled as construction contractors / construction as executing agencies with National Waqf Development Corporation Ltd., New Delhi for providing services for development of Waqf Properties across India.

Thus, the thrust is on developing a business development strategy which entails:

- Aggressive and focused marketing/ business development initiatives by encompassing more wide spread clientage and taking up high value projects to reduce our establishment expenditure.
- Emphasis on customer relations management (CRM).
- Technology tie ups / MoUs with OEMs / potential partners in fields mentioned above.
- Expression of Interest (EOI) with prospective clients.

## INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The company has adequate system of internal controls and documented procedures covering all financial and operating functions, in place. These have been designed to provide reasonable assurance with regard to maintenance of proper accounting controls, monitoring economy and efficiency of operation, protecting assets from unauthorized use or losses and ensuring reliability of financial and operational information. These controls are regularly reviewed for its efficiency and effectiveness.

## DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO THE OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

During the year 2021-22, the Company achieved operating turnover of Rs. 73617 Lakhs as against the previous year operating turnover of Rs. 80562 lakhs and made Profit (Loss) before Tax of Rs. (6231) Lakhs as against previous year's Profit (Loss) Before Tax of Rs. (4369) Lakhs. The Gross Margin of the year was Rs. (5665) Lakhs as compared to Rs. (3237) Lakhs in the previous year.

The net worth of the Company has decreased by Rs. 6506 Lakhs from Rs. 14854 Lakhs in the year 2020-21 to Rs. 8348 Lakhs in the year 2021-22.

Due to in adequacy of Profits and availability of cash, no Dividend for the year 2021-22 is recommended by the Board.

## MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT IN HUMAN RESOURCE, INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT, INCLUDING NUMBER OF THE PEOPLE EMPLOYED

Company's focus is on securing projects in India as well as in foreign countries especially in Middle East, Africa and South Asia. In order to facilitate achieving the target, Company is aiming to acquire best of the talents with specialized skills at each level for execution of the on-going projects as well as new projects. During the year 2021-22, No employee was recruited in the year 2021-22.

Also the Company makes all necessary efforts to develop technical and managerial skills of employees by conducting several in-house and external training programmes, seminars and workshops at all levels. In the financial year 2021-2022, 285 numbers of in-house training mandays was conducted and 21 numbers of external training mandays were conducted.

## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGICAL CONSERVATION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONSERVATION

### ● Environmental Protection & Conservation

EPI being a Project Management Consultancy & Construction Company lays special emphasis on actively pursuing FGD projects (Flue Gas Desulfurization) to decrease SO<sub>2</sub> level in air within permissible limits in Thermal Power Plants, provision of DS & DE system for settlement of dust particles for improving the air quality in Process Industry, provision of pressurized ventilation for improvement in working condition for human life in Tunnels & Sub-stations and Provision of STP (Sewage Treatment Plant)/ WTP (Water Treatment Plant) in Township and Hospital Projects.

To reduce pollution, extensive environmentally friendly and energy-saving measures such as the mandatory use of flyash bricks and Portland pozzolana cement, tree plantation, recycling of waste water/effluent

treatment system, renewable energy such as solar energy, light sensor, dimmable light, thermal insulation, and spraying of water through tanker during construction at site are implemented. The company also takes different environmental measures, such as noise control, oil and grease leakage management, water waste control, smoking control, and so on, as well as planting trees. The company used Green Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment (GRIHA) standards in project execution, which resulted in environmental conservation as well as energy savings. At various project sites, environment friendly equipment such as solar lights that require no maintenance are also being installed.

- **Technological Conservation**

As part of Technological Conservation, your company began using the following methodology to reduce construction costs and time, as well as environmental pollution:

- Use of excavated material, such as limestone/clinkers, for sand dunes stabilization, road construction, fence foundation, and so on.
- Sewage treatment with zero discharge, including online treatment with recycling, eco sanitization for desalination, and efficient microorganism technology.
- Adoption of rapid monolithic disaster proof technology in mass housing construction and other construction projects.
- Waste water treatment to improve the quality of water so that it can be used by a specific end user, such as drinking, irrigation, or industrial purposes.

- **Foreign exchange conservation**

The Company always endeavor for conservation of foreign exchange. For domestic requirements, indigenously manufactured materials and machinery is procured which restricts the outflow of foreign exchange from the Company. New technologies, engineering innovations, etc. are adopted for in-house development of design.

For optimal utilisation of technologies and installation of modern production and processing facilities in India, suitable modification /adaptation of the machinery, equipment & facilities from indigenous sources of foreign based technological design are procured. All the processes are put through rigorous testing and trials for adaptation for operating under rigors of Indian conditions. The outgo of foreign exchange has been minimized through assimilation of advanced design & technical features using Indian expertise in detailed engineering, manufacturing & assembly of facilities based on new technologies and know-how developed abroad.

### Cautionary Statement

Statement in this management discussion and analysis report describing the Company's objectives, projections and expectations may be forward looking statements within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results might differ substantially or materially from those expressed or implied, important developments that could affect the company's operations include a downtrend in the infrastructure sector, significant changes in economic environment in India, exchange rate fluctuations, tax, laws, litigation and labour relation.

## REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### 1. THE COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

“Enhancing stakeholder value” is enshrined in the Mission/Vision statement of the Company. The Company firmly believes that good corporate governance generate value on a sustained basis for all stakeholders. Corporate Governance is primarily concerned with transparency, full disclosure of material facts, independence of Board and fair play with all the stakeholders. The philosophy of Engineering Projects (India) Limited, on Corporate Governance is as follows:

*“To exercise professionalism and be effective, responsive and transparent in order to create value for all the stakeholders of the company.”*

### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### (A) Composition of the Board

All the Directors on the Board of EPI are appointed by the President of India through Administrative Ministry (i.e. Ministry of Heavy Industries).

The Board of EPI comprises 3 Functional/Whole Time Directors, 2 Government Nominee Directors and 2 Independent Directors. As on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, One positions of Director (Finance) and One position of Independent Director were lying vacant. Administrative Ministry is seized/capped of the above position.

#### (B) Details of the composition of the Board of Directors, category of the Director, attendance at the Board Meeting & Annual General Meeting (AGM) and other Directorships during the financial year 2021-22 are given below:

Name of Directors	Category	Board Meeting Attended	Attendance at the last AGM held on 28.12.2021 (Adjourned on 31.12.2021)	No. of Directorships in Other Public Companies (excluding EPI)	Tenure
<b>(a) Whole Time / Functional Directors (including Additional Charge)</b>					
<b>Shri D. S. Rana</b> DIN: 07022825	Chairman & Managing Director	4/4	Yes	2 <sup>#</sup> (CCI & B&R)*	w.e.f. 19.09.2019
<b>Shri H. N. Thakur</b> DIN: 08592663	Director (Projects)	4/4	Yes	NA	w.e.f. 21.10.2019 till 30.06.2022
<b>Shri Raj Pal Singh</b> DIN: 08750557	Director (Finance) [Addl. Charge]	3/3	Yes	1 (CCI)*	w.e.f. 18.10.2021
<b>Late P M Chandraiah</b> DIN: 06970910	Director (Finance)	NA	NA	NA	w.e.f. 16.10.2020 till 30.04.2021



<b>(b) Govt. Nominees/ Part-Time Official Directors</b>					
<b>Smt. Nidhi Chhibber</b> Additional Secretary (AS), MHI DIN: 03588215	Director	4/4	No	4 (NEPA, TMTL, REIL, CCI)*	w.e.f 15.06.2021 till 30.06.2022
<b>Shri Rajesh Kumar</b> Chief Controller of Accounts (CCA), MHI DIN: 09403746	Director	1/2	Yes	3 (HEC, TMTL, B&R)	w.e.f. 01.11.2021
<b>Smt. Neelam S. Kumar</b> Chief Controller of Accounts (CCA), MHI DIN: 08220197	Director	0/2	NA	3 (HECL, HMTMTL, B&R)*	w.e.f. 23.08.2018 till 31.10.2021
<b>Smt. Sukriti Likhi</b> Addl. Secretary, MHI DIN: 01825997	Director	0/0	NA	3 (TMTP, CCI, NEPA Ltd.)*	w.e.f. 16.11.2018 till 15.06.2021
<b>(c) Independent Director/Part Time (Non-Official) Director</b>					
<b>Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav</b> Part Time Non-Official Director DIN: 06375196	Director	2/2	Yes	Nil	w.e.f 02.11.2021
<b>Smt. Akanksha Pare</b> Part Time Non- Official Director DIN: 09394630	Director	2/2	Yes	Nil	w.e.f 02.11.2021

#Administrative Ministry i.e. Ministry of Heavy Industries (MHI) had entrusted the additional Charge of the post of CMD of CCI & B&R during the year.

**\*Abbreviations used:**

**B&R** - Bridge & Roof Company (India) Limited  
**HMTMTL** - HMT Machine Tools Ltd.  
**CCI** - Cement Corporation of India Limited

**HECL** - Heavy Engineering Corporation Ltd.  
**TMTP** - Tumakuru Machine Tool Park  
**REIL** - Rajasthan Electronics and Instruments Ltd

**Notes:**

Following changes took place in the Directorship during the year 2021-22 and thereafter till the date of this report:

1. MHI vide order no. 12-16/8/19-TSW (e-20153) dated 11<sup>th</sup> June 2021 had entrusted the Additional Charge of the post of Director (Finance), EPI to Shri D. S. Rana, Chairman & Managing Director, EPI for a period of three months with effect from 01.05.2021 upto 31.07.2021 or till regular incumbent

- joins or until further orders, whichever is the earliest. The additional charge was entrusted due to the sudden demise of Late P. M. Chandraiah, former Director (Finance) on 30.04.2021.
2. MHI vide order No. 12-16/8/2019-TSW (e20153) dated 11<sup>th</sup> October 2021 had entrusted the Additional Charge of the post of Director (Finance) to Shri Raj Pal Singh, General Manager (Finance & Accounts), BHEL for a period of Six Months w.e.f. date of assumption of charge or till regular incumbent joins, or until further orders, whichever is earliest. Shri R. P. Singh, Director (Finance) (A/C) assumed charge on 18<sup>th</sup> October 2021.
  3. MHI vide order no. 8-08(1)/2020-PE-VIII (E-21792) dated 15.06.2021 had nominated Smt. Nidhi Chhibber, IAS (CG:1994), Additional Secretary, Department of Heavy Industry (DHI) as the Government Nominee Director in EPI vice Smt. Sukriti Likhi, IAS (HY:1993), former Additional Secretary, DHI.
  4. MHI vide Order No. 8-08(1)/2020-PE-VIII/CPSE-III (E-21792) dated 01<sup>st</sup> November 2021 nominated Shri Rajesh Kumar, CCA, Ministry of Heavy Industries as the Government Nominee Director in Engineering Projects (India) Limited (EPIL) vice Smt. Neelam S. Kumar, former CCA, Ministry of Heavy Industries.
  5. MHI vide Order No. 8-08(1)/2020-PE-VIII/CPSE-III(E-21792) dated 02<sup>nd</sup> November 2021 had appointed two Part Time Non-Official Directors (Independent Directors) viz. Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav and Smt. Akanksha Pare Kashiv on the Board of EPI for a period of three years with effect from the date of notifications of their appointment or until further orders, whichever is earlier.
  6. MHI vide Order No. 8-08(1)/2020-PE-VIII/CPSE-III(E-21792) dated 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022 nominated Dr. Renuka Mishra, Economic Adviser, MHI as the Government Nominee Director in Engineering Projects (India) Limited (EPIL) vice Smt. Nidhi Chhibber, former Additional Secretary, MHI.
  7. Consequent upon the superannuation of Shri H.N. Thakur, Director (Projects) on 30.06.2022, MHI vide Order No. 12-16/3/2022-TSW(e-24734) dated 23<sup>rd</sup> June 2022 had entrusted the additional Charge of the post of Director (Projects) to Shri D. S. Rana, Chairman & Managing Director, EPI for a period of three months w.e.f. 01<sup>st</sup> July 2022 to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2022 or till a regular incumbent joins or until further orders, whichever is the earliest.

### (C) Board Procedure

The Board of Directors play primary role in ensuring good governance and functioning of the Company. The meetings of the Board are normally held at the Company's Registered Office in New Delhi. The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss the physical and financial progress of the Company. The Board periodically reviews the compliance status of applicable laws. The agenda notes for the meeting are prepared by the concerned officials and approved by the Functional Directors including Chairman and Managing Director before being sent to all the Directors. The Company Secretary ensures that all relevant information, details and documents are made available to the Directors and senior management for effective decision making at the meetings. The decisions are taken by the Board of Directors after deliberations.

**(D) Number of Board Meetings:**

During the year 2021-22, Four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held, the details of which are given below:

Sl. No.	Date of Meeting	Board Strength	No. of Directors Present
1.	02.07.2021	4	3
2.	29.10.2021	5	4
3.	22.11.2021	7	7
4.	11.03.2022	7	6

**(E) Meeting of Independent Directors**

Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide Notification dated 5<sup>th</sup> July, 2017 has exempted Government Companies from applicability of clause (a) and (b) of sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph VII of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 which requires that the Independent Directors in their separate meeting shall review the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole and performance of the Chairperson of the company, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors.

In compliance to Schedule IV of Companies Act, 2013- Code for Independent Directors, a Separate Meeting of Independent Directors was held on 11<sup>th</sup> March 2022 at EPI's Corporate Office, New Delhi (without the attendance of functional Directors, Government Directors or members of the management). In this meeting, Independent Directors assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

**(F) Brief Resume of the Directors on the Board of the Company as on date of this Report:**

**(i) Shri Dharendra Singh Rana, Chairman & Managing Director and Director (Projects)**

**Shri D.S. Rana** has assumed the charge of Chairman and Managing Director of Engineering Projects (India) Limited w.e.f September 19, 2019. Prior to this, he was working as Director (Infrastructure), Dedicated Freight Corridor Corporation of India Ltd (DFCCIL) since October 27, 2014. Shri Rana is a Civil Engineer with Post Graduate qualification in Project Management and belongs to 1986 batch of Indian Railway Service of Engineers and has held many positions in the Construction, Procurement & Vigilance wings of Central Railway.

Shri Rana was with DFCCIL right from the inception stage and was one of the first officers to quit the coveted Railway service and join the Company on permanent basis.

While working as CPM/Mumbai in DFCCIL, Shri Rana undertook many policy initiatives in the spheres of RRP & Compensation Matrix for affected PAPs to ensure land acquisition in highly

urbanized areas of Mumbai. He is also credited with obtaining a multitude of statutory Environmental Clearances for the project in Maharashtra, which led to timely Financial Closure of Phase-II leg of Western DFC, in partnership with JICA. A Treatise written by Shri Rana on Environmental & Social issues has been widely circulated to various Infrastructure Ministries & PSUs to serve as a hand book for the Project Managers.

**(ii) Shri Raj Pal Singh, Director (Finance)**

**Shri Raj Pal Singh** has been once again entrusted the Additional Charge of the post of Director (Finance), Engineering Projects (India) Ltd. vide MHI order dated 11<sup>th</sup> October 2021 and assumed charge on 18<sup>th</sup> October 2021. Shri Singh is the Commerce Graduate and Fellow Member of Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of India, Kolkata. Shri Singh has been associated with BHEL since 1987 and presently working as General Manager (Finance & Accounts) in Project Engineering and Management Division at BHEL Noida. He is having diverse experience of handling finance function of Manufacturing Plants, Project Execution Division, Industry Business vertical and logistic support group. During his tenure he took many system improvement related initiatives. He introduced GST in complex SAP environment with in house resources, web based billing and debtors management system etc. He has also implemented three tier e-budgeting system, overhauled estimation process, Centralised fund management system to improve working capital management. He also Chaired PF Trust and secured the best managed PF Trust award from EPFO, New Delhi on all India basis among exempted PF Trusts. Shri Raj Pal Singh is also holding additional charge of Director (Finance) of Cement Corporation of India (CCI), a Govt of India Enterprise.

**(iii) Dr. Renuka Mishra, Economic Adviser (EA), MHI and Part Time Official Director**

**Dr. Renuka Mishra** is an officer of Indian Economic Service (2003 Batch) and has been appointed as Part Time Official Director of EPI as nominee of Govt. of India pursuant to MHI Order dated 30.06.2022.

She has previously served in offices of Government of India at Office of Development Commissioner (MSME), Department of Economic affairs, Department of Commerce, Ministry of Overseas Indian Affairs and Department of Higher Education.

She has been regular author of many articles/papers published in various journals/magazines on the areas covering taxation, forestry, renewal energy, climate change and vulnerability of women.

Presently she is posted as Economic Adviser (EA) in Ministry of Heavy Industries (MHI), GOI.

**(iv) Shri Rajesh Kumar, Chief Controller of Accounts, MHI and Part Time Official Director**

**Shri Rajesh Kumar** has been appointed as Part Time Official Director of EPI as nominee of Govt. of India pursuant to MHI Order dated 01.11.2021. Shri Rajesh Kumar is an ICAS Officer of 1994 Batch with a Master Degree of Philosophy from Delhi University. Presently he is posted as Chief Controller of Accounts, Ministry of Heavy Industry, GOI.

**(v) Smt. Akanksha Pare, Part Time Non-Official Director**

**Smt. Akanksha Pare** has been appointed as Part Time Non Official Director on the Board of Company pursuant to MHI Order dated 02.11.2021. Smt. Akanksha Pare is a Post Graduate holding a Master Degree in Journalism and Mass Communication (MJMC) from Utrakhand Sanskrit University. She is having 15 years of experience in Journalism and Mass Communication and presently associated with 'Outlook Magazine' as Assistant Director. Earlier she was associated with Webdunia, Dainik Bhaskar, Malayalam Manorama (Vanita).

**(vi) Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav, Part Time Non-Official Director**

**Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav** has been appointed as Part Time Non Official Director on the Board of Company pursuant to MHI Order dated 02.11.2021. Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav is a B.Ed qualified from Purvanchal University, Juanpur, Uttar Pradesh.

**(G) Appointment of Directors**

Appointment of all Directors (including Part-Time Directors, Independent Directors and Women Directors) are done by The President of India through Administrative Ministry i.e. Ministry of Heavy Industries.

The appointed Directors are not subject to Retirement by Rotation in view of exemptions u/s 152(6) & (7) (i.e. Retirement of Director by Rotation) of the Companies Act, 2013 vide MCA notification dated 13<sup>th</sup> June 2017.

**3. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD**

The Board Committees play a crucial role in the governance structure of the Company and have been constituted to deal with specific areas / activities which concern the Company and need a closer review. The Board Committees are set up under the formal approval of the Board to carry out clearly defined roles which are considered to be performed by members of the Board, as a part of good governance practice. The Board supervises the execution of its responsibilities by the Committees and is responsible for their action. The Chairman of the respective Committee informs the Board about the summary of the discussions held in the Committee Meetings. The minutes of the meetings of all Committees and subsidiary company are placed before the Board for review. The Board Committees can request special invitees to join the meeting, as appropriate. The Board has currently established Committees as per Companies Act, 2013. Further the composition of committees has been reconstituted after the appointment of Independent directors.

**i. AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was reconstituted with changes in Directorship. Present Composition of Audit Committee is as under:

- |    |   |   |          |
|----|---|---|----------|
| 1. | Shri. Vinod Kumar Yadav, Independent Director   | - | Chairman |
| 2. | Smt. Akanksha Pare, Independent Director        | - | Member   |
| 3. | Shri. Rajesh Kumar, Part Time Official Director | - | Member   |

Director (Finance) will be permanent invitee to the meeting of Audit Committee.

**Notes:**

- Shri. Vinod Kumar Yadav is Chairman w.e.f 17.11.2021
- Smt. Akanksha Pare is Member w.e.f 17.11.2021
- Shri. Rajesh Kumar is Member w.e.f 17.11.2021
- Shri. D. S. Rana, Chairman & Managing Director was Member upto 16.11.2021
- Shri H. N. Thakur, Director (Projects) was Member upto 30.06.2022
- Smt. Neelam S. Kumar was Chairman upto 31.10.2021

During 2021-22, the Committee had two meetings on 22.11.2021 and 11.03.2022 and attendance details are as under-

Member	No. of Meetings held during their respective tenure	No. of Meetings attended
Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav - Chairman	2	2
Smt. Akanksha Pare- Member	2	2
Shri Rajesh Kumar-Member	2	2
Shri H. N. Thakur - Member	2	2

**Terms of Reference of Audit Committee**

The term of reference of Audit Committee is in line with the requirements of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance. The same has been revised in terms of Companies Act 2013 w.e.f. 21<sup>st</sup> July 2014 as follows:-

1. The Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the company.
2. Review and monitor the auditor’s independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
3. Examination of the financial statement and the auditors’ report thereon.
4. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the company with related parties.
5. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
6. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary.
7. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
8. Monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters, whenever applicable.
9. The Audit Committee may call for the comments of the auditors about internal control systems, the scope of audit, including the observations of the auditors and review of financial statement

before their submission to the Board and may also discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the company.

10. The Audit Committee shall have authority to investigate into any matter in relation to the items specified in section 177(4) of the Companies Act 2013 or referred to it by the Board and for this purpose shall have power to obtain professional advice from external sources and have full access to information contained in the records of the company.
11. The Audit Committee of the company or the Board shall, in consultation with the Internal Auditor, formulate the scope, functioning, periodicity and methodology for conducting the internal audit.
12. Oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
13. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
14. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - a. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
  - b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
  - c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
  - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
  - e. Compliance with legal requirements relating to financial statements;
  - f. Disclosure/ review of any related party transactions;
  - g. Qualifications in the draft audit report.
15. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval.
16. Reviewing, with the management, performance of internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems.
17. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit.
18. Discussion with internal auditors and/or auditors any significant findings and follow- up there on.
19. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors/ auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
20. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.

21. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of nonpayment of declared dividends) and creditors.
22. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower/Vigil mechanism.
23. To review the follow up action on the audit observations of the C&AG Audit.
24. To review the follow up action taken on the recommendations of Committee on Public Undertakings (COPU) of the Parliament.
25. Provide an open avenue of communication between the independent auditor, internal auditor and the Board of Directors.
26. Review with the independent auditor the co-ordination of audit efforts to assure completeness of coverage, reduction of redundant efforts, and the effective use of all audit resources.
27. Consider and review the following with the independent auditor and the management:
  - a. The adequacy of internal controls including computerized information system controls and security, and
  - b. Related findings and recommendations of the independent auditor and internal auditor, together with the management responses.
28. Consider and review the following with the management, internal auditor and the independent auditor:
  - a. Significant findings during the year, including the status of previous audit recommendations.
  - b. Any difficulties encountered during audit work including any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to required information.
29. The Audit Committee shall also have powers:
  - a. To investigate any activity within its terms of reference.
  - b. To seek information on and from any employee.
  - c. To obtain outside legal or other professional advice, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors.
  - d. To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.
  - e. To protect whistle blowers.
30. The Audit Committee shall review the following information:
  - a. Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
  - b. Statement of related party transactions submitted by management;
  - c. Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
  - d. Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;
  - e. The appointment and removal of the Chief Internal Auditor shall be placed before the Audit Committee; and
  - f. Certification/declaration of financial statements by the Chief Executive/ Chief Financial Officer



31. Any other function(s) as may be specified in Companies Act 2013 and rules made there under, and the DPE Corporate Governance Guidelines.

## ii. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) AND SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

The Company has constituted a Board Level Corporate Social Responsibility and Sustainability Committee, headed by an Independent Director on 15.03.2013 (reconstituted thereafter). The Committee has been constituted in accordance with provisions of the Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 read Rules with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility policy) Rules, 2014.

Presently, Committee has the following members:

- |    |   |   |          |
|----|---|---|----------|
| 1. | Smt. Akanksha Pare, Independent Director      | - | Chairman |
| 2. | Shri. Vinod Kumar Yadav, Independent Director | - | Member   |
| 3. | Shri R. P. Singh, Director (Finance)          | - | Member   |

### Notes:

- Smt. Akanksha Pare is Chairman w.e.f. 17.11.2021
- Shri. Vinod Kumar Yadav is Member w.e.f. 17.11.2021
- Smt. Neelam S. Kumar was Chairman up to 31.10.2021
- Late P M Chandraiah, Director (Finance) was Member up to 30.04.2021
- Shri R. P. Singh, Director (Finance) is Member w.e.f 17.11.2021
- Shri H. N. Thakur, Director (Projects) was Member upto 30.06.2022

During 2021-22, the Committee had a meeting on 22.11.2021 and the attendance details are as under-

Member	No. of Meetings held during their respective tenure	No. of Meetings attended
Smt. Akanksha Pare - Chairman	1	1
Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav-Member	1	1
Shri R. P. Singh – Member	1	1
Shri H. N. Thakur - Member	1	1

Details of activities undertaken by the Company under its CSR & Sustainability initiatives are given in CSR report attached as Annexure 'C' to Directors' Report.

## iii. REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Terms and conditions of appointment of Directors/Senior Management are governed by Government Guidelines/DPE Guidelines.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013 and DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance, a Remuneration committee has been constituted for deciding the annual

bonus/variable pay pool and policy for its distribution across executives and non-unionized supervisors. Presently, Committee has the following members:

1. Smt. Akanksha Pare, Independent Director - Chairman
2. Shri. Vinod Kumar Yadav, Independent Director - Member
3. Shri. Rajesh Kumar, Part Time Official Director - Member

#### Notes:

- Smt. Akanksha Pare is Chairman w.e.f. 17.11.2021
- Shri. Vinod Kumar Yadav is Member w.e.f. 17.11.2021
- Shri Rajesh Kumar is Member w.e.f. 17.11.2021
- Shri H. N. Thakur, Director (Projects) was Member up to 16.11.2021
- Smt. Neelam S. Kumar was Chairman up to 31.10.2021
- Late P M Chandraiah, Director (Finance) was Member up to 30.04.2021

During 2021-22, the Committee had a meeting on 03.03.2022 and the attendance details are as under-

Member	No. of Meetings held during their respective tenure	No. of Meetings attended
Smt. Akanksha Pare - Chairman	1	1
Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav-Member	1	1
Shri Rajesh Kumar - Member	1	1

#### 4. OTHER COMMITTEES

The following committees exist comprising of Senior Management Personnel of the Company (i.e. Below Board Level)-

##### SHARE TRANSFER COMMITTEE

The Company has a Share Transfer Committee to look into all the transfers, transmissions of Shares. The Share Transfer Committee consists of the Officials of the Company viz. Head of Finance Division, Head of Legal Division and Head of Contracts Division. No transfer of Shares took place during the year.

The Authorised and Paid-up share capital of the Company is Rs. 909.40 Crores (divided into 909,404,600 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each) and Rs.35.42 Crores (divided into 35,422,688 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each) respectively.

The shareholding pattern of the Company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 is as under:

S. No	Name of Shareholder	No. of Shares	% of holding
1.	The President of India Ministry of Heavy Industries, GOI	35415677	99.98
2.	Others(Includes 6 PSUs i.e. Heavy Engineering Corporation Limited, Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited, Mining & Allied Machinery Corporation Limited, Triveni Structural Limited, Instrumentation Limited, Hindustan Steelworks Construction Limited, and EPI Shareholders' Trust)	7011	0.02

MCA vide notification dated 22.01.2019 has exempted Government Companies from dematerialisation of Shares.

## RISK MANAGEMENT

Your Company has amended a Risk Management Policy as per ISO 31000:2018. Risk Management is an integral part of good management. The application of sound risk management allows for continual improvement and greater certainty in decision making. The end result is that there is a better chance that Organization objectives are met. Risk Management Policy has been developed to assist in establishing and maintaining an effective risk management framework for your Company.

The Key objectives of the Risk Mangement Policy is to ensure that all the current and future material risk exposures of the company are identified, assessed, quantified, appropriately mitigated and managed; to establish a framework for the company's risk management process and to ensure Companywide implementation; to ensure proactive rather than reactive management; to enable compliance with appropriate regulations, wherever applicable, through the adoption of best practices; to provide assistance to and improve the quality of decision making throughout the organization and to assure business growth with financial stability.

In accordance with the Risk Management Policy the Governance Structure consist of the Risk Management Committee (RMC), Chief Risk Officer (CRO), Risk Owners and Risk Coordinators (RO/RC) etc. The policy also defines the Roles and Responsibilities of Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Risk Management Committee (RMC), Chief Risk Officer (CRO), Risk Owners (RO), Risk Coordinators (RC) and Internal Auditors.

## 5. DISCLOSURES

- i) Details of the remuneration paid to the functional Directors and sitting fees paid to Independent Directors during the year 2021-22 are as under:

### A: Functional/Whole-time Directors:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name of Directors	Salary	Benefits	Performance Linked Incentives	Total
Shri. D. S. Rana, Chairman & Managing Director	49.47	0.51	-	49.98
Shri. H. N. Thakur, Director (Projects)	39.98	2.14	-	42.12
Late P M Chandraiah, Director (Finance) (upto 30.04.2021)	2.79	1.19	-	3.98

### B: Independent Director:

During the Year 2021-22, Two Independent Director were on the Board of the Company. Details of Sitting Fees paid during the year is mentioned below:

(in Rs.)

Name of Directors	Sitting fees		Fees for Independent Directors' Meeting	Total
	Board Meetings	Committee Meetings		
Smt. Ankansha Pare	30,000/-	40,000/-	15,000/-	85,000/-
Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav	30,000/-	40,000/-	15,000/-	85,000/-

Independent Directors are paid sitting fee @ Rs.15,000/- per Board Meeting and Rs.10,000/- for Board Committee Meetings. Independent Directors are also paid fee for attending Meeting of Independent Directors @ 15,000/- per meeting.

- ii) All the directors are appointed by the Government of India in fixed pay scales. Accordingly, CMD is appointed in the revised schedule "B" scale of pay of Rs 1,80,000-3,20,000 (IDA), Directors are appointed in the revised schedule "B" scale of pay of Rs.1,60,000 -2,90,000/- of IDA pattern. Their other terms and conditions of appointment are also fixed by the Ministry of Heavy Industries, Government of India.
- iii) Apart from the remuneration to directors as per the terms and conditions of their appointment and entitled sitting fee to Part-Time (Non-Official) Directors, none of the directors has any material or pecuniary relationship with the Company which can affect their independence of judgment.
- iv) During the year, there were no materially significant related party transactions that might have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Details of the Related Party Transaction as per Accounting Standard 18 form part of the Notes to the Accounts.

- v) The Statutory Compliance Report received from various departments together with the status of the statutory dues is placed before the Board.
- vi) There has been no instance of any penalty or strictures imposed by any statutory body except sales tax/ Service Tax matter which is under appeal before appellate authority.
- vii) The Company is complying with all the requirements of the Guidelines on Corporate Governance for CPSEs issued by the DPE.
- viii) During the year, Presidential Directives relating to reservation of EWS and pay revision w.e.f. 01.01.2017 is being followed & implemented.
- ix) During the year, no expenditure is debited to the books and accounts which are not for the purpose of business and no expenses which are of personal nature have been incurred for the Board of Directors and Top Management.
- x) Fraud Prevention Policy is in place in the Company since September 2010 for prevention, detection, and reporting of fraud.
- xi) Other expenses as a percentage of total expenses (excluding depreciation & Finance Cost) has been 5.88% as compared to 2.63% in 2020-21. Finance Cost as a percentage of total expenses has been 0.59% compared to 1.21% in 2020-21.
- xii) A certificate by Chief Executive Officer (CEO) /Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company with respect to the financial statements of the company is placed as Annexure B1.
- xiii) Website of the company ([www.engineeringprojects.com](http://www.engineeringprojects.com)) displays the official news release of the company like Annual Report, tenders, and career opportunities etc.

## 6. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

- i) The details of the last three Annual General Meeting of the Company are given below:-

AGM	Financial Year	Date and Time of AGM	Location (Registered Office)
51 <sup>st</sup>	2020-21	December 28 <sup>th</sup> , 2021 at 3:30 P.M. (Adjourned on 31 <sup>st</sup> December 2021 at 3:00 P.M.)	Core-3, SCOPE Complex, (4 <sup>th</sup> Floor), 7 Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003
50 <sup>th</sup>	2019-20	December 28 <sup>th</sup> , 2020 at 03:30 P.M. (Adjourned on 31 <sup>st</sup> December 2020 at 03:30 P.M.)	Core-3, SCOPE Complex, (4 <sup>th</sup> Floor), 7 Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003
49 <sup>th</sup>	2018-19	October 24 <sup>th</sup> , 2019 at 3:00 P.M.	Core-3, SCOPE Complex, (4 <sup>th</sup> Floor), 7 Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003

Notice of 52<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting for the financial year 2021-22 will contain details about date, time, venue of the AGM.

ii) **Details of Special Resolution passed at last three AGMs-**

AGM	Financial Year	Details of Special Resolution passed
51 <sup>st</sup>	2020-21	NIL
50 <sup>th</sup>	2019-20	To approve Monetization of Non-core Assets of EPI by following DIPAM Guidelines and/ or the Government approved procedure for Asset Monetization
49 <sup>th</sup>	2018-19	NIL

## 7. RIGHT TO INFORMATION

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 under the requirement of “Right to Information Act, 2005” your Company has appointed General Manager (P&M) as the Public Information Officer (PIO) and Regional Heads at Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai, Chennai & Guwahati as Assistant Public Information Officers (APIOs). Executive Director (Legal) has been appointed as First Appellate Authority.

Information has been provided as per provisions of RTI Act, 2005. The information/data with respect to RTI applications during the financial year 2021-22 is as given below:-

1.	RTI application pending at the end of March 2021	5 Nos.
2.	RTI application received during the F.Y. 2021-22	39 Nos.
3.	RTI application disposed off during the F.Y. 2021-22	40 Nos.
4.	RTI application pending at the end of March 2022	4 Nos.

## 8. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

99.98% of the paid up capital of the Company is held by Government of India, and the remaining 0.02% is held by six CPSEs and a trust created on behalf of these CPSEs.

Bilingual Annual Report is posted on the website of the Company along with other relevant information and is also laid before the Parliament. Annual Report etc. is also being sent in physical form as well as through electronic mode.

## 9. AUDIT QUALIFICATIONS

Reply to qualification on Accounts by Statutory Auditors and Secretarial Auditor, if any, is included as an attachment to the Directors’ Report. Comments of Comptroller & Auditor General of India has been attached as addendum to the Directors Report.

## 10. TRAINING OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company imparts introductory training to newly appointed Directors on the Board of the Company. The training includes a brief presentation about the Company, important data about the performance of the Company, Memorandum & Articles of Association, EPI’s Brochure, and Guidelines on Corporate Governance issued by DPE, Secretarial Standard on the Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2), Independent Director-A Handbook published by ICSI, Companies Act, 2013 etc. Directors are also sponsored for the seminars/ conferences/ programmes etc as and when organized by Ministry of Heavy Industries

(MHI), Standing Conference of Public Enterprises (SCOPE), Institute of Directors (IOD), Department of Public Enterprise (DPE) and Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs (IICA) etc.

## 11. WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

EPI has a whistle blower policy since 2010 to provide adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use such mechanism and make provision for direct access to the chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases.

All the employees are eligible to make protected disclosures to the Chairman, Audit Committee.

This policy was formulated in compliance to DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance. It also fulfills the requirement of section 177 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Meetings of Board and its powers) Rules, 2014 which provide for establishing a vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns or grievances.

During the year, no personnel have been denied access to Audit Committee.

## 12. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Board of Directors has laid down the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for the Board members and Senior Management of the Company. The Code of Conduct has been hosted on company's website [www.engineeringprojects.com](http://www.engineeringprojects.com). All Board members and key officials of the company have affirmed their compliance with the code. A declaration to this effect is annexed to this Report as per **Annexure B2**.

## 13. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

This Report duly complies with the applicable requirements of Guidelines on Corporate Governance for CPSEs and covers all the applicable suggested items mentioned in Annexure-VII of the Guidelines. The quarterly report on compliance with the Corporate Governance requirements prescribed by DPE is also sent to Administrative Ministry regularly. The certificate obtained from practicing Company Secretary regarding compliance of conditions of guidelines of Corporate Governance of CPSEs has been annexed to the Report as per **Annexure B3**.

**CERTIFICATION/ DECLARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BY  
THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER/ CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF THE COMPANY**

We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement of Engineering Projects (India) Limited for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- (i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- (ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations;
- (iii) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year 2021-22 which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct;
- (iv) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting, and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps taken or proposed to be taken to rectify the same.
- (v) We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee;
  - a) Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year 2021-22;
  - b) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year 2021-22 and the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, if any; and
  - c) Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Sd/-  
(A. K. Patra)  
GM (Finance) & Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-  
(D. S. Rana)  
Chairman & Managing Director  
DIN: 07022825

Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022

Place: New Delhi



## Annexure B2

### **DECLARATION BY CHAIRMAN & MANAGING DIRECTOR REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CONDUCT BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-22.**

I, D. S. Rana, Chairman & Managing Director, Engineering Projects (India) Limited, do hereby declare that all the Members of the Board of Directors and the Senior Management Team of the Company have affirmed their compliance of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics of the Company during 2021-22.

*Sd/-*

*(D. S. Rana)*

*Chairman & Managing Director*

*DIN: 07022825*

**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022**

**Place: New Delhi**

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CERTIFICATE

To  
The Members,  
**Engineering Projects India Limited**  
Core 3, Scope Complex 7,  
Institutional Area, Lodhi Road,  
Delhi-110003

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by **Engineering Projects India Limited**, (hereinafter referred as '**the Company**') for the year ended on **31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022** as stipulated in 'Guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises, 2010' vide Notification No. 1 No. 18(8)/2005-GM originally issued on 22.06.2007 and revised guidelines issued vide office memorandum time to time by the Department of Public Enterprises, Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, Government of India and annexure mentioned there under (hereinafter referred as '**Guidelines**').

The compliance of the conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in abovementioned guidelines. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our knowledge and according to the explanations and information given and documents shown to us, we hereby certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in the above-mentioned Guidelines except the following:

- "As per Section 149 (4) read with rule 4 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 the company needs to have at-least two independent directors on Board. Further as per Clause 3.1.4 (Unlisted CPSEs) of the Guidelines also, at least one-third of the Board Members of the company should be Independent Directors."*

*Further only two Audit Committee meetings were held during the year instead of four (Clause 4.4 of the Guidelines).*

The tenure of previous Independent Directors completed in November 2019. It is noted that all the appointments on the Board are done by Government of India through Administrative Ministry i.e. Ministry of Heavy Industries. The Company appointed two (2) Independent Director on 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2021.

Hence, the company could not fully comply with the provisions of the Guidelines and The Companies Act 2013, with respect to constitution of the Board and Board Level Committees viz. Audit and Remuneration Committee till 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2021. *Subsequent to the appointment of Independent Directors on the Board of the Company, the Constitution of Board/ Board level Statutory Committees are complied with.*

- II. *The gap between two consecutive Board Meetings (277<sup>th</sup> and 278<sup>th</sup>) exceeded the prescribed timeline of three months (as per the Guidelines).*

It has been clarified that due to the official exigencies the meeting could not be held within the stipulated time period of 03 months. However, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, in this regard.

We state that the compliances are neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency of the effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**Place: Faridabad**

**Date: 14.06.2022**

**For AGB & Associates**

**Company Secretaries**

**Sd/-**

**CS Rashmi Aswal**

**(Partner)**

**Membership No.:A50322**

**C.P. No. 24667**

**UDIN: A050322D000491378**

## ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

[As per the requirement of The Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014]

### 1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

CSR is an effective tool that synergizes the efforts of Corporate and the social sector agencies towards sustainable growth and development of societal objectives at large. CSR Policy of EPI provides for welfare measures for community at large and contribution to society at large by way of social & cultural development and being sensitive towards the need of socially and economically underprivileged class.

#### CSR Vision

“To work for society at large and improve their quality of life and build a positive and socially responsible image of EPI as a corporate entity”.

#### CSR Objective

The objective of EPI CSR policy is adherence to ethical and responsible behavior towards the community and society, and to undertake programmes for welfare & sustainable development of the community at large.

### 2. Composition of CSR Committee:

In line with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014, Your Company has a Board level Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and Sustainability Committee. This committee is assisted by a Nodal Officer.

Role of Board Level Committee is to-

- (a) formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the company as specified in Schedule VII;
- (b) recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred to in clause (a); and
- (c) monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the company from time to time.

As on date of this report, the Board Level Corporate Social Responsibility & Sustainability Committee comprises:

- |    |   |   |          |
|----|---|---|----------|
| 1. | Smt. Akanksha Pare, Independent Director      | - | Chairman |
| 2. | Shri. Vinod Kumar Yadav, Independent Director | - | Member   |
| 3. | Shri R. P. Singh, Director (Finance)          | - | Member   |

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Smt. Akanksha Pare	Independent Director, Chairman of the Committee (w.e.f. 17.11.2021)	1	1
2.	Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav	Independent Director, Member (w.e.f. 17.11.2021)	1	1
3.	Shri R. P. Singh	Director (Finance), Member (w.e.f. 17.11.2021)	1	1
4.	Shri. H. N. Thakur	Director (Projects), Member (upto 30.06.2022)	1	1

**3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.**

Corporate Social Responsibility Policy and Plan of the Company is available at the Company's website at [www.engineeringprojects.com](http://www.engineeringprojects.com). No CSR activities were undertaken during the year.

**4. Provide the details of Impact Assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable.**

Not applicable

**5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rule, 2014 and the amount required for set off for the financial year, if any.**

NIL

**6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5).**

Rs. (4276.80) Lakhs i.e. Rs. (4683.01) Lakhs [2020-21], Rs. (2728.47) Lakhs [2019-20] and Rs. (5418.93) Lakhs [2018-19]

7.	(a)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135 (5)	Nil
	(b)	Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or Programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years:	Nil
	(c)	Amount required to be set off for the Financial Year, if any	Nil
	(d)	Total CSR obligation for the Financial Year (7a + 7b + 7c)	Nil

8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year

Amount Unspent (in ₹)					
Total Amount spent for the Financial Year 2021-22 (in ₹)	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135 (6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135 (5)		
	Amount (in ₹)	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount (in ₹)	Date of transfer
NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

(b)	Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:	Nil
(c)	Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:	Nil
(d)	Amount spent in Administrative Overheads:	Nil
(e)	Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable:	Nil
(f)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b + 8c + 8d + 8e):	Nil
(g)	Excess amount for set off, if any:	Nil

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in ₹)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Nil
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Nil
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Nil

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years : Nil  
(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s) : Nil
10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details).  
(a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years : Nil  
(b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset : Nil  
(c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc: Nil  
(d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset) : Nil
11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): NA

Sd/-  
(Shri Raj Pal Singh)  
Member- CSR Committee  
DIN: 08750557

Sd/-  
(Smt. Akanksha Pare)  
Chairman- CSR Committee  
DIN: 09394630

Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022  
Place: New Delhi

### FORM NO. AOC -2

**(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)**

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

SL. No.	Particulars	Details
a)	Name(s) of the related party & nature of relationship	NIL
b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	NIL
c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	NIL
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	NIL
e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions'	NIL
f)	Date of approval by the Board	NIL
g)	Amount paid as advances, if any	NIL
h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in General meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	NIL

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details
a)	Name(s) of the related party & nature of relationship	NIL
b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	NIL
c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	NIL
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	NIL
e)	Date of approval by the Board	NIL
f)	Amount paid as advances, if any	NIL

**For and on behalf of the Board**

**Sd/-**

**(D. S. Rana)**

**Chairman & Managing Director**

**DIN: 07022825**

**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022**

**Place: New Delhi**



# SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

## FORM NO. MR-3

From April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies  
(Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,  
The Members,  
**Engineering Projects (India) Limited**  
CIN: U27109DL1970GOI117585  
Core-3, Scope Complex, 7 Lodhi Road New Delhi-110003

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Engineering Projects (India) Limited** (hereinafter called “**the Company**”). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company’s books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we do hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the period ended on March 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the Rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 (“SCRA”) and the rules made thereunder; **Not Applicable**
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder; - **Not Applicable**
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment and Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; **Not Applicable**
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities Exchange Board of India, Act, 1992, (‘SEBI Act’) :- **Not Applicable**
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 / Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018.
- (vi) **Other Applicable Laws:**

As per the explanation given by the Company vide its Management Representation Letter dated 21.06.2022, following laws and the rules made thereunder have been identified and complied with by the Company, to the extent possible:

- (a) DPE Guidelines on Corporate Governance for CPSE issued by Department of Public Enterprises, on 14<sup>th</sup> May 2010 (“DPE Corporate Governance Guidelines”);
- (b) Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (“the POSH”);
- (c) The Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016 and Rules made thereunder (“the Disabilities Act”).

We have also examined compliances with the following applicable clauses during the period under review:

- (a) Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India as amended from time to time;
- (b) No Listing Agreement was entered into by the Company with any of the stock exchange(s) as the company is not listed with any stock exchange.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines mentioned above subject to the following facts and observations:

1. The tenure of previous Independent Directors of the Company was completed in November 2019. Thereafter, no Independent Directors were appointed on the Board till 02<sup>nd</sup> November 2021.

Further as on date of this report the Audit Committee of the Company consists of 4 members out of which 2 members are Independent Directors and during the year the Audit Committee held only two meetings i.e. on 22.11.2021 and 11.03.2022.

As per the Second Proviso of Rule 4(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, “any intermittent vacancy of an independent director shall be filled-up by

the Board at the earliest but not later than immediate next Board meeting or three months from the date of such vacancy, whichever is later.”

Further as per Section 177(2) of Companies Act, 2013, “The Audit Committee shall consist of a minimum of three Directors with independent Directors forming a majority.

As per Clause 4.1.1 and 4.4 of the DPE Corporate Governance Guideline:

“The Audit Committee shall have minimum three Directors as members. Two-thirds of the members of audit committee shall be Independent Directors” and “The Audit Committee should meet at least four times in a year and not more than four months shall elapse between two meetings.....”

However, we understand from the perusal of records of the Company that the Company being a Government Company wherein all the appointments (including Independent Directors) are carried out by the Government of India through its Administrative Ministry i.e. Ministry of Heavy Industries (MHI) and Company has no role in such appointments. Hence the Company could not comply with the above said Section/ Rule/ Guidelines till 02<sup>nd</sup> November 2021. Further due to the non-availability of Independent Directors on the Board of Company requisite number of meetings could not be held during the year. However, after the appointment of Independent Directors, two Meetings were held on 22.11.2021 and 11.03.2022.

2. 277<sup>th</sup> and 278<sup>th</sup> Board Meetings of the Company were held on 22.11.2021 and 11.03.2022 respectively.

As per Clause 3.3.1 of the DPE Corporate Governance Guidelines, “The Board shall meet at least once in every three months and at least four such meetings shall be held every year. Further, the time gap between any two meetings should not be more than three months”

The Company could not comply with the said provisions of DPE Corporate Governance Guidelines as gap between two consecutive Board Meetings (277<sup>th</sup> and 278<sup>th</sup>) exceeded the prescribed timeline of three months. It has been clarified that due to the official exigencies the meeting could not be held within the stipulated time period of 03 months. However, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 in this regard.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, except independent directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notices are given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance except for the shorter notice where requisite compliance has been made, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes maintained by the Company for the Board/ Committee and Shareholders, we noticed that none of the decisions were approved by the respective Board/Committee and Shareholders without any dissent note.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines. However, the compliances of other applicable laws, as listed in Para (vi) above, are not verified and are based on the documents presented and management certifications reported to the Board through agenda papers with respect to the all office and on the basis of Management Representation Letter dated 21.06.2022.

We further report that during the audit period following facts of specific events/ actions have been observed:

1. It has been informed to us that the Company is under the regime of Strategic Disinvestment & Monetization wherein all the Guidelines/ Rules/ Regulation/ Office Memorandum etc., issued by various Government Authorities viz. MHI, DIPAM, DPE etc from time to time are being followed.
2. It has been further informed that “EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited (EPIUIDL- CIN: U45309DL2016GOI299995), which was incorporated as Subsidiary Company of EPI on 19<sup>th</sup> May 2016 with 51% holding by “the Company” is still non-operational since its incorporation. However, a petition under section 361 of the Companies Act, 2013 for summary winding up of the Company was submitted in September 2018 and the same was taken up by Regional Director (North), MCA in April 2022. It has been informed by RD (MCA) that the petition filed is not a fit case for summary procedure for liquidation and other course of action available under the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, an application for Striking off the name of the EPIUIDL pursuant to Section 248(1)(a) of the Company Act 2013 has been filed to the Director General of Corporate Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 23.05.2022.
3. According to the information and explanations given to us, CBI has registered 05 cases and filed FIR against some employees of “the Company” wherein “The Company” is not named as party in the FIR and no financial impact on its financial statement is envisaged.

For MNK and Associates LLP  
Company Secretaries  
FRN: L2018DE004900

Sd/-  
Mohd. Nazim Khan  
Practicing Company Secretary  
FCS: 6529; CP-8245  
UDIN: F006529D000744739  
Peer Review Cert. No:671/2020

Place: New Delhi

Date: 04.08.2022

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as “Annexure-A” and forms an integral part of this report.

To,

The Members

ENGINEERING PROJECTS (INDIA) LIMITED

CIN: U27109DL1970GOI117585

Core-3, Scope Complex, 7 Lodhi Road

New Delhi-110003

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have relied on report of Statutory Auditors, Tax auditors, Cost Auditors and C & AG report for compliances of the applicable Financial Laws including Direct and Indirect Tax Laws, Accounting Standards, the correctness and appropriateness of Financial Records, Cost Records and Books of Accounts of the company since the same have been subject to review by respective Auditors and other designated professionals.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules, regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

**For MNK and Associates LLP**

**Company Secretaries**

**FRN: L2018DE004900**

Sd/-

**Mohd. Nazim Khan**

**Practicing Company Secretary**

**FCS: 6529; CP-8245**

**UDIN: F006529D000744739**

**Peer Review Cer. No:671/2020**

**Place: New Delhi**

**Date: 04.08.2022**

## Company's reply to the Observations/Comments made by the Secretarial Auditor in his Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year 2021-22

Sl. No.	Observations/ Comments in the Report	Replies to the Observations
1	<p>As per the Second Proviso of Rule 4(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, "any intermittent vacancy of an independent director shall be filled-up by the Board at the earliest but not later than immediate next Board meeting or three months from the date of such vacancy, whichever is later."</p> <p>Further as per Section 177(2) of Companies Act, 2013, "The Audit Committee shall consist of a minimum of three Directors with independent Directors forming a majority.</p> <p>As per Clause 4.1.1 and 4.4 of the DPE Corporate Governance Guideline:</p> <p>"The Audit Committee shall have minimum three Directors as members. Two-thirds of the members of audit committee shall be Independent Directors" and "The Audit Committee should meet at least four times in a year and not more than four months shall elapse between two meetings."</p>	<p>All the appointment of Directors are governed by the Administrative Ministry i.e. Ministry of Heavy Industry (MHI) and Company has no role in such appointments of Directors.</p> <p>Further on appointment of IDs the Company, the constitution of Board / Board level statutory Committees are complied with.</p> <p>Noted for future compliances.</p>
2	<p>As per Clause 3.3.1 of the DPE Corporate Governance Guidelines, "The Board shall meet at least once in every three months and at least four such meetings shall be held every year. Further, the time gap between any two meetings should not be more than three months."</p>	<p>Due to the official exigencies and ongoing pandemic situation of COVID-19 the meeting could not be held within the stipulated time limit of 3 months in compliance of DPE Guidelines. However, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 in this regard.</p>



YOGA WITH HON'BLE MINISTER OF MHI



VIGILANCE AWARENESS WEEK



CONSTITUTION DAY



HEALTH CHECK-UP CAMP



CAMPAIGN HAR GHAR TIRANGA



CYBER AWARENESS DAY



HINDI PAKHWADA



YOGA DAY





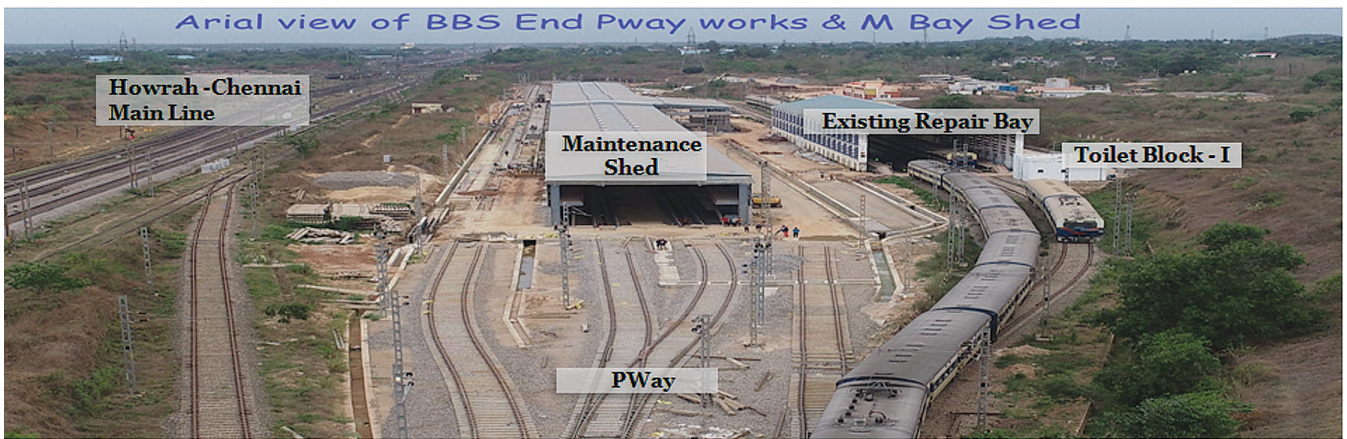
## SAIL BHILAI STEEL PLANT



**ROB PROJECT DEHRADUN**



**VIZAG PROJECT**



RVNL PROJECT ODISHA



**KENDRAPARA PROJECT**



**NTPC FGD RAMAGUNDAM PROJECT**



**AGARTALA PROJECT**



### ROURKELA SMART CITY PROJECT



**ALIMCO FARIDABAD**



## NHIDCL PROJECT

## Independent Auditor's Report

To The members of,

ENGINEERING PROJECTS (INDIA) LTD

### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of ENGINEERING PROJECTS (INDIA) LTD which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. The company has 4 (Four) Regional Offices located at Western Region, Eastern Region, Southern Region, Northern Region and 3 (Three) overseas Branches at Oman, Sri Lanka & Myanmar which are audited by branch and other auditors appointed by CAG and Corporate Office is audited by us.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion Section of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022 and loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

1. As per the accounting Policy number 10 trade receivables are considered good for realization upto 10 years therefore provision against doubtful debts is made for dues outstanding more than 10 years, a provision of Rs. 443.77 lakhs is made upto 31.03.2022 against the total recoverable amount of Rs. 2368.96 lakhs from M/s Uranium Corporation of India Ltd (UCIL). Against this receivable, Rs. 746.78 lakhs is pending for payment to sub-contractors. Thus, Net outstanding for which provisioning is required works out to Rs. 1622.18 lakhs. The above amount is more than 10 years old and as per Company's adopted accounting policy for Doubtful debts/Loans and advances, 100% provisioning is required. Management made a provision of Rs 443.77 lakhs up to 31.03.2022. Thus, required provisioning is short by Rs. 1178.41 lakhs.

Further the company has taken the legal opinion on the said matter from Additional Solicitor General of India during the year under audit and as per the opinion a sum of Rs. 1161.92 Lakhs is undisputed along with other claims raised by the other party which has not been quantified as of now. UCIL has not honored the same till now. Therefore, loss of the EPIL is understated by the same amount (Refer to Note No. 2.45(a)).

2. M/s C&C Construction Limited our 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture "EPI - C&C JV (unincorporated)" and our main contractor in our Oman Project is currently facing insolvency



proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL'S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

### Emphasis of Matters

We draw attention to following matters:-

1. In respect of the following balances of trade receivables, advances for works, security and retention money, loans and advances and recoverable from clients, vendors and others, positive external confirmations of the balances are not available. Due to non-availability of balance confirmations we are unable to quantify the impact, if any, arising on the financial statements.

Particulars	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)
Advance for works	10536.99
Security deposits and retention money	39787.04
Trade receivables	25930.10
Other recoverable	47823.40

However the company sent negative balance confirmations request to all the respective customers but no response was received. Since as per SA 505- External Confirmation, the failure to receive a response to a negative confirmation request either indicate accuracy of amount due or unwillingness of confirming party to confirm the amount. Thereby the accuracy, existence and completeness of said amounts could not be verified. However as per the standards of auditing negative confirmation are an audit evidence thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on basis of above. Refer to note no. 2.43.

2. In respect of the following balances of trade payables, advances received from clients, security deposits and retention money received positive external confirmations of the balances are not available. Due to non-availability of balance confirmations we are unable to quantify the impact, if any, arising on the financial statements.

Particulars	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)
Trade Payables	60162.94
Security Deposits, Retention & Earnest Money	44176.63
Advance received	64741.46
Other Payable to Clients	779.45

However the company sent negative balance confirmations request to all the respective vendors but no response was received. Since as per SA 505- External Confirmation, the failure to receive a response to a negative confirmation request either indicate accuracy of amount due or unwillingness of confirming party to confirm the amount. Thereby the accuracy, existence and completeness of said amounts could not be verified. However as per the standards of auditing negative confirmation are an audit evidence thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on basis of above. Refer to note no 2.43.

3. The company has practice of adjusting TDS Recoverable, Advance Tax Paid and TCS Recoverable from Income Tax liability of their respective assessment years only after receipt of intimation under section 143(1)(a) of Income tax Act. However it is pertinent to note that the said policy leads to overstatement of assets and liability by the amounts accounted as TDS Recoverable, Advance Tax and TCS Recoverable. Since the financial impact of this is not material thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on same. Refer to note no. 2.11 and 2.17.
4. In lieu of BG provided by EPIL for ₹ 4,554.00 Lakhs on behalf of C&C Constructions Limited in Myanmar Project, EPIL has received ₹ 1,906.64 Lakhs and balance is secured against work done in Oman. During the year, MEA vide its letter dated 09th February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance and subsequently invoked BG amounting to Rs. 75.90 cr. (EPI portion – 30.36 cr & C&C portion – 45.54 cr). In turn, EPI vide its letter dated 11th February, 2022 terminated the contract of its sub-contractor M/s RK-RPP JV (awarded value Rs. 414 cr) and invoked its BG due to non-performance of Rs. 20.70 cr (5% of Rs. 414 cr). Refer Note No 2.3 and 2.29(b).
5. Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) has registered 5 cases and filed FIRs against some employees of EPI out of which 2 cases have been registered during the year 2017-18 and 1 case in F.Y. 2016-17. The cases are in respect of alleged illegal gratification taken by the accused employees of EPI for award of tenders. EPI is not named as party in the FIRs and no financial impact on its financial statements is envisaged. Refer to note no. 2.41.
6. Company has made an advance payment to sub-contractor amounting to Rs. 387.00 lakhs though sub-contractor is under insolvency process and a resolution professional has been appointed for the same. The RP has admitted the claim of EPIL but the amount that can be recovered is not ascertainable. Refer Note No 2.12.
7. MOD had blocked an amount of RO.11.35 Million as per the direction from the Primary Court of Sultanate of Oman in connection with the case filed by C & C Oman L.L.C. (Subsidiary of C & C Construction Ltd – India). EPI has collected the details of case no 119/1310/2021 from Muscat Primary court and filed an appeal in the Muscat Primary Court. Last hearing of case no 119/1310/2021 was on 19-04-2022 and further it was adjourned to 04-07-2022. EPI has also filed a petition before the courts of appeal vide no. 35/7135/2022 - 36/7135/2022 - 37/7135/2022 for encashment of Performance Bank Guarantees & upliftment of provisional seizure of RO. 11.35 Million from MOD. The court has heard the above 3 petitions for judgment on 13th of June 2022 and orders

have been received in favour of EPI in the financial year i.e. 2022-23. Process for the necessary action in regard to the above cases has to be taken in financial year 2022-23 also. Refer note No 2.3 and 2.6.

8. We draw attention to note no.2.4, regarding lease agreement of premises, which expired on 30.09.2015 and the matter has been referred to the Hon'ble Calcutta High Court for adjudication Vide case number 144 of 2016 and GA No.18 of 2022 on 08.02.2022 and is sub judice. During the year under review the Company has received a demand of Rs. 5952.70 Lacs (including interest amounting to Rs. 2581.27 Lacs and GST amounting to Rs. 514.28 Lacs) pertaining to the period from October, 2015 to March, 2022 from the Lessor of the premises.

The Company has made provision for rent excluding GST as on 31.03.2022 amounting to Rs. 1659.22 Lacs (P.Y. 2.41 Lacs) based on minutes of meeting dated 01.10.2020 backed by ONGC judgment (one of the tenant in the premise), against the counter demand of Rs. 5438.42 Lacs (Excluding GST) by the lessor. As informed to us by the regional office management, provision for rent liability is made on the basis of internal assessment of the company on the date of balance sheet and legal proceedings will not have any material and adverse effect on the financial position of the company.

9. The Long term Loans and Advances includes "Income tax deducted" where no year-wise details for prior Assessment year are provided by the company for the difference in amount of Rs 92 Lakhs to the extent of the amount claimed by the company in Income tax Return. Refer Note No 2.11

### General Business scenario

The FY 2021-22 was an economic roller coaster with the impact of recurring bouts of COVID-19 and global disquiet counter-balanced to some extent by Country's economic resilience. Regular government spending throughout the year complemented by liquidity easing measures by the Reserve Bank of India prevented the risk of an economic meltdown and helped bolster the confidence of households and companies.

The financial year 2021-22 was expected to be a year of recovery on the back of normalised resumption of economic activity and improved mobility, post the first COVID-19 wave. On the contrary, the year commenced with the onset of a more virulent second wave, resulting in a record number of infections and high mortality rate. The country witnessed partial lockdowns across different states, as opposed to complete lockdowns during the first wave. With improved vaccination efforts, the economy bounced back faster than anticipated. However, the recovery momentum was once more disrupted due to the emergence of the Omicron variant towards the end of Q3, which fortunately, lasted only for a brief period.

The FY 2021-22 witnessed several headwinds viz. successive waves of COVID-19, supply chain disruptions worldwide causing unusual increase in commodity / solar module prices besides freight costs. These led not only to delayed order finalisations from the customer's end but also the measured pacing of progress in ongoing projects.

The impact of COVID-19 pandemic continued to ravage communities impacting livelihoods, education and health and called for innovative approaches to address the ground realities. Significant efforts were deployed by continuing commitment to existing projects.

Based on assessment of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the business/economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying value of its assets. The Company will continue to evaluate the pandemic-related uncertainty and update its assessment. (Refer Note No 2.53)

Our opinion is not qualified on the above matters.

### Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Management's and Those Charged with Governance responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decision of a reasonable knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and quantitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matter communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonable be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Other Matter

We did not audit the standalone financial statements/ information of 4(Four) Indian Regional Offices and 3 (Three) Overseas Branches included in the standalone financial statements of the Company whose financial statements/financial information reflect total assets of Rs.1,91,757Lakhs (Rs1,71,250 Lakhs) total liabilities Rs1,92,291Lakhs (Rs. 1,60,227 Lakhs) as at 31st March 2022 (31st March 2021) and total revenue of Rs. 74056 lakhs (Rs80,733 Lakhs) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the standalone financial statements. The standalone financial statements/information of these Regional Offices/Branches have been audited by the other Independent branch auditors appointed by Comptroller & Auditor General of India whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of branches, is based solely on the report of such branch auditors.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. In view of the exemption given in terms of Notification No. G.S.R. No. 463(E) dated 5th June, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the provisions of Section 197 read with schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 regarding managerial remuneration are not applicable to the Company.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "**Annexure A**" a statement on the matters Specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said Order, to the extent applicable.
3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law has been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate

for the purposes of our audit have been received from the branches not visited by us.

- c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account and with the returns received from the branches not visited by us.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) In terms of notification No. GSR 463 (E) dated 05.06.2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, provisions of sub section 2 of Section 164 of the Act, are not applicable to the Company, being Government Company
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure B”.
- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report as under with respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014:-
- i. The Company have some pending litigation which would impact its financial position. Refer Note No. 2.26 of the standalone financial statement.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amount which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.  
  
(b) The management has represented, that, to the best of it’s knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide

any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to their notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (iv) (a) and (iv) (b) contain any material mis-statement.

v. No dividend was declared or paid during the year by the company.

4. With respect to the report pursuant to directions issued by Comptroller and Auditor General of India u/s 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year ended 31 March 2022 on accounts of Company audited by us, refer our separate Report in “Annexure C”.

**For GSK & ASSOCIATES LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**(Firm Registration No. :013838N /N500003)**

**Sd/-**  
**(Sanjay Kumar Gupta)**  
**Designated Partner**  
**(Membership No.: 093056)**

**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August, 2022**  
**UDIN: 22093056AOIQLV1353**



## “ANNEXURE A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 2 under the heading ‘Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement’ of our report of even date to the Standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022:

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the Standalone financial statements of the company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- I. (a) (A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment.
- (B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets
- (b) Property, Plant & Equipment are physically verified by the management in accordance with a regular programme at reasonable intervals. In our opinion the interval is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) Based on the audit procedure performed and according to the records of the Company, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company, except as follows:-

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative# of promoter*/ director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company**
Building at Scope Complex, New Delhi	374.42	Scope Complex, New Delhi	No	14-03-1988	Matter is taken up with the concern authority.

(d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.

(e) There is no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under.

- II. (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management at regular intervals. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
- (b) The company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of **five crore rupees**, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets; In our opinion, there are no material discrepancies between the quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- III. The company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, the Provision of clause 3(iii) (a) to 3(iii) (f) of the order are not applicable to the company.
- IV. The Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 in respect of investments. Further, in our opinion, the company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 and section 186 of the Act in respect of loans, guarantees and security.
- V. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public within the meaning of the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India, provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013; any other relevant provisions of the Act and relevant rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, the Provision of clause 3(v) of the order are not applicable to the company.
- VI. The Central Government has prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. All the Cost records are maintained at regional office and reviewed by their respective auditors and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, no reason to disbelieve them.
- VII. (a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Duty of Customs, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other statutory dues, as applicable, to the appropriate authorities except for the Labour Cess. Undisputed statutory dues of Labour cess outstanding as on 31st March, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable was ₹ 3.36 Lakhs.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there were disputed statutory dues of ₹ 5647.74 lacs on account of any disputed matters pending before appropriate authority.

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Period to which Amount Relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Amount Deposited (₹ in lakhs)
Andhra Pradesh Value Added Tax Act	VAT Demand	44.49/-	Assessment Year 2008-09 and 2009-10	Honourable High Court of Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad	
Chhattisgarh Value Added Sales Tax Act	Central Sales Tax	95.87/-	2013-14	Chhattisgarh Commercial Tax Tribunal Raipur Order has been received in favour of the company after the end of the year	
Chhattisgarh Value Added Sales Tax Act	Value Added Tax	318.68/-	2016-17	Assistant Commissioner Appeal Raipur Order has been received in favour of the WRO after the end of the year	
Dept of Trade & Taxes , Govt of NCT of Delhi	D-VAT Interest & Penalty	14.48/-	2017-18	The Department of Trade and Taxes, Government of NCT of Delhi	
Dept of Trade & Taxes , Govt of NCT of Delhi	D-VAT Interest & Penalty	58.30/-	2015-16	The Department of Trade and Taxes, Government of NCT of Delhi	
Service Tax	Service Tax & Penalty	983.80/-	2012-13	Honourable High Court , New Delhi	
UP Trade Tax Act, 1948	UP Trade Tax	8.73/-	1993-94	Sales Tax Tribunal	
Service Tax Law	Service Tax Including Interest and penalty	418.64	Financial year 2005-06 to 2007-08	The CESTAT, Kolkata	

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (₹ in Lakhs)	Period to which Amount Relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Amount Deposited (₹ in lakhs)
Service tax Law	Service Tax Including Interest and penalty	37.46	Financial year 2010-11 to 2012-13	The CESTAT, Kolkata	
Service tax Law	Service Tax Including Interest and penalty	91.95	Financial year 2011-12 to 2015-16	The CESTAT, Kolkata	
Service tax Law	Service Tax Including Interest and penalty	35.82	Financial year 2004-05 to 2005-06	The CESTAT, Kolkata	
West Bengal Value Added Tax Act, 2003	West Bengal	494.88	Financial year 2007-08, 2015-16 & 2017-18	West Bengal Commercial Taxes appellate & Revision Board, Kolkata	
West Bengal Value Added Tax Act, 2003	West Bengal VAT	580.66	Financial year 2012-13 & 2016-17	Senior Joint Commissioner (1st Appeal) West Bengal Commercial Tax, Kolkata	
West Bengal Value Added Tax Act, 2003	West Bengal VAT	2364.66	Financial Year 2005-06, 2009-10, 2011-12, 2013-14 & 2014-15	West Bengal Taxation Tribunal, Kolkata	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	99.32	Assessment Year 2014-15	Income Tax Appellate Tribunal	

- VIII. The company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- IX. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) The company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

- (c) All the term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) There is no funds raised on short term basis have been utilized for long term purposes.
- (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) The company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- X. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial/further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, cause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- XI. (a) Based on the audit procedures adopted and information and explanations furnished to us by the management, no fraud on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, CBI has registered a case and filed FIR against three employees of EPI. The case is in respect of alleged illegal gratification taken by the accused employees of EPI to award of tenders. Further as explained to us EPI is not named as party in the FIR and no financial impact on its standalone financial statement is envisaged. Investigation in all three cases is still going on. (Refer Note No.2.41.)
- (b) No Report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- XII. The Company is not chit fund or nidhi/mutual benefit trust/society. Therefore, the provisions of the clause 3 (xii)(a) to 3 (Xii)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- XIII. All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and the details of transactions during the year have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. Refer note no. 2.33 to the Standalone financial statements.
- XIV. (a) The company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the company issued till date for the period under audit.
- XV. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Therefore, the provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

- XVI. (a) The Company is not required to be register under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, Cause 3(XVI)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) The company has not conducting any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, Cause 3(XVI)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (c) The Company is not a core investment company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(XVI)(c.) of the order is not applicable.
- (d) The Group has no CIC. Accordingly, Cause 3(XVI)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- XVII. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the company has suffered cash losses of Rs. 6143.34 lakhs in the financial year and Rs. 4269.45 lakhs in the immediately preceding financial year
- XVIII. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, Cause 3(XVIII) of the Order is not applicable.
- XIX. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, we opinion that there is no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report regarding whether company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- XX. There is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clause 3(XX)(a) and 3(XX)(b) of the order are not applicable.

**For GSK &ASSOCIATES LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**(Firm Registration No. :013838N /N500003)**

**Sd/-**  
**(Sanjay Kumar Gupta)**  
**Designated Partner**  
**(Membership No.: 093056)**  
**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August, 2022**  
**UDIN: 22093056AOIQLV1353**

## Annexure 'B' to the independent auditor's report

Referred to in paragraph 3 sub para (f) under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022:

### Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Engineering Project (India) Limited**, as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial statements of the Branch for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Respective Board of Directors of **Engineering Project (India) Limited**, which are incorporated in India are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Branch's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's

internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- 1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable details, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Branch;
- 2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Branch are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Branch; and
- 3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Branch's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changed in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India. However we noticed that:-

- 1) Process of obtaining balance confirmation and Reconciliations from Trade Receivables, Trade Payables and Other Parties needs further improvement.
- 2) Company is not maintaining tracker for documenting the reason for selection and rejection of business opportunities.
- 3) Company is not complying with the provisions stated in the POSH Act in its entirety.

For GSK & ASSOCIATES LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
(Firm Registration No. :013838N /N500003)

Sd/-

(Sanjay Kumar Gupta)

Designated Partner

(Membership No.: 093056)

Place: New Delhi

Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August'2022

UDIN: 22093056AOIQLV1353



### Annexure 'C' to the independent auditor's report.

Referred to in paragraph 4 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022:

#### Report on the Direction u/s 143(5) of Companies Act, 2013 for the financial year 2021-2022

Sl. No.	Directions	Reply
1.	Whether the company has system in place to process all accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transaction outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The company has system in place to process all the accounting transaction through IT system. Company has maintained accounts on SAP system.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of wavier/write off of debts/ loan/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company).	As per information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of records no restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by the lender
3.	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/ receivable for specific schemes for central/state Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term & conditions? List the cases of deviation.	As per information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of records no fund received/receivable for specific schemes from central/ state agencies.

**For GSK & ASSOCIATES LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**(Firm Registration No. :013838N /N500003)**

**Sd/-**  
**(Sanjay Kumar Gupta)**  
**Designated Partner**  
**(Membership No.: 093056)**  
**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August'2022**  
**UDIN: 22093056AOIQLV1353**

## Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of accounts of The Engineering Projects (India) limited for the year ended 31st March, 2022 in accordance with the directions/sub directions issued by C&AG of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the directions/sub directions issued to us.

**For GSK & ASSOCIATES LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**(Firm Registration No. :013838N /N500003)**

**Sd/-**  
**(Sanjay Kumar Gupta)**  
**Designated Partner**  
**(Membership No.: 093056)**

**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August, 2022**  
**UDIN: 22093056AOIHGK2326**

**Replies on Auditors Qualification (Standalone Financial Statement)**

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
1.	<p>As per the accounting Policy number 10 trade receivables are considered good for realization upto 10 years therefore provision against doubtful debts is made for dues outstanding more than 10 years, a provision of Rs. 443.77 lakhs is made upto 31.03.2022 against the total recoverable amount of Rs. 2368.96 lakhs from M/s Uranium Corporation of India Ltd (UCIL). Against this receivable, Rs. 746.78 lakhs is pending for payment to sub-contractors. Thus, Net outstanding for which provisioning is required works out to Rs. 1622.18 lakhs. The above amount is more than 10 years old and as per Company's adopted accounting policy for Doubtful debts/ Loans and advances, 100% provisioning is required. Management made a provision of Rs 443.77 lakhs up to 31.03.2022. Thus, required provisioning is short by Rs. 1178.41 lakhs. Further the company has taken the legal opinion on the said matter from Additional Solicitor General of India during the year under audit and as per the opinion a sum of Rs. 1161.92 Lacs is undisputed along with other claims raised by the other party which has not been quantified as of now. UCIL has not honored the same till now. Therefore, loss of the EPIL is understated by the same amount (Refer to Note No. 2.45(a)).</p>	<p>The matter of realisation of old outstanding dues and their settlement is under active consideration between EPI and UCIL. Accordingly as decided by both the parties, legal opinion for settlement of dues were obtained from Additional Solicitor General of India.</p> <p>As per request of UCIL, the realization of dues was also reviewed by Internal Committee of EPIL and decision was communicated to UCIL. As per ASG opinion an amount of Rs. 11.61crore is undisputed to be received by EPI from UCIL out of the total claims of Rs. 24.35 crores.</p> <p>This is the settled claim of Rs. 11.61crores as per the memorandum of meeting dated 29.07.2011. But UCIL lately delaying the settlement due to the change in the person at both the parties. Now Management of EPI has decided to invoke the arbitration for the recovery of the dues from UCIL.</p> <p>However EPI has provided for in the books of account an amount of Rs. 4.44 crores upto 31.03.2022 in terms of the Accounting Policy No. 10.</p>
2.	<p>C&amp;C Construction Limited is 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture "EPI - C&amp;C JV (unincorporated)" and main contractor in Company's Oman Project is currently facing insolvency proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL'S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.</p>	<p>Matter of fact only. Refer Note No. 2.29 (b)</p>

Replies on Emphasis of Matter (Standalone Financial Statement)

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply										
1.	<p>In respect of the following balances of trade receivables, advances for works, security and retention money, loans and advances and recoverable from clients, vendors and others, positive external confirmations of the balances are not available. Due to non-availability of balance confirmations we are unable to quantify the impact, if any, arising on the financial statements.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Particulars</th> <th>Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Advance for works</td> <td>10536.99</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Security deposits and retention money</td> <td>39787.04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Trade receivables</td> <td>25930.10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other recoverable</td> <td>47823.40</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>However the company sent negative balance confirmations request to all the respective customers but no response was received. Since as per SA 505- External Confirmation, the failure to receive a response to a negative confirmation request either indicate accuracy of amount due or unwillingness of confirming party to confirm the amount. Thereby the accuracy, existence and completeness of said amounts could not be verified. However as per the standards of auditing negative confirmation are an audit evidence thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on basis of above. Refer to note no. 2.43.</p>	Particulars	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	Advance for works	10536.99	Security deposits and retention money	39787.04	Trade receivables	25930.10	Other recoverable	47823.40	<p>The Practice of the balance confirmations of Trade Receivables, Loans &amp; Advances, Retention Money and Security Deposit are consistently followed by the company from the last several years as per the practice followed across the industry.</p>
Particulars	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)											
Advance for works	10536.99											
Security deposits and retention money	39787.04											
Trade receivables	25930.10											
Other recoverable	47823.40											
2.	<p>In respect of the following balances of trade payables, advances received from clients, security deposits and retention money received positive external confirmations of the balances are not available. Due to non-availability of balance confirmations we are unable to quantify the impact, if any, arising on the financial statements.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Particulars</th> <th>Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Trade Payables</td> <td>60162.94</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Security Deposits, Retention &amp; Earnest Money</td> <td>44176.63</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Advance received</td> <td>64741.46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other Payable to Clients</td> <td>779.46</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>However the company sent negative balance confirmations request to all the respective vendors but no response was received. Since as per SA 505- External Confirmation, the failure to receive a response</p>	Particulars	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	Trade Payables	60162.94	Security Deposits, Retention & Earnest Money	44176.63	Advance received	64741.46	Other Payable to Clients	779.46	<p>The Practice of the balance confirmations of Trade Payable and payable to other parties are consistently followed by the company from the last several years as per the practice followed across the industry.</p>
Particulars	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)											
Trade Payables	60162.94											
Security Deposits, Retention & Earnest Money	44176.63											
Advance received	64741.46											
Other Payable to Clients	779.46											

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
	to a negative confirmation request either indicate accuracy of amount due or unwillingness of confirming party to confirm the amount. Thereby the accuracy, existence and completeness of said amounts could not be verified. However as per the standards of auditing negative confirmation are an audit evidence thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on basis of above. Refer to note no 2.43.	
3.	The company has practice of adjusting TDS Recoverable, Advance Tax Paid and TCS Recoverable from Income Tax liability of their respective assessment years only after receipt of intimation under section 143(1)(a) of Income tax Act. However it is pertinent to note that the said policy leads to overstatement of assets and liability by the amounts accounted as TDS Recoverable, Advance Tax and TCS Recoverable. Since the financial impact of this is not material thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on same. Refer to note no. 2.11 and 2.17.	Company will make the adjustment entry at the time of filing of income tax return instead of assessment from AY 2022-23.
4.	In lieu of BG provided by EPIL for ₹ 4,554.00 Lakhs on behalf of C&C Constructions Limited in Myanmar Project, EPIL has received ₹ 1,906.64 Lakhs and balance is secured against work done in Oman. During the year, MEA vide its letter dated 09th February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance and subsequently invoked BG amounting to ₹ 75.90 cr. (EPI portion – 30.36 cr & C&C portion – 45.54 cr). In turn, EPI vide its letter dated 11th February, 2022 terminated the contract of its sub-contractor M/s RK-RPP JV (awarded value Rs. 414 cr) and invoked its BG due to non-performance of Rs. 20.70 cr (5% of Rs. 414 cr).Refer Note No 2.3 and 2.29(b).	The same has already been appraised to Board of directors in its meeting No. 278 held on 11.03.2022 and EPI has already referred the case to AMRCD for settlement of Dues. Further communication for constitution of committee for AMRCD has been received on 09.06.2022.
5.	Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) has registered 5 cases and filed FIRs against some employees of EPI out of which 2 cases have been registered during the year 2017-18 and 1 case in F.Y. 2016-17. The cases are in respect of alleged illegal gratification taken by the accused employees of EPI for award of tenders. EPI is not named as party in the FIRs and no financial impact on its financial statements is envisaged. Refer to note no. 2.41.	The Company has system of Reporting of Progress of such cases to the Board on periodical Basis by the vigilance Division
6.	Company has made an advance payment to sub-contractor amounting to Rs. 387.00 lakhs though sub-contractor is under	No Provision has been made in light of the Accounting Policy

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
	insolvency process and a resolution professional has been appointed for the same. The RP has admitted the claim of EPIL but the amount that can be recovered is not ascertainable. Refer Note No 2.12	no. 10 of the company, As the party has gone to NCLT in turn EPIL lodged the claim before the Resolution Professional duly appointed by NCLT and same has been accepted by the Resolution Professional vide email dt. 27.09.2021.
7.	MOD had blocked an amount of RO.11.35 Million as per the direction from the Primary Court of Sultanate of Oman in connection with the case filed by C & C Oman L.L.C. (Subsidiary of C & C Construction Ltd – India). EPI has collected the details of case no 119/1310/2021 from Muscat Primary court and filed an appeal in the Muscat Primary Court. Last hearing of case no 119/1310/2021 was on 19-04-2022 and further it was adjourned to 04-07-2022. EPI has also filed a petition before the courts of appeal vide no. 35/7135/2022 - 36/7135/2022 - 37/7135/2022 for encashment of Performance Bank Guarantees & upliftment of provisional seizure of RO. 11.35 Million from MOD. The court has heard the above 3 petitions for judgment on 13th of June 2022 and orders have been received in favour of EPI in the financial year i.e. 2022-23. Process for the necessary action in regard to the above cases has to be taken in financial year 2022-23 also. Refer note No 2.3 and 2.6.	Matter of fact only. Refer Note No. 2.29 (b)
8.	We draw attention to note no.2.4, regarding lease agreement of premises, which expired on 30.09.2015 and the matter has been referred to the Hon'ble Calcutta High Court for adjudication Vide case number 144 of 2016 and GA No.18 of 2022 on 08.02.2022 and is sub judice. During the year under review the Company has received a demand of Rs. 5952.70 Lacs (including interest amounting to Rs. 2581.27 Lacs and GST amounting to Rs. 514.28 Lacs) pertaining to the period from October, 2015 to March, 2022 from the Lessor of the premises. The Company has made provision for rent excluding GST as on 31.03.2022 amounting to Rs. 1659.22 Lacs (P.Y. 2.41 Lacs) based on minutes of meeting dated 01.10.2020 backed by ONGC judgement (one of the tenant in the premise), against the counter demand of Rs. 5438.42 Lacs (Excluding GST) by the lessor. As informed to us by the regional office management, provision for rent liability is made on the basis of internal assessment of the company on the date of balance sheet and legal proceedings will not have any material and adverse effect on the financial position of the company.	The matter has already been apprised to Board of Directors in its 277 meeting held on 22.11.2021 and also apprised the updated status in its 279 Meeting held on 06.07.2022 also. Refer Note No. 2.48.

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
9.	The Long term Loans and Advances includes "Income tax deducted" where no year-wise details for prior Assessment year are provided by the company for the difference in amount of Rs 0.92 Crore to the extent of the amount claimed by the company in Income tax Return. Refer Note No 2.11	The said differences are arising due to the non-passing of entries / adjustment entries relating to income tax TDS deductions made by the client till FY 2021-22 and will be made in current financial year.
10.	<p>The FY 2021-22 was an economic roller coaster with the impact of recurring bouts of COVID-19 and global disquiet counter-balanced to some extent by Country's economic resilience. Regular government spending throughout the year complemented by liquidity easing measures by the Reserve Bank of India prevented the risk of an economic meltdown and helped bolster the confidence of households and companies.</p> <p>The financial year 2021-22 was expected to be a year of recovery on the back of normalised resumption of economic activity and improved mobility, post the first COVID-19 wave. On the contrary, the year commenced with the onset of a more virulent second wave, resulting in a record number of infections and high mortality rate. The country witnessed partial lockdowns across different states, as opposed to complete lockdowns during the first wave. With improved vaccination efforts, the economy bounced back faster than anticipated. However, the recovery momentum was once more disrupted due to the emergence of the Omicron variant towards the end of Q3, which fortunately, lasted only for a brief period.</p> <p>The FY 2021-22 witnessed several headwinds viz. successive waves of COVID-19, supply chain disruptions worldwide causing unusual increase in commodity / solar module prices besides freight costs. These led not only to delayed order finalisations from the customer's end but also the measured pacing of progress in ongoing projects. The impact of COVID-19 pandemic continued to ravage communities impacting livelihoods, education and health and called for innovative approaches to address the ground realities. Significant efforts were deployed by continuing commitment to existing projects.</p> <p>Based on assessment of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the business/economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying value of its assets. The Company will continue to evaluate the pandemic-related uncertainty and update its assessment. (Refer Note No 2.53)</p>	Matter of fact only. Refer Note No. 2.53.

## STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

	Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
I.	<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
1	<b>Shareholders' Funds</b>					
	a) Share Capital	2.1	3,542.27		3,542.27	
	b) Reserves and Surplus	2.2	4,805.83		11,312.18	
	c) Money Received Against Share Warrants		-	8,348.10	-	14,854.45
2	<b>Share Application Money Pending Allotment</b>			-		-
3	<b>Non Current Liabilities</b>					
	a) Long Term Borrowings		-		-	
	b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		-		-	
	c) Other Long - Term Liabilities	2.3	68,748.54		64,106.16	
	d) Long - Term Provisions	2.4	4,757.94	73,506.48	3,209.97	67,316.13
4	<b>Current Liabilities</b>					
	a) Short Term Borrowings	2.5	41.53		4,845.32	
	b) Trade Payables:-	2.6				
	i) Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises		3,463.91		798.92	
	ii) Due to Other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		41,043.96		41,149.35	
	c) Other Current Liabilities	2.7	77,770.27		52,606.85	
	d) Short Term Provisions	2.8	1,163.04	123,482.71	1,417.81	100,818.25
	<b>Total</b>			<b>205,337.29</b>		<b>182,988.83</b>
II.	<b>ASSETS</b>					
1	<b>Non Current Assets</b>					
	a) Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets					
	i) Property, Plant & Equipment	2.9(i)	665.12		696.48	
	ii) Intangible Assets	2.9(ii)	20.05		24.50	
	iii) Capital Work-in-progress		-		-	
	iv) Intangible Assets Under Development	2.9(iii)	78.38		78.38	
	b) Non-Current Investment					
	c) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	2.10	1,295.32		1,332.30	
	d) Long Term Loans and Advances	2.11	7,009.43		10,618.68	
	e) Other Non Current Assets	2.12	54,812.24	63,880.54	57,131.52	69,881.86
2	<b>Current Assets</b>					
	a) Current Investments	2.13	-		-	
	b) Inventories	2.14	196.36		17.85	
	c) Trade Receivables	2.15	19,267.84		26,839.45	
	d) Cash and Cash Equivalents					
	i) Cash and cash equivalents	2.16 (i)	36,310.86		12,446.94	
	ii) Other Bank Balance	2.16 (ii)	12,654.78		17,357.44	
	e) Short Term Loans and Advances	2.17	24,887.93		19,635.40	
	f) Other Current Assets	2.18	48,138.98	141,456.75	36,809.89	113,106.97
	<b>Total</b>			<b>205,337.29</b>		<b>182,988.83</b>
	Significant Accounting Policies	1				
	Notes to accounts	2.1 to 2.54				

The accounting policies and notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For GSK & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.013838N /N500003

Sd/-  
(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta )  
Designated Partner  
Membership No. 093056  
Place: New Delhi  
Dated: 04 August, 2022  
UDIN: 22093056AOIQLV1353

Sd/-  
(RAJ PAL SINGH)  
Director (Finance)  
DIN: 08750557

Sd/-  
(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)  
Chairman cum Managing Director  
DIN: 07022825

Sd/-  
(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)  
GM (Finance) & CFO

Sd/-  
(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)  
Company Secretary



## STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars		Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
I.	Revenue From Operations	2.19	73,617.34	80,562.17
II.	Other Income	2.20	1,368.28	539.55
III.	<b>Total Income (I+II)</b>		<b>74,985.62</b>	<b>81,101.72</b>
IV.	<b>Expenses:</b>			
	Operating Expenses	2.21	68,464.02	74,876.65
	Employee Benefits Expenses	2.22	7,447.70	7,247.11
	Finance Costs	2.23	478.14	1,032.31
	Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	2.9	88.16	99.36
	Other Expenses	2.24	4,735.30	2,098.84
	Prior Period Expenses (Net)	2.25	3.80	116.26
	<b>Total Expenses</b>		<b>81,217.12</b>	<b>85,470.53</b>
V.	<b>Profit/ (Loss) before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (III-IV)</b>		<b>(6,231.50)</b>	<b>(4,368.81)</b>
VI.	Exceptional Items		-	-
VII.	<b>Profit/ (Loss) before Extraordinary Items and Tax (V-VI)</b>		<b>(6,231.50)</b>	<b>(4,368.81)</b>
VIII.	Extraordinary Items		-	-
IX.	<b>Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (VII-VIII)</b>		<b>(6,231.50)</b>	<b>(4,368.81)</b>
X.	Tax Expense			
	(1) Current Tax		-	42.25
	(2) Earlier Years Tax Adjustments (net)		237.87	23.18
	(3) Deferred Tax		36.98	540.07
XI.	<b>Profit/ (Loss) from Continuing Operations (IX-X)</b>		<b>(6,506.35)</b>	<b>(4,974.31)</b>
XII.	Profit / (Loss) from discontinuing Operations		-	-
XIII.	Tax Expense of discontinuing Operations		-	-
XIV.	<b>Profit / (Loss) from discontinuing Operations (After Tax) (XII-XIII)</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
XV.	<b>Profit / (Loss) for the year (XI+XIV)</b>		<b>(6,506.35)</b>	<b>(4,974.31)</b>
XVI.	<b>Earnings Per Share</b>	2.39		
	<b>(1) Basic</b>		<b>(18.37)</b>	<b>(14.04)</b>
	<b>(2) Diluted</b>		<b>(18.37)</b>	<b>(14.04)</b>
	Significant Accounting Policies	1		
	Notes to Accounts	2.1 to 2.54		

The accounting policies and notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For GSK & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.013838N /N500003

Sd/-

(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta)

Designated Partner

Membership No. 093056

Place: New Delhi

Dated: 04th August 2022

UDIN: 22093056AOIQLV1353

Sd/-  
(RAJ PAL SINGH)  
Director (Finance)  
DIN: 08750557

Sd/-  
(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)  
GM (Finance) & CFO

Sd/-  
(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)  
Chairman cum Managing Director  
DIN: 07022825

Sd/-  
(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)  
Company Secretary

## STANDALONE-CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>NET PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEM</b>	<b>(6,231.50)</b>	(4,368.81)
<b>ADJUSTMENTS FOR:</b>		
- DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	88.16	99.36
- LOSS/(PROFIT) ON SALE OF ASSETS (NET)	1.26	1.56
- INTEREST INCOME ON FDS	(23.94)	(53.41)
-EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE (Net)	(185.02)	(18.24)
-INTEREST EXPENSES	478.14	1,032.31
<b>OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES</b>	<b>(5,872.90)</b>	(3,307.23)
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN INVENTORIES	(178.51)	84.32
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN TRADE RECEIVABLES	7,335.85	16,268.61
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN TRADE PAYABLES	2,015.36	(13,182.31)
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN FDS UNDER LIEN	(4.42)	(5.01)
- INCREASE/( DECREASE) IN WORKING CAPITAL	3,523.24	(1,392.49)
<b>CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>6,818.62</b>	(1,534.11)
Less:		
-INTEREST EXPENSES	(478.14)	(1,032.31)
- INCOME TAX	(274.85)	(605.50)
<b>NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>6,065.63</b>	(3,171.92)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
- PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF FIXED ASSETS	(57.82)	(101.27)
- PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF ASSETS	4.20	4.51
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN DTA	36.98	540.07
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN Long Term Advances	3,609.25	26,023.22
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN Other Non Current Assets	2,559.46	(30,614.12)
- INTEREST INCOME	23.94	53.41
<b>NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>6,176.02</b>	(4,094.18)
<b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
- DIVIDEND PAID	-	(27.61)
- DIVIDEND TAX PAID	-	-
- (DECREASE)/INCREASE of Long Term Provisions	1,547.97	311.80
- (REPAYMENT)/Proceeds of Long Term Liabilities	5,186.62	4,546.99
<b>NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>6,734.59</b>	4,831.18
<b>EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE</b>	<b>185.02</b>	18.24
<b>NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>19,161.26</b>	(2,416.68)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	29,804.38	32,221.05
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR</b>	<b>48,965.64</b>	29,804.38
<b>RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
CASH IN HAND (REFER NOTE NO 2.16)	-	0.01
CHEQUES IN HAND (REFER NOTE NO 2.16)	-	-
REMITTANCE IN TRANSIT	-	-
BALANCE WITH BANK'S IN CURRENT ACCOUNTS (REFER NOTE NO 2.16)	36,310.86	12,446.93
BALANCE WITH OTHER BANK'S FIXED DEPOSITS OTHER (REFER NOTE NO 2.16)	12,654.78	17,357.44
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR</b>	<b>48,965.64</b>	29,804.38

**NOTE:**

- 1) Cash And Cash Equivalents Consist Of Cash And Bank Balances Including FDS , Interest Accrued And Liquid Investment Excluding FDS Under Lien / Margin.
- 2) The above Cash flow statement has been prepared by using Indirect Method as per accounting Standard "AS-3" "Cash Flow Statement" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
- 3) Cash & Cash Equivalents consists of Cash & Other bank balances and deposit with Banks.
- 4) Previous Year Figures have been regrouped, rearranged and recasted where ever necessary.

As per our report of even date attached  
For GSK & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.013838N /N500003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-  
(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta)  
Designated Partner  
Membership No. 093056  
Place: New Delhi  
Dated: 04th August 2022  
UDIN: 22093056AOIQLV1353

Sd/-  
(RAJ PAL SINGH)  
Director (Finance)  
DIN: 08750557

Sd/-  
(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)  
Chairman cum Managing Director  
DIN: 07022825

Sd/-  
(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)  
GM (Finance) & CFO

Sd/-  
(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)  
Company Secretary

## Notes to Standalone Financial Statement:-

(For the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022)

### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1. Basis of accounting

- a) The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention, on accrual basis, in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India and to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the “2013 Act”). The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.
- b) All Assets and Liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of operations and time within which the assets are expected to be realized in cash and cash equivalents in the ordinary course of business, the company has ascertained its operating cycles as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### 2. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, on the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting periods. Although these estimates are based upon management’s knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates and revisions, if any, are recognized in the current and future periods.

#### 3. Revenue recognition

- a) Contract Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the company and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is recognised by adding the aggregate cost of work and proportionate margin using the percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion is determined as a proportion of cost incurred to date to the total estimated cost of the contract revised annually.
- b) At the year end, works executed but not measured/partly executed are accounted for based on certification by Internal Engineers, entries arising out of such accounting are reversed in the following accounting year. Accordingly, statutory obligations are met with at the time of actual receipt/ issue of bills/claims.
- c) In case of projects foreclosed/terminated, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract value of which recovery is probable.
- d) Revenue from consultancy services is recognised on proportionate completion method. In respect of cases where ultimate collection with reasonable certainty is lacking at the time of claim, recognition is postponed till collection is made.

- e) In case of contracts where the contract costs exceed the contract revenues, anticipated loss is recognised immediately.
- f) Escalation and extra works not provided for in the contract with client, claims arising out of arbitration awards and insurance claims are accounted for on receipt basis.
- g) Liquidated damages arising from contractual obligations in respect of contracts under dispute/negotiation and not considered payable/receivable are not accounted for till final settlement.
- h) The contract is considered as closed for accounting purposes upon final billing, commissioning certificate, commercial run, foreclosure and/or termination whichever is earlier.
- i) Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable.
- j) Revenue from rent is recognized on accrual basis, based on the lease agreements with the tenants except where the ultimate collection is considered doubtful.
- k) In case of Project Management Consultancy work, where the responsibility of total execution, Billing, collection, compliances of Taxes including Defect Liability (DLP) etc. lies on company, the turnover will be recognized on percentage completion method based on cost plus margin.

#### 4. Inventory

##### (i) Materials

- a) Construction materials, consumables and stores & spares excluding steel, cement and pipes are charged to contract cost at the time of purchase. Sale proceeds on account of disposal of such left out materials are accounted as miscellaneous income in the year of sale.
- b) Stock of steel, cement and pipes are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes freight and other related incidental expenses and is arrived at on weighted average cost.

##### (ii) Work in Progress

Construction work in progress is valued at cost till such time the outcome of the job cannot be ascertained reliably.

#### 5. Foreign exchange transactions

Financial statements of foreign projects are translated in the following manner:

- i) Revenue items (income and expenditure) are translated into Indian currency on the basis of average of buying rate prevalent on the last working day of each month of the relevant financial year.
- ii) Property, Plant and Equipment and non-monetary items are translated at the buying rate at the date of transaction.

- iii) Depreciation is translated at the rates used for the translation of the value of the assets on which depreciation is calculated.
- iv) Inventories are translated at the buying rates prevalent at each balance sheet date.
- v) Monetary items (assets and liabilities) and contingent liabilities are translated at the prevailing closing buying rate at each balance sheet date.

The net exchange differences resulting from the translations are recognised as income or expense for the year.

## 6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is calculated on straight line basis based on the useful life of assets in accordance with the Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and 95% of the cost is written off during the expected useful life of assets.

## 7. Depreciation

- a) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is calculated on straight line basis based on the useful life of assets in accordance with the Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and 95% of the cost is written off during the expected useful life of assets.
- b) The following rates of depreciation derived on the basis of useful life of the assets have been adopted-

S.No.	Description of Assets	Rate of Depreciation
1	<b>Building (Other than factory Building) RCC frame structure (NESD)</b>	1.58%
2	<b>Others Temporary Construction (Including temporary structure etc.) (NESD)</b>	31.67%
3	<b>Plant and Machinery used in civil construction</b>	
3(a)(i)	Concreting, Crushing, Piling equipment and Road Making Machine	7.92%
3(a)(ii)(a)	Cranes with capacity of more than 100 tons	4.75%
3(a)(ii)(b)	Cranes with capacity of less than 100 tons	6.33%
3(a)(iii)	Earth moving equipments	10.56%
3(a)(iv)	Others including material handling/Pipeline/welding equipments(NESD)	7.92%

S.No.	Description of Assets	Rate of Depreciation
4	<b>General Furniture and Fixture (NESD)</b>	9.50%
5	<b>Office Equipments (NESD)</b>	19%
6	<b>Computers and data processing units (NESD)</b>	
6(a)	Server and Network	15.83%
6(b)	End user devices such as Desktop, Laptop, Software including user license fee, other intangible assets etc.	31.67%
7	<b>Motor Vehicles (NESD)</b>	
7(a)	Motorcycles, Scooters & Other Mopeds	9.50%
7(b)	Motor Buses, Motor Lorries and Motor Cars other than used in business of running them on hire	11.88%

Except for assets in respect of which no extra shift depreciation (NESD) is permitted as indicated, if an asset is used for any time during the year for double shift, the depreciation will increase by 50% for that period and in case of triple shift the depreciation shall be calculated on the basis of 100% for that period.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment acquired during the period, individually costing upto ₹ 5,000/- are fully depreciated in a year of purchase. However, Mobile phones provided to employees are charged to statement of profit and loss irrespective of its value”.

d) Leasehold Land & Leasehold Building are amortised over the period of lease or over the specified period calculated as per the rates adopted by the Company whichever is less. Leasehold land under perpetual lease is not being amortised and carried at cost.

Financial Impact of the changed policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

e) Intangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Software, which is not integral part of related hardware, is treated as intangible asset and amortized on straight line method over a period of three years or its license period, whichever is less. Intangible assets’ useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Financial Impact of the changed policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

## 8. Employee Benefits

(i) Short Term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Profit and Loss statement of the year in which the related service is rendered.

(ii) Post employment and the other long term employee benefits are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss statement for the year in which the employee has rendered services. The expense is recognised at the present value of the amounts payable determined using actuarial valuation techniques. The actuarial gains and losses in respect of post employment and other long term benefits are charged to the Profit and Loss statement.

## 9. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, and in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimation. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying the economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

## 10. Provision for Doubtful Debts/ Loans and Advances

The amount of Trade Receivables/ Loans and Advances in closed projects, pertaining to Central / State Governments and their Departments, PSU clients and Foreign clients are considered good for realization upto 10 years from the year these became due. These debts are under constant persuasion for realization till final settlement made with the client(s) or verdict is passed by the arbitral tribunal/ court, in case of dispute. Necessary provision against doubtful debts / loans and advances for **net receivable amount** on project basis is made in case the dues are outstanding for more than 10 years based on the previous experience/progress/assessment of the matter by the management. Trade Receivables/ Loans and Advances are written-off when considered unrealizable. For the cases pending with Arbitrator / Tribunal / Court no provision is made.

Net receivable indicated above means that the total amount due from the client reduced by the corresponding amount payable to the subcontractors of the respective Project.

## 11. Segment Reporting

The Company has identified two primary reporting segments based on geographic location of the projects viz. Domestic & International.

## 12. Impairment of assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount and the reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the profit and loss account. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciated historical cost and is accordingly reversed in the profit and loss account.

## 13. Taxation

Provision for tax for the year comprises estimated current income-tax determined as higher of the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the period or tax payable on book profit computed in accordance with the provisions of section 115BAA of the Income tax Act, 1961 and

deferred tax being the tax effect of temporary timing differences representing the difference between taxable and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods and is calculated in accordance with the relevant domestic tax laws.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In respect of carry forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

Minimum Alternate TAX ('mat') is not applicable to company being company opted for taxation u/s 115BAA of the Income Tax Act 1961.

#### 14. Leases

The Company as a lessee: Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as expense in the profit and loss account on straight line basis over the lease term.

The Company as a lessor: Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

Financial Impact of the changed policy during the current year as well as previous year is "NIL".

#### 15. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### 16. Adjustment pertaining to Prior Period Items and Prepaid Expenses

- a) Prior Period Items: Income/Expenditure pertaining to prior period upto Rs 1.00 lakhs in each case are not considered material and are included under the income/expenditure of the current year.
- b) Prepaid Expenses: Prepaid expenditure upto Rupee Rs 1.00 lakhs in each case not being considered material is included under the expenditure of the current year.



Financial Impact of the changed policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

### **17. Allocation of Corporate Office Overheads**

Corporate/ Head Office overheads relating to salary and related costs thereto are allocated to Oman project in the ratio of its turnover over the total turnover of EPI.

### **18. Investments**

Long term investments are stated at cost. Permanent decline in the value of such investments is recognized and provided for.

Current investments are stated at lower of cost and quoted/fair value. Unquoted current investments are stated at cost.

Financial Impact of the new policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

### **19. Cash Flow Statement**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

Financial Impact of the new policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

### **20. Dividend**

Final dividends on shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company’s Board of Directors.

Financial Impact of the new policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

## Note No. 2.1

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Share Capital	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>Authorised</b>		
90,94,04,600 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up (P.Y. 90,94,04,600 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	<b>90,940.46</b>	90,940.46
<b>Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up</b>		
3,54,22,688 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up (P.Y. 3,54,22,688 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	<b>3,542.27</b>	3,542.27
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,542.27</b>	3,542.27

### Note 2.1 (A)

Reconciliation of No. of Shares Outstanding	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	Number	Number
At the beginning of the year	<b>3,54,22,688</b>	3,54,22,688
<b>At the end of the year</b>	<b>3,54,22,688</b>	3,54,22,688

### Note 2.1 (B)

Number of Shares Held by Each Shareholder holding More Than 5%	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
	No. of Shares	% age Holding	No. of Shares	% age Holding
The President of India	<b>3,54,15,677</b>	<b>99.98</b>	3,54,15,677	99.98

## Note 2.1 (C)

Shares held by Promoters		As at 31st March 2022			As at 31st March 2021		
Sl. No.	Name	No. of Shares	% age of Total Shares	% Change during the year	No. of Shares	% age of Total Shares	% Change during the year
1.	The President of India	<b>3,54,15,677</b>	<b>99.98%</b>	-	3,54,15,677	99.98%	-
2.	Heavy Engineering Corporation Limited	3575	0.01%	-	3575	0.01%	-
3.	Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited	1892	0.01%	-	1892	0.01%	-
4.	Mining & Allied Machinery Corporation Limited	490	0.00%	-	490	0.00%	-
5.	Triveni Structurals Limited	490	0.00%	-	490	0.00%	-
6.	Instrumentation Limited	350	0.00%	-	350	0.00%	-
7.	Hindustan Steelworks Constructions Limited	210	0.00%	-	210	0.00%	-
8.	EPI Share Holder's Trust	4	0.00%	-	4	0.00%	-

## Note No. 2.2

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Reserve & Surplus	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>A) Capital Reserve</b>		
Balance as at the beginning and end of the year	2.10	2.10
<b>B) General Reserve</b>		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	2,115.00	2,115.00
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
<b>Balance as at the end of the year</b>	<b>2,115.00</b>	2,115.00
<b>C) Surplus i.e. Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss</b>		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	<b>9,195.08</b>	14,197.00
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	<b>(6,506.35)</b>	(4,974.31)
Less: Dividend Paid*	-	(27.61)
Less: Transfer of Last Year Profit	-	-
<b>Balance as at the end of the year</b>	<b>2,688.73</b>	9,195.08
<b>Total (A+B+C)</b>	<b>4,805.83</b>	11,312.18

\*The Ministry of Corporate Affairs while notifying Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 (G.S.R. 364(E) dated 30.03.2016 has amended Accounting Standard (AS)-4 "Contingencies and Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date". The para 14 of amended AS-4 provides that if dividends are declared after the balance sheet date, then such dividends are not recognized as a liability at the balance sheet date because no obligation exists at that date.

### Note No. 2.3

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Long Term Liabilities	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Payables**		
- Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises*	-	-
- Other than Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	14,493.34	14,761.49
- Disputed Dues- Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises*	-	-
- Disputed Dues -Other than Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	1,161.73	1,437.82
Other Liabilities		
- Security Deposits & Retention Money #	37,124.41	35,170.67
-Advance Received from Clients	15,815.35	12,553.98
- Other Payable to Clients	153.71	182.20
<b>Total</b>	<b>68,748.54</b>	<b>64,106.16</b>

\*\* Refer the Note No. 2.8A for Trade Payable ageing schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

\* Amount due to entities covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, have been identified on the basis of confirmations received from these entities and to the extent of the information available with the Company. There was no amount due for more than forty five days payable to these identified entities at any time during the year.

# Includes an amount of ₹ 1906.64 Lakhs received by EPIL in lieu of Bank Guarantee provided by EPIL for ₹ 4554.00 Lakhs on behalf of C&C Constructions Limited in Myanmar Project and balance is secured against work done in Oman. Refer Note no 2.29 for further details.

### Note No. 2.4

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Long Term Provisions	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Provision for other expenses	1,659.22	-
Employee Benefits:		
-Leave Encashment	1,243.15	1,368.33
-Gratuity	5.83	170.33
-Long Service Award	17.64	19.58
-Post Retirement Medical Benefits	1,828.56	1,647.88
-Post Retirement Travelling Allowance	3.54	3.85
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,757.94</b>	<b>3,209.97</b>

## Note No. 2.5

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Short Term Borrowing	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Secured		
- Loan Payable on Demand from Banks	-	-
Unsecured		
- Loan Payable on Demand from Banks *	41.53	4,845.32
Current Maturities of Long Term Borrowings	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>41.53</b>	<b>4,845.32</b>

\*Amount of ₹ 41.53 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 4,845.32 Lakhs) towards clean cash credit against fund based limit/short term loan with IOB Delhi.

## Note No. 2.6

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Trade Payables	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Payables**		
- Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises *	3,463.91	790.21
- Other than Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	41,043.96	41,149.35
- Disputed Dues- Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	-	8.71
- Disputed Dues - Other than Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>44,507.87</b>	<b>41,948.27</b>

\*\* Refer the Note No. 2.8A for Trade Payable ageing schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

\*Amount due to entities covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, have been identified on the basis of confirmations received from these entities and to the extent of the information available with the Company. There was no amount due for more than forty five days payable to these identified entities at any time during the year.

Based on information available with the company ₹ 3463.91 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 798.92 Lakhs) was payable to MSME at the end of the year (refer note no 2.51).

## Note No. 2.7

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Current Liabilities	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Advance From Clients	48,926.11	27,915.84
Security Deposits, Retention & Earnest Money	7,052.22	6,703.07
Outstanding Liabilities	758.91	1,052.48
Other Payable to Clients	625.74	559.07
Advance Revenue for Works	6,398.44	5,880.27
Payable to Employees *	589.06	842.01
Additional Claims Payable	8,757.65	8,274.82
Statutory Liabilities	4,662.14	1,379.29
<b>Total</b>	<b>77,770.27</b>	<b>52,606.85</b>

\* During the year ended on 31.03.2022 an amount of ₹ 23.53 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 38.72 Lakhs) related to Performance Related Pay is pending for release to certain employees.

Pursuant to the guidelines regarding pay revision (3rd PRC) w.e.f. 01.01.2017 provision of ₹ NIL (previous year ₹ NIL Lakhs) has been made in the books of accounts during FY 2021-22. The cumulative provision as at 31.03.2022 is ₹ 475.80 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 681.96 Lakhs).

## Note No. 2.8

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Short Term Provisions	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Provision for Expected Loss (As per AS-7)	601.46	806.50
Provision for Income Tax (Foreign)	-	42.25
Employee Benefits:		
-Leave Encashment	322.82	229.18
-Gratuity	84.71	88.16
-Long Service Award	6.77	3.33
-Post Retirement Medical Benefits	146.66	247.93
-Post Retirement Travelling Allowance	0.62	0.46
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,163.04</b>	<b>1,417.81</b>

## Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022					As at 31st March 2021				
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#					Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME	3,463.91	0.00	-	-	3,463.91	790.21	-	-	-	790.21
Others	35,357.18	4,806.22	2,422.29	11,591.91	54,177.61	37,937.29	2,264.74	5,133.58	9,262.33	54,597.94
Disputed Dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.71	8.71
Disputed Dues -Others	-	113.14	48.49	2,359.16	2,520.78	85.28	46.62	25.89	2,592.91	2,750.70
<b>Total</b>	<b>38,821.09</b>	<b>4,919.36</b>	<b>2,470.78</b>	<b>13,951.08</b>	<b>60,162.30</b>	<b>38,812.78</b>	<b>2,311.36</b>	<b>5,159.47</b>	<b>11,863.95</b>	<b>58,147.56</b>

# Similar information shall be given where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction.

**Note No. 2.9 (i)**  
**Property, Plant & Equipments as at 31.03.2022**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK			
	OPENING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	OPENING BALANCE	FOR THE YEAR	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Property, Plant & Equipment												
LAND FREEHOLD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LAND LEASEHOLD	16.16	-	-	-	16.16	3.64	0.15	-	-	3.79	12.37	12.52
BUILDING FREEHOLD	46.87	-	-	-	46.87	29.99	1.09	-	-	31.08	15.79	16.88
BUILDING LEASEHOLD*	667.13	-	-	21.88	645.25	290.34	12.77	-	21.88	281.24	364.02	376.79
COMPUTER AND EQUIPMENTS	519.22	28.86	(1.77)	49.71	496.60	465.92	19.36	(2.22)	46.92	436.13	60.47	53.30
OFFICE AND OTHER EQUIPMENTS	280.99	6.49	(1.19)	30.54	255.16	245.10	11.44	(1.32)	29.74	224.99	30.16	35.89
CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENTS	626.82	-	-	0.76	626.06	504.04	15.59	-	0.74	518.90	107.16	122.77
FURNITURES & FIXTURES	262.00	18.57	(6.39)	6.98	267.06	195.31	15.54	(6.42)	6.23	198.13	68.93	66.70
VEHICLES	72.06	-	-	29.86	42.19	60.43	3.92	-	28.37	35.98	6.22	11.63
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,491.25</b>	<b>53.92</b>	<b>(9.34)</b>	<b>139.74</b>	<b>2,395.36</b>	<b>1,794.77</b>	<b>79.86</b>	<b>(9.96)</b>	<b>133.88</b>	<b>1,730.24</b>	<b>665.12</b>	<b>696.48</b>
PREVIOUS YEAR	2,456.45	48.88	(0.00)	14.08	2,491.25	1,716.02	86.78	(0.00)	8.03	1,794.77	696.48	

\* Conveyance deeds in respect of building at Scope Complex, New Delhi included in fixed assets at a cost of ₹ 374.42 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 374.42 Lakhs) is pending for execution in the name of Company.



**Note No. 2.9 (ii)**  
**Intangible assets as at 31.03.2022**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK			
	OPENING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/ WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	OPENING BALANCE	FOR THE YEAR	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/ WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>INTANGIBLE ASSETS</b>												
SOFTWARES (ACQUIRED)	244.64	3.90	-	1.31	<b>247.23</b>	220.14	8.29	-	1.24	<b>227.18</b>	<b>20.05</b>	24.50
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>244.64</b>	<b>3.90</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.31</b>	<b>247.23</b>	<b>220.14</b>	<b>8.29</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.24</b>	<b>227.18</b>	<b>20.05</b>	24.50
PREVIOUS YEAR	244.73	-	-	0.09	244.64	207.63	12.58	-	0.07	220.14	24.50	

**Note No. 2.9 (iii)**  
**Intangible Assets as at 31.03.2021**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK			
	OPENING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/ WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	OPENING BALANCE	FOR THE YEAR	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/ WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>INTANGIBLE ASSETS (UNDER CONSTRUCTION)</b>												
SOFTWARES (UNDER CONSTRUCTION)	78.38	-	-	-	<b>78.38</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>78.38</b>	78.38
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>78.38</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>78.38</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>78.38</b>	78.38
<b>PREVIOUS YEAR</b>	<b>25.99</b>	<b>52.39</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>78.38</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>78.38</b>	
Gross Total Current Year	2,814.27	57.82	(9.34)	141.05	2,720.97	2,014.91	88.15	(9.96)	135.13	1,957.43	763.55	
Gross Total Previous Year	2,727.16	101.27	(0.00)	14.16	2,814.27	1,923.65	99.36	(0.00)	8.09	2,014.91	799.36	

\*Refer the Additional regulatory information at Note No. 2.52 which contains intangible assets under development aging schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

## Note No. 2.10

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Deferred Tax Assets (Net)*	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Depreciation on Fixed Assets	(47.57)	(605.47)
Provision for Doubtful Debts	848.13	1,106.37
Provision for Employee Benefits (AS-15)	343.38	443.54
Other Disallowances	151.38	387.86
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,295.32</b>	<b>1,332.30</b>

\* Tax rate applied for calculation of DTA is 25.168% (Income Tax 22%, surcharge 10%, health & education cess 4%)

## Note No. 2.11

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Long term Loans and Advances	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
(Unsecured, Considered Good Unless Stated Otherwise)		
Advance for Works:		
-Mobilization Advance Secured Against BG	2,003.78	1,347.69
-Secured against Material	289.28	110.66
-Other Advances	2,249.48	2,461.06
Other Advances Considered Doubtful	653.47	656.24
	<b>5,196.01</b>	4,575.65
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Advances	(653.47)	(653.47)
	<b>4,542.54</b>	3,922.18
Staff Loans & Advances	9.79	11.35
Advance Tax /TDS Recoverable	247.07	3,957.45
Less: Provision for Income Tax	-	(281.99)
Advance Tax (Foreign)	-	519.41
MAT Credit	-	-
Indirect Tax (Recoverable, Input Tax Credit, Advance)	2,210.03	2,490.28
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,009.43</b>	<b>10,618.68</b>

## Note No. 2.12

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Non Current Assets	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
Trade Receivables*				
Secured Considered Good	-		-	
Unsecured Considered Good	5,907.66		5,671.90	
Considered Doubtful	754.60		698.79	
	<b>6,662.26</b>		<b>6,370.69</b>	
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Recoveries	<b>(754.60)</b>	<b>5,907.66</b>	<b>(698.79)</b>	<b>5,671.90</b>
Security Deposits & Retention Money Considered Doubtful	25,939.37		27,613.70	
	880.22		880.22	
	<b>26,819.59</b>		<b>28,493.92</b>	
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Recoveries	<b>(880.22)</b>	<b>25,939.37</b>	<b>(880.22)</b>	<b>27,613.70</b>
Other Assets				
Fixed Deposits #		<b>86.74</b>		<b>82.32</b>
Recoverable from Clients, Vendors & Others	22,878.47		23,763.60	
Considered Doubtful	1,081.59		1,081.59	
	<b>23,960.06</b>		<b>24,845.19</b>	
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Recoveries	<b>(1,081.59)</b>	<b>22,878.47</b>	<b>(1,081.59)</b>	<b>23,763.60</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>54,812.24</b>		<b>57,131.52</b>

\*Refer the Note No 2.15A for Trade Receivables ageing schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

# As on 31.03.2022 Company has pledged fixed deposits amounting to ₹ 86.74 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 82.32 Lakhs) with clients/others on account of earnest money deposit/security deposit submitted to Client is under dispute, matter is sub-judice.

## Note No. 2.13

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Current Investments	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Unquoted Investment in 51000 (P.Y. 51000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- Each Fully Paid up of EPI Urban Infra Developers Ltd. (Subsidiary Company)	5.10	5.10
Less Provision for Diminuation in Value of Investment.	(5.10)	(5.10)
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**Note No. 2.14**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Inventories	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Materials : (Lower of Cost or NRV)		
-Steel	196.36	17.85
-Cement	-	-
-Pipes & Others	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>196.36</b>	<b>17.85</b>

**Note No. 2.15**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Trade Receivables	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Receivables*		
Secured Considered Good	-	-
Unsecured Considered Good	19,267.84	26,839.45
Considered Doubtful	-	-
	<u>19,267.84</u>	<u>26,839.45</u>
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Recoveries	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>19,267.84</b>	<b>26,839.45</b>

\*Refer the Note No. 2.15A for Trade Receivables ageing schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

**Note No. 2.15 A**

**Trade Receivables ageing schedule**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022						As at 31st March 2021					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#						Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#					
	Less than 6 Months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Less than 6 Months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	7,932.57	9,396.44	1,240.82	282.32	3,438.21	22,290.36	21,575.59	3,962.64	124.27	159.62	3,803.92	29,626.03
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	118.85	118.85	-	-	-	-	63.04	63.04
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	2,885.14	2,885.14	-	-	-	0.86	2,884.46	2,885.32
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	635.76	635.76	-	-	-	-	635.76	635.76
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,932.57</b>	<b>9,396.44</b>	<b>1,240.82</b>	<b>282.32</b>	<b>7,077.95</b>	<b>25,990.10</b>	<b>21,575.59</b>	<b>3,962.64</b>	<b>124.27</b>	<b>160.48</b>	<b>7,387.17</b>	<b>33,210.14</b>

# similar information shall be given where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction.

**Note No. 2.16 (i)**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Cash and cash equivalents	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Cash & Cash Equivalents		
Balances With Banks		
-In Current Accounts*	25,556.79	8,597.29
-Fixed Deposit (With Maturity Upto 3 Months)**	10,754.07 <b>36,310.86</b>	3,849.64 12,446.93
Cash on Hand	-	0.01
<b>Total</b>	<b>36,310.86</b>	12,446.94

**Note No. 2.16 (ii)**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Bank Balances	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Fixed Deposits # ** (With Maturity More Than 3 Months but less than 12 months)	12,654.78	17,357.44
<b>Total</b>	<b>12,654.78</b>	17,357.44

\*Out of the above Balance in Current Account ₹ 24,488.10 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 7,748.59 Lakhs) is held as deposit on behalf of client.

\*\*Out of the above Balance in Fixed Deposits ₹ 22,554.99 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 20,539.89 Lakhs) is held as deposit on behalf of client. As on 31.03.2022 Company has pledged fixed deposits amounting to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ 30.00 Lakhs) with clients/others on account of earnest money deposit/security deposit.

# As on 31.03.2022 Company has pledged fixed deposits amounting to ₹ 325.27 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 288.44 lakhs) with clients/others on account of earnest money deposit/security deposit/Sales Tax Department.

### Note No. 2.17

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Short Term Loan & Advances	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
(Unsecured, Considered Good Unless Stated Otherwise)		
Advance for Works:		
-Mobilization Advance Secured Against BG	3,894.67	4,528.55
-Secured Against Material	643.15	442.57
-Other Advances	803.16	1,088.71
	<b>5,340.98</b>	<b>6,059.83</b>
Advance Tax /TDS Recoverable	2,255.93	13.29
Indirect Tax (Recoverable, Input Tax Credit, Advance)	4,278.58	2,497.38
Staff Loans & Advances	44.99	24.70
Security, Retention & Earnest Money Receivable	12,967.45	11,040.20
<b>Total</b>	<b>24,887.93</b>	<b>19,635.40</b>

### Note No. 2.18

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Current Assets	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Interest Accrued but not due on Bank Deposits	192.55	50.73
Prepaid Expenses	126.52	277.02
Recoverable from Clients, Vendors & Others	23,863.34	11,545.10
Unbilled Revenue	23,956.57	24,937.04
<b>Total</b>	<b>48,138.98</b>	<b>36,809.89</b>

### Note No. 2.19

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Revenue From Operations	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Value of Work Done	72,965.47	66,638.98
Other Operating Income	651.87	13,923.19
<b>Total</b>	<b>73,617.34</b>	<b>80,562.17</b>

**Note No. 2.20**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Income	For the Year ended 31st March 2022		For the Year ended 31st March 2021	
Interest Income earned on:				
Deposits with Bank	<b>23.94</b>		53.41	
Staff Advances	<b>1.04</b>		0.85	
Other (Sub Contractor /Clients / I. T. Refund)	<b>550.10</b>	<b>575.08</b>	199.41	253.67
Other non-Operating Income:				
Unspent Liabilities/Balances Written Back	-		14.72	
Miscellaneous Income	<b>602.23</b>		243.56	
Foreign Exchange Variation Gain	<b>190.97</b>		27.60	
Reversal of Provision for Expected Loss as per AS-7	-	<b>793.20</b>	-	285.88
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,368.28</b>		539.55

**Note No. 2.21**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Operating Expenses	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Civil, Mechanical, Electrical Works	<b>65,933.12</b>	60,474.35
Design & Consultancy Charges	<b>1,021.24</b>	438.64
Other Direct Expenditure	<b>1,009.89</b>	681.00
Provision for Expected Loss (As per AS-7)	<b>(29.62)</b>	(326.81)
Claims Paid	<b>529.27</b>	13,608.24
Royalty	<b>0.12</b>	1.23
<b>Total</b>	<b>68,464.02</b>	74,876.65

**Note No. 2.22**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Employee Benefits Expenses	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Salary & Allowances #	<b>5,977.06</b>	5,919.02
Contribution to Provident & Gratuity Funds \$	<b>540.28</b>	566.91
Staff Welfare Expenses *	<b>930.36</b>	761.18
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,447.70</b>	7,247.11

# Salary & Allowances includes a provision of ₹ NIL (previous year ₹ NIL) created on account of Pay Revision (3rd PRC).

\$ Includes an amount of ₹ 17.50 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 35.40 Lakhs) on account of interest shortfall of Provident Fund Trust.

\* Includes medical expenses, leave encashment, long service award and other staff welfare expenses.



### Note No. 2.23

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Finance Cost	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Interest Paid to		
- Bank	248.60	791.34
- Others	229.54	240.97
<b>Total</b>	<b>478.14</b>	<b>1,032.31</b>

### Note No. 2.24

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Expenses	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Printing & Stationery	43.29	55.84
Rates & Taxes	109.76	341.92
Postage & Telecommunication	99.35	110.76
Repair & Maintenance		
Office	287.87	355.26
Building	48.49	19.39
Other Fixed Assets	0.30	0.23
Computer Expenses	73.50	63.11
Water Power & Fuel charges	93.90	82.17
Tendering Expenses	22.83	25.20
Advertisement & Publicity	13.76	2.40
Legal & Professional Charges	209.96	140.58
Advisors On Contract	7.89	15.24
Insurance	30.04	35.82
Entertainment	13.75	12.80
Bank Charges	66.53	135.59
Vehicle Running & Maintenance	25.37	22.74
Manpower Development	3.71	1.11
Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	1.26	1.56
Sponsorship Fee	-	2.15
Travelling & Other Incidental Expenses (Domestic) \$	412.03	450.40
Travelling & Other Incidental Expenses (Foreign)	13.46	3.73
CSR & Sustainability *	-	1.33
Research & Development	-	-
Auditor's Remuneration @	19.23	20.16
Business Promotion	13.58	13.26
Office Rent	1,835.59	135.97
Membership & Subscription Fee	2.65	3.57
Filing & Registration Fee	1.84	6.31
Provision for Doubtful Debts, Loans & Advances & Others	55.81	-
Amounts Written off for Doubtful Recovery	1,166.14	-
Foreign Exchange Variation (Gain)/ Loss	5.95	9.36
Miscellaneous Expenses	57.46	30.88
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,735.30</b>	<b>2,098.84</b>

\$ Travelling and other incidental expenses includes ₹ NIL Lakhs towards site living hardship expenses

(previous year ₹ 47.40 Lakhs) and travelling expenses of directors ₹ 12.35 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 3.76 Lakhs).

\* In accordance with provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average of its net profit from the immediately preceding three financial years on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). Gross amount spent by the Company for CSR and Sustainability during the year is ₹ NIL ( previous year 1.33 Lakhs being amount carried forward from budgets of previous year).

**@ Details in respect of payment to auditors:**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Auditors' Remuneration	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Audit Fee #	15.76	16.66
Tax Audit #	3.26	2.94
Other Services (Certification fee)	0.21	0.19
Other Expenses	-	0.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>19.23</b>	<b>20.16</b>

# Auditors Remuneration are recorded without GST amount.

**Note No. 2.25**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Prior Period Adjustments (Net)	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Income		
Operating Income	-	-
Other Income	-	-
<b>Sub-Total of Prior Period Income (A)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Less: Expenses		
Operating Expenses	-	116.26
Employee Remuneration and Benefits	-	-
Depreciation	-	-
Others	3.80	-
<b>Sub-Total Prior Period Expenses(B)</b>	<b>3.80</b>	<b>116.26</b>
<b>Total Prior Period Expenses (Net) (B-A)</b>	<b>3.80</b>	<b>116.26</b>

## Note No. 2.26

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Contingent Liabilities and Commitments		As at	As at
Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts :		31st March 2022	31st March 2021
1	In respect of Legal and Arbitration:		
a	Claims pending for adjudication, amount thereof has been taken wherever quantified or reasonably ascertainable.*	55,440.14	48,305.68
b	In respect of cases where awards are published in favor of company but defendants have gone to appeal.*	5,937.17	6,253.07
	<b>Sub Total (1)</b>	<b>61,377.31</b>	54,558.75
2	In respect of Income Tax/ Sales Tax / Works Contract Tax/ Service Tax demand in respect of completed assessments under dispute/appeals.	5,133.87	5,548.42
3	In respect of Guarantees issued on behalf of Client	-	-
	<b>Grand Total (1+2+3)</b>	<b>66,511.18</b>	60,107.17

\*Against the above, the Company has corresponding counter claims.

## Note No. 2.27

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Development of Intangible Asset and not provided for ₹ 1.57 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 53.96 Lakhs) on account of implementation of ERP and Nil amount has been capitalised during FY 2021-22 in this respect.

## Note No. 2.28

Expenditure in Foreign Currency:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Sl.No.	Particulars	Year ended 31.03.22	Year ended 31.03.21
1	Operational Expenditure	833.85	26,015.43
2	Professional & Consultancy Charges	4.42	47.24
3	Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Loss	5.95	9.36
4	Purchase of Fixed Assets	2.29	1.06
5	<b>Administrative &amp; Other Expenses:</b>		
a	Travel	68.26	53.61
b	Tendering Expenses	-	-
c	Others	636.06	1,133.09
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,550.84</b>	27,259.79

## Earning in Foreign currency:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Sl.No.	Particulars	Year ended 31.03.22	Year ended 31.03.21
1	Work Receipts	1,275.44	27,520.77
2	Interest Income	3.19	16.98
3	Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Gain	190.97	27.60
4	Others	19.20	0.08
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,488.80</b>	<b>27,565.42</b>

Foreign exchange remitted from Oman ₹ 0.56 Lakhs equivalent USD 763.84 only during the financial year 2021-22 (previous year ₹ 1,249.66 Lakhs equivalent USD 17.00 Lakhs).

### Note No. 2.29

- Company has utilised non fund based credit limits of ₹ 48,717.12 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 47,069.90 Lakhs) against sanctioned limit of ₹ 75,826.50 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 84,879.80 Lakhs) from various banks without any security. This includes ₹ 7,590.00 Lakhs towards project to be executed in Myanmar by EPI-C&C JV, which includes ₹ 4,554.00 Lakhs towards bank guarantee issued on behalf of its lead partner i.e. C&C Constructions Limited and ₹ 3,036.00 Lakhs on its own behalf.
- In lieu of BG provided by EPIL for ₹ 4,554.00 Lakhs on behalf of C&C Constructions Limited in Myanmar Project, EPIL has received ₹ 1,906.64 Lakhs and balance is secured against work done in Oman. During the year, MEA vide its letter dated 09<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance and subsequently invoked BG amounting to ₹ 75.90 cr. (EPI portion – 30.36 cr & C&C portion – 45.54 cr). In turn, EPI vide its letter dated 11<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 terminated the contract of its sub-contractor M/s RK-RPP JV (awarded value ₹ 414 cr) and invoked its BG due to non-performance of ₹ 20.70 cr (5% of ₹ 414 cr).
- M/s C&C Construction Limited our 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture “EPI - C&C JV (unincorporated)” and our main contractor in our Oman Project is currently facing insolvency proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL'S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.

## Note No. 2.30

### Disclosure as per AS-17

The company has identified two primary segments namely Domestic and Foreign. Accordingly, the segment information is as under-

### Primary Segment Information-(Geographic)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	Current Year (2021-22)				Previous Year (2020-21)			
	Domestic	Foreign	Un-allocated	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Un-allocated	Total
<b>Type of Business</b>	<b>Construction</b>				<b>Construction</b>			
Revenue from Operation	72,341.90	1,275.44	-	73,617.34	53,041.40	27,520.77	-	80,562.17
Other Income	225.17	213.36	929.75	1,368.28	154.18	44.65	340.72	539.55
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>72,567.08</b>	<b>1,488.80</b>	<b>929.75</b>	<b>74,985.62</b>	<b>53,195.59</b>	<b>27,565.42</b>	<b>340.72</b>	<b>81,101.72</b>
Results								
Profit before Interest, Depreciation and Tax	(3,266.35)	(46.29)	(2,352.56)	(5,665.20)	(1,214.98)	319.80	(2,341.96)	(3,237.14)
Interest	229.54	-	248.60	478.14	240.97	-	791.34	1,032.31
Depreciation	40.54	4.35	43.27	88.16	42.24	5.60	51.52	99.36
Profit before Tax	(3,536.43)	(50.64)	(2,644.43)	(6,231.50)	(1,498.18)	314.20	(3,184.83)	(4,368.81)
Profit After Tax	(3,536.43)	(51.09)	(2,918.83)	(6,506.35)	(1,498.18)	248.78	(3,724.90)	(4,974.31)
Capital Expenditure Addition to Tangible and Intangible Assets)	52.28	2.29	3.25	57.82	27.15	1.06	73.06	101.27
<b>Other Information</b>	<b>As at 31st March 2022</b>				<b>As at 31st March 2021</b>			
Total Assets	1,44,864.13	46,892.48	13,580.68	2,05,337.29	1,26,217.89	45,032.40	11,738.54	1,82,988.83
Property, Plant and Equipment & Intangible Assets (Carrying Amount)	149.68	23.61	590.25	763.55	141.70	25.77	631.90	799.36
Total Liabilities	1,51,501.08	40,789.85	4,698.27	1,96,989.20	1,15,431.08	44,795.93	7,907.38	1,68,134.38

## Note No. 2.31

Disclosure pursuant to requirements of Accounting Standard 7 "Construction Contracts".

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
1	Revenue from operations	73,617.34	80,562.17
2	Contract costs incurred and profit recognised upto the reporting date	11,29,417.19	10,72,521.64
3	Advances received	64,741.46	40,469.82
4	Gross amount due from customers for contract work- presented as an asset (Unbilled Revenue)	23,956.57	24,937.04
5	Gross amount due to customers for contract work – presented as a liability. (Advance Revenue for Work)	6,398.44	5,880.27
6	Retention money Receivable	25,036.57	25,027.90

## Note No. 2.32

### Details of Employee benefits as per AS-15:-

#### i) Changes in defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Gratuity	Long term compensated absences	Long service award	Post-retirement medical benefit	Post-retirement Travel Allowance
	(Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)
Discount rate	6.90% (6.50%)	6.90% (6.50%)	6.90% (6.50%)	6.90% (6.50%)	6.90% (6.50%)
Rate of increase in compensation levels/ Premium Inflation/ Cost of Travel	3.00%	3.00%	-	3.00%	3.00%
Expected rate of return on assets	6.90% (6.50%)	- -	- -	- -	- -
Retirement Age *	60 years	60 years	60 years	60 years	60 years
Mortality Table	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	Pre-retirement: IALM(2012-14) Ultimate Post Retirement: LIC (1996-98) Ult	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate
Age*	Employee Turnover (%)				
Upto 35 Years	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
From 36 to 45 Years	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Above 46 Years	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

\* Same as previous year

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	Long term compensated absences	Long service award	Post-retirement medical benefit	Post-retirement Travel Allowance
	(Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)
Projected Benefit Obligation at the beginning of year	1,671.42 (1,669.24)	1,597.51 (1,462.65)	22.91 (24.09)	1,895.80 (1,705.57)	4.32 (5.52)
Current service cost	85.38 (86.77)	99.49 (98.34)	1.08 (0.95)	26.85 (32.62)	0.28 (0.26)
Interest cost	101.19 (101.45)	103.84 (88.77)	1.49 (1.44)	123.23 (111.86)	0.28 (0.18)
Actuarial (Gain)/loss	(8.55) (17.48)	157.25 (142.23)	4.40 (1.28)	143.64 (45.75)	(0.44) ((0.75))
Acquisition adjustment	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Benefits Paid	(196.31) ((203.53))	(392.11) ((194.48))	(5.48) ((4.85))	(214.30) -	(0.28) ((0.90))
Past Service Cost	-				
Projected Benefit Obligation at end of year	1,653.14 (1,671.42)	1,565.98 (1,597.51)	24.41 (22.91)	1,975.22 (1,895.80)	4.16 (4.32)

ii) Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets (Gratuity)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
	(Funded)	(Funded)
Fair value of Plan Assets as at beginning of the year	1,412.92	1,671.42
Expected Return on Plan Assets	87.25	94.66
Actual Contributions	258.49	144.32
Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	0.23	(3.12)
Benefits Paid	(196.31)	(203.53)
Acquisition Adjustment		-
Fair value of Plan Assets as at end of the year	1,562.59	1,557.25

**iii) Amount recognized in the Balance Sheet**
**(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)**

Particulars	Gratuity	Long term compensated absences	Long service award	Post-retirement medical benefit	Post-retirement Travel Allowance
	(Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)
Defined benefits obligation as at end of year	1,653.14 (1,671.42)	1,565.98 (1,597.51)	24.41 (22.91)	1,975.22 (1,895.80)	4.16 (4.32)
Fair value of plan assets as at end of year	1,562.59 (1,412.92)	- -	- -	- -	- -
Funded Status Asset / (Liability)	(90.54) ((258.50))	(1,565.98) ((1597.51))	(24.41) ((22.91))	(1,975.22) ((1895.80))	(4.16) ((4.32))
Net (Liability)/ Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	(90.54) ((258.50))	(1,565.98) ((1597.51))	(24.41) ((22.91))	(1,975.22) ((1895.80))	(4.16) ((4.32))

**iv) Expenses recognized in the Profit and Loss Account**
**(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)**

Particulars	Gratuity	Long term compensated absences	Long service award	Post-retirement medical benefit	Post-retirement Travel Allowance
	(Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)
Current Service cost	85.38 (86.77)	99.49 (98.34)	1.08 (0.95)	26.85 (32.62)	0.28 (0.26)
Interest cost	101.19 (101.45)	103.84 (88.77)	1.49 (1.44)	123.23 (111.86)	0.28 (0.18)
Expected return on Plan Assets	(87.25) ((94.66))	- -	- -	- -	- -
Net actuarial (Gain)/ Loss recognized in the period	(8.77) (20.60)	157.25 (142.23)	4.40 (1.28)	143.64 (45.75)	(0.44) ((0.75))
Past Service Cost	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Expenses recognized in the P & Loss A/c	90.54 (114.17)	360.58 (329.34)	6.97 (3.67)	293.72 (190.23)	0.13 (0.31)



v) Comparative Data of last five years - Gratuity

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	1,653.14	(1,671.42)	1,669.24	1,728.93	1,874.04
b)	Plan asset at the end of period	1,562.59	(1,412.92)	1,524.92	1,699.77	1,196.01
c)	Funded Status	(90.54)	(258.50)	(144.32)	(29.16)	(678.03)
d)	Experience adjustment on plan Liabilities (loss) / gain	(90.54)	(258.50)	(144.32)	(29.16)	(678.03)

vi) Comparative Data of last five years - Leave encashment

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	1,565.98	1,597.51	1,462.65	1,506.23	1,291.87
b)	Fair value of Plan asset at the end of period	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Funded Status	(1,565.98)	(1,597.51)	(1,462.65)	(1,506.23)	(1,291.87)
d)	Net (Liability)/Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	(1,565.98)	(1,597.51)	(1,462.65)	(1,506.23)	(1,291.87)

vii) Comparative Data of last five years - Long Service Award

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	24.41	22.91	24.09	18.64	30.66
b)	Fair value of Plan asset at the end of period	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Funded Status	(24.41)	(22.91)	(24.09)	(18.64)	(30.66)
d)	Net (Liability)/Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	(24.41)	(22.91)	(24.09)	(18.64)	(30.66)

**viii) Comparative Data of last five years - Post Retirement Medical Benefits**
**(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)**

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	<b>1,975.22</b>	1,895.80	1,705.57	1,850.47	1,760.56
b)	Fair value of Plan asset at the end of period	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Funded Status	<b>(1,975.22)</b>	(1,895.80)	(1,705.57)	(1,850.47)	(1,760.56)
d)	Net (Liability)/Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	<b>(1,975.22)</b>	(1,895.80)	(1,705.57)	(1,850.47)	(1,760.56)

**ix) Comparative Data of last five years - Leave Travel Concession**
**(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)**

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	4.16	4.32	5.52	3.56	2.97
b)	Fair value of Plan asset at the end of period	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Funded Status	(4.16)	(4.32)	(5.52)	(3.56)	(2.97)
d)	Net (Liability)/Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	(4.16)	(4.32)	(5.52)	(3.56)	(2.97)

Figures of previous year are indicated in italics & brackets (\*).

The company provides for gratuity, long term compensated absences, post-retirement medical benefits, long service award and one time post retirement travelling allowance on actuarial basis as per provision of AS-15.

**Note No. 2.33**
**Related Party Disclosures**

In accordance with Accounting Standard-18 “Related Party Disclosures” specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts), Rules 2014, the names of related parties along with aggregate amount of transactions as identified and certified by the management are given as follows-

- (i) MHI has entrusted the Additional Charge of the Post of Director (Finance), EPI to Shri R. P. Singh, GM (Finance & Accounts), Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd. (BHEL) for a period of Six Months w.e.f. date of taking over charge or appointment of regular incumbent or till further orders, whichever is earliest. Shri R. P. Singh, Director (Finance) (A/C) assumed charge on 18th October 2021. Further MHI has extended the entrustment of the Additional Charge of the post of Director (Finance), EPI for a further period of six months w.e.f. 15.03.2022 to 14.09.2022 or till a regular incumbent joins the post of until further orders, whichever is the earliest.
- (ii) Key Management Personnel with whom there were transactions during the year:
  - Shri. D. S. Rana, Chairman & Managing Director (w.e.f. 19.09.2019)
  - Shri H. N. Thakur, Director (Projects) (w.e.f. 21.10.2019)
  - Shri R. P. Singh, Director (Finance) (A/C) (w.e.f. 18.10.2021)

- Smt Sukriti Likhi, Part Time Official Director (Govt. Nominee) (upto 15.06.2021)
- Smt Nidhi Chhibber, Part Time Official Director (Govt. Nominee) (w.e.f. 15.06.2021)
- Smt. Neelam S. Kumar, Part Time Official Director (Govt. Nominee) (upto 31.10.2021)
- Shri Rajesh Kumar, Part Time Official Director (Govt. Nominee) (w.e.f. 01.11.2021)
- Smt. Akanksha Pare, Part Time Non-official Director (Independent Director) (w.e.f. 02.11.2021)
- Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav, Part Time Non-official Director (Independent Director) (w.e.f. 02.11.2021)
- Shri Kapil Mohan Saxena, Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f. 02.07.2021 upto 31.03.2022)
- Shri Nitesh Kumar Goyal, Company Secretary (w.e.f. 17.07.2020)
- Late P M Chandraiah, Director (Finance) and Chief Financial Officer (upto 30.04.2021)

(iii) EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited (EPIUIDL) was incorporated as Subsidiary of EPIL on 19.5.2016. As on 31.03.2022, the summary winding up petition under Section 361 of the Companies Act 2013 in respect of EPIUIDL was pending for approval with Regional Director. Afterwards the same was taken up by Regional Director (North), MCA in April 2022. It has been informed by RD (MCA) that the petition filed is not a fit case for summary procedure for liquidation and other course of action available under the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, an application for Striking off the name of the EPIUIDL pursuant to Section 248(1)(a) of the Company Act 2013 has been filed to the Director General of Corporate Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 23.05.2022.

Details of Directors/CEO in EPIUIDL, Subsidiary of EPI during the year 2021-22:

1. Shri Kapil Tara, ED (WRO), EPI (under suspension from EPI w.e.f. 20.03.2017) as Part Time CEO (KMP), EPIUIDL superannuated on 30.09.2020.
2. Shri Nandkishor Motilal Shah, Part Time Director representing BUIDPL.
3. Shri Baman Keki Dinshah Bamanji Mehta, Part Time Director representing DCPL (resigned on 19.08.2021).

Details of transactions with subsidiary Company:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	As on 31st March 2022	As on 31st March 2021	Nature
Opening Balance (Amount Recoverable) {A}	2.13	2.13	Debit
Reimbursement of Expenses on behalf of Subsidiary {B}	-	-	Debit
Amount Received from Subsidiary {C}	-	-	Credit
Closing Balance (Amount Recoverable) {D} [D = A + B - C]	2.13	2.13	Debit

iv) A Joint Venture "EPI-C&C JV" (Unincorporated) was formed on 2nd August 2017 between Engineering Projects (India) Ltd and C&C Construction Limited for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH specification from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to KM 109.20 on EPC mode in Chin State of Myanmar having participating interest of 60% for C&C Construction Ltd and 40% for Engineering Projects (India) Ltd. C&C Construction Ltd will act as lead partner of JV. "EPI-C&C JV" has been treated as jointly controlled operation. During the year, MEA vide its letter

dated 09<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance. Since M/s C&C Construction Limited who is our 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture “EPI - C&C JV (unincorporated)” and our main contractor in our Oman Project is currently facing insolvency proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL’S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.

v) The following transactions were carried out with related parties in ordinary course of business:

#### **Details of Directors Remuneration**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Salary*	84.88	96.58
Contribution to provident fund	7.35	7.58
House rent/Lease Rent	-	-
Medical Expenses	3.85	7.95
Sitting fees#	1.70	-

\*Shri R. P. Singh Director-Finance (Addl. Charge) was not employed in the company and no salary/allowances have been paid to him during the FY 2021-22.

#Sitting fees have been paid only to Independent Directors.

#### **Note No. 2.34**

Quantitative details for the stock of construction material are given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Quantity (MT)	Value (₹ in Lakhs)	Quantity (MT)	Value (₹ in Lakhs)
CEMENT	-	-	-	-
STEEL	384.51	196.36	38.22	17.85
STEEL PIPES	-	-	-	-

#### **Note No. 2.35**

As decided by Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA), the process of strategic disinvestment of Engineering Projects (India) Ltd. is in progress. Presently the activity of Asset monetization (under DIPAM Disinvestment scheme) is in process and Company is adhering all the Policies/guidelines/framework etc. issued from time to time in this regard.

## Note No. 2.36

Disclosure under Accounting Standard-29 on “Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets”:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	Opening Balance	Provision made during the year	Paid/Adj. during the year	Provision written back	Closing Balance
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)=(ii+iii-iv-v)
Project Contingencies*	3,314.07	55.81	-	-	3,369.88
Employee Benefits	3,779.03	751.94	870.67	-	3,660.31
Pay Revision (3rd PRC)	681.96	-	206.16	-	475.80
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,775.06</b>	<b>807.75</b>	<b>1,076.42</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7,505.98</b>
Previous Year	7,349.31	637.41	334.88	0.31	7,651.12

\* Provision made for receivable amount on project basis (net of payable).

## Note No. 2.37

Management has made an assessment and found that there is no indication of any impairment in the value of fixed assets. Hence no provision is required to be made as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.

## Note No.2.38

In accordance with provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average of its net profit from the immediately preceding three financial years on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). Gross amount spent by the Company for CSR and Sustainability during the year is NIL (previous year ₹ 1.33 Lakhs being amount carried forward from budgets of previous year).

With reference to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs’ notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III, additional regulatory information for CSR are under:

Particulars	Remarks
(a) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	Nil
(b) Amount of expenditure incurred,	Nil
(c) Shortfall at the end of the year,	Nil
(d) Total of previous years shortfall,	Nil
(e) Reason for shortfall,	Not Applicable
(f) Nature of CSR activities,	Not Applicable
(g) Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard,	Not Applicable
(h) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year should be shown separately.	Not Applicable

### Note No. 2.39

Basic and diluted earnings per share are computed by dividing net loss after tax ₹ 6506.35 Lakhs (previous year net loss after tax ₹ 4974.31 Lakhs) by 3,54,22,688 fully paid up equity share of ₹ 10 each. Details of EPS are as under:

Earnings Per Share	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Basic	(18.37)	(14.04)
Diluted	(18.37)	(14.04)

### Note No. 2.40

A subsidiary Company of EPI was incorporated on 19<sup>th</sup> May 2016 as “EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited” (EPIUIDL) with paid up capital of Rs. 10 lakhs consisting of equity participation of 51% by EPI, 39% by M/s. Bharat Urban Infra Developers Pvt. Ltd., Solapur (BUIDPL) and 10% by M/s Darashaw & Co. Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai (DCPL), for development of land parcels etc.

The Subsidiary Company is non-operational since its incorporation. Being Government Company, proposal for appointment of Directors including approval for Interim Board comprising first directors was submitted for Government approval and in the meantime, Government initiated action for strategic disinvestment of EPI. Since Government did not support formation of the subsidiary, EPIL approved closure of EPIUIDL through voluntary liquidation/voluntary winding subject to the approval by the Shareholders of EPIUIDL and Administrative Ministry agreed for closure of EPIUIDL. However the closure through voluntary liquidation was not approved by BUIDPL on 01<sup>st</sup> AGM of EPIUIDL held on 20.12.2017. Subsequent efforts of EPI to offer its shares to the other two shareholders was not successful. Board of EPI has decided to approach the concerned authorities for other options of closure/exit. As on 31.03.2022, the summary winding up petition under Section 361 of the Companies Act 2013 in respect of EPIUIDL was pending for approval with Regional Director. Afterwards the same was taken up by Regional Director (North), MCA in April 2022. It has been informed by RD (MCA) that the petition filed is not a fit case for summary procedure for liquidation and other course of action available under the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, an application for Striking off the name of the EPIUIDL pursuant to Section 248(1)(a) of the Company Act 2013 has been filed to the Director General of Corporate Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 23.05.2022.

In view of the above, during F.Y. 2016-17, 100% provision has already been made against the investment of ₹ 5.10 Lakhs in subsidiary company.

### Note No. 2.41

CBI has registered 05 cases and filed FIR against some employees of “the Company” wherein “The Company” is not named as party in the FIR and no financial impact on its financial statement is envisaged.

However, as on date, investigation in above matter is still in progress.

### Note No. 2.42

National Water Supply & Drainage Board (NWSDB), Srilanka (client) rejected HDPE pipes supplied by Chinese manufacturer/ supplier against the awarded project in Vavuniya water supply scheme to EPIL due to poor quality of pipes and asked EPIL to replace the same with good ones. EPIL released the

payment to Chinese supplier, however EPIL in turn got its (around 96%) payment from NWSDB Srilanka as per terms of agreement. Claim of equivalent ₹ 18.78 crore has been lodged in Arbitration against the manufacturer on 31.10.2016. The arbitrator awarded the claim vide award dated 29.01.2018 in favour of EPIL for ₹ 1725 Lakhs (approximate) and now EPIL proceeded to Commercial High Court of Colombo for conversion of Arbitration into decree for invocation of same in China from Chinese manufacturer (Jiangsu Qianlong New Material Co Ltd).

#### Note No. 2.43

The balances of Trade receivables, loans & advances, client's advances, retention money, security deposits receivable/payable and Trade payable are subject to receipts of confirmation and reconciliation. In the opinion of the management, the impact of it on the financial statements is not significant.

#### Note No. 2.44

In the opinion of the management, the value of Current assets on realization in the ordinary course of business, will not be less than the value at which these are stated in the Balance Sheet.

#### Note No. 2.45

- a) Total amount receivable from M/s Uranium Corporation of India Ltd (UCIL) on account of Trade receivable, Retention & other recoverable stands at Rs. 2,368.96 Lakhs as on 31.03.2022. The above amount is more than 10 years old & is under constant persuasion for realization. Pending final settlement, based on experience/progress/assessment of the matter by the management, a provision of Rs 443.77 Lakhs is made upto 31.03.2022. During the year 2021-22, various communications for recovery have been made with UCIL. The outcome of the same may come in this current FY i.e. 2022-23.
- b) Bihar Police Academy Rajgir Project, was terminated by the client in the month of April 2017. The total amount recoverable from sub agency was Rs. 4,306.22 Lakhs as on 31.03.2022, the same is shown as 'Recoverable from Client, Vendors & Others' under 'Other Non-Current Assets' in Note 2.12. The matter is under arbitration both with client & sub agency.
- c) During the financial year 2018-19, a part of the total contract valuing Rs. 8,329.77 Lakhs relating to Design, Supply, Erection & Commissioning of plant equipments for 5 LLPD dairy Plant, 30 MTPD powder plant complete & services & laboratory set up at Dehri on Sone, was terminated by client. Total amount of Rs. 430.50 Lakhs, excess recovered against mobilization advance by client has been shown under 'Other Non-Current Assets- Recoverable from Client Vendors & Others' in Note 2.12. The matter is under arbitration.

#### Note No. 2.46

In respect of work awarded to the company in capacity of Project Management Consultant (PMC) with scope of work involving, inter alia ,appointment of contractors for construction activities, monitoring and supervision of contractors, payment to contractors out of funds provided by the Employer, the company recognizes entire Cost of work of the Contractor including the PMC fees as its turnover under revenue head "Work Done" and correspondingly Cost of Work of the Contractor is recognized under Works Costs. Assets and Liabilities associated with such projects and held in trust on behalf of the Employer is recognized

as Assets and Liabilities of the company in its Balance Sheet under respective heads. This is being following consistently on a consistent basis by the company treating its contracts as Cost plus Contract under Accounting Standard -7.

#### Note No. 2.47

Head office expenditure on account of salary and other related costs amounting to ₹ 26.90 Lakhs (₹402.71 Lakhs in previous year) has been allocated to Oman during the FY 2021-22 for incorporating in Oman branch accounts for claiming the deduction of expenses on account of the same in accordance with the Oman Income Tax rules and regulations.

#### Note No. 2.48

##### Company as a lessee:

The company has taken certain Office and residential premises on operating lease which are cancellable by giving appropriate notices as per respective agreements. During the year an amount of ₹ 1904.28 Lakhs (including ERO-Kolkata Building Rent of ₹ 1656.81 Lakhs which is pending before Hon'ble Kolkata High Court) (₹ 203.33 Lakhs in previous year) has been charged towards these cancellable operating leases.

The company has taken certain assets like car on non – cancellable operating leases. During the year an amount of ₹ 17.46 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 13.52 Lakhs) has been paid towards these non- cancellable operating leases. The future minimum lease payments in respect of these leases are as follows:

- (i) Payable not later than 1 year ₹ 15.61 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 16.74 Lakhs)
- (ii) Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years ₹ 36.70 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 33.15 Lakhs).
- (iii) Payable later than 5 years Nil. (Previous year Nil)

##### Company as a lessor:

The company has leased out certain Office premise on operating lease which are cancellable by giving appropriate notices as per respective agreements. During the year an amount of ₹ 430.78 Lakhs (₹141.24 Lakhs in previous year) has been booked as income towards this cancellable operating lease.

The future minimum lease receipts in respect of this lease are as follows:

- (i) Receivable not later than 1 year ₹ 452.32 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 430.78 Lakhs)
- (ii) Receivable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years ₹ 311.43 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 763.75 Lakhs).
- (iii) Receivable later than 5 years Nil. (Previous year Nil)

#### Note No. 2.49

Disclosure in respect of Joint Venture;



S. No.	Name of the Joint Operations (Unincorporated)	Partners and Country of Origin	Participating Interest (in %) as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March	
			2022	2021
1.	EPI-C&C JV*	C&C Construction Limited, India. Engineering Projects (India) Limited, India.	60% 40%	60% 40%

\*During the year, The Company has already sent the notice to M/s C&C Construction Limited, India on 17.08.2021 regarding termination of the Joint Venture agreement. Afterwards, MEA vide its letter dated 09<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance.

Since M/s C&C Construction Limited who is our 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture “EPI - C&C JV (unincorporated)” and our main contractor in our Oman Project is currently facing insolvency proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL’S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.

#### Note No. 2.50

Dividends payable to the shareholders are recognized in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders. During this year i.e. 2021-22, Company has not paid any dividend [in previous year 2020-21 Rs. 27,61,028/- (30 % of PAT i.e. Rs. 92,03,428/-) (Rs. 0.08 Per Share of face value Rs. 10 each) as dividend to its shareholders for the FY 2019-20].

#### Note No. 2.51

Amount due to entities covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Payable to Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises *	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
<b>Particulars</b>		
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year;**	3463.91	798.92
ii) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	Nil	Nil

Payable to Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises *	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	9.50	Nil
v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of this Act.	Nil	Nil

\* Amount due to entities covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, have been identified on the basis of confirmations received from these entities and to the extent of the information available with the Company. There was no amount due for more than forty five days payable to these identified entities at any time during the year.

### Note No. 2.52

With reference to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs' notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III, additional regulatory information under are under:

#### (i) Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company:

Details of Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company is below:-

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Relevant line item in the Balance Sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative# of promoter*/ director or employee of promoter/ director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company**
PPE at Scope Complex, New Delhi	Building	374.42	Scope Complex, New Delhi	No	14.03.1988	Matter is taken up with the concern authority.
Investment property	-	-	-	-	-	-
PPE retired from active use and held for disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Relative here means relative as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

\*Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

(ii) **Disclosures regarding whether revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer:**

No revaluation took place during the year.

(iii) **Disclosures of Loans or Advances granted Promoters, Directors, KMPs and the related parties:**

No Loans or Advances granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and the related parties during the year.

(iv) **Capital-Work-in-Progress (CWIP):**

No CWIP exists in the company as on 31.03.2022.

(v) **Intangible Assets under Development:**

(a) Details of Intangible Assets under Development Aging Schedule:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Intangible assets under development	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
<b>Projects in Progress:</b>					
1. ERP-SAP-PS, MM & SD	-	48.26	25.99	-	<b>74.25</b>
2. ONE TIME SETUP CHARGES & IMPL & CONS. FOLDER BTS	-	4.13	-	-	<b>4.13</b>
<b>Projects temporarily suspended</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>52.39</b>	<b>25.99</b>	-	<b>78.38</b>

(b) Details of Intangible Assets under Development Completion Schedule:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Intangible assets under development	Amount in CWIP for a period of			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years
<b>Projects in Progress:</b>				
1. ERP-SAP-PS, MM & SD	74.25	-	-	-
2. ONE TIME SETUP CHARGES & IMPL & CONS. FOLDER BTS	4.13	-	-	-
<b>Projects temporarily suspended</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>78.38</b>	-	-	-

**(vi) Details of Benami Property held:**

No Benami Property held by the company as on 31.03.2022.

**(vii) Borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets:**

The company has submitted the provisional financial data to bankers on time to time basis which are same as reported to governing ministry also.

**(viii) Wilful Defaulter:**

The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender as on 31.03.2022.

**(ix) Relationship with Struck Off Companies:**

The company has not made any transaction during the year with companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

**(x) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies:**

No charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

**(xi) Compliance with number of layers of companies:**

The proviso to clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 provides for restricting class or classes of holding companies from having layers of subsidiaries beyond prescribed number. The above provision is not applicable on the company.

**(xii) Various Ratios:**

Details of the various ratios are as below:

S. NO.	Type of Ratio	Formula (Numerator/Denominator)	%/in times	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	% Variance
a)	Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	In number of times	1.15	1.12	2%
b)	Debt-Equity Ratio	Claim of Outsiders/ Claim of Insiders	In number of times	8.81	4.53	94%
c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings Before Interest Tax Depreciation & Amortization/Interest +Principal	In number of times	(10.90)	(0.55)	1879%
d)	Return on Equity Ratio	Profit After Tax / Shareholder's Equity	%	(184%)	(140%)	31%
e)	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of goods sold / Average Inventory	In number of times	639.22	1,247.74	-49%
f)	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales / Average Trade Receivables	In number of times	2.49	1.95	28%

g)	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchase / Average Trade Payables	In number of times	1.16	1.16	-
h)	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Turnover / Capital Employed	In number of times	8.82	5.42	63%
i)	Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit / Total Income	%	(9%)	(6%)	41%
j)	Return on Capital Employed	Profit After Tax / Total Capital Employed	%	(78%)	(33%)	133%
k)	Return on Investment	Profit from class of assets/Market value of the such class of assets	%	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

Explanations for changes in the ration by more than 25% as compared to preceding year are as below:

- a) **In Debt-Equity Ratio**, Due to loss of Rs. 65.06 crore in current year which resulted into the reduction in “Claims of Insiders” (denominator value in formula) in the current year.
- b) **In Debt Service Coverage Ratio**, EBITDA for current year is Rs. -56.65 crore comparing to previous year to Rs. -32.37 crore because of increased loss in the current year (numerator in the formula).
- c) **In Return on Equity Ratio**, current year loss is Rs. 65.06 crore comparing to previous year’s loss of Rs. 49.74 crore. This resulted into reduction in return for Equity.
- d) **In Inventory Turnover Ratio**, Cost of goods sold and inventory in current year is Rs. 684.64 crore and 1.96 Crore whereas in last year it was Rs. 748.77crore and Rs. 0.18 crore respectively. It resulted in to reduction in the ration comparing to previous year.
- e) **In Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio**, Turnover and Average trade receivables in current year is Rs. 736.17 crore and 295.70 Crore whereas in last year it was Rs. 805.62 crore and Rs. 247.39 crore respectively. It resulted in to increase in the ration comparing to previous year.
- f) **In Net Capital Turnover Ratio**, Due to loss of Rs. 65.06 crore in current year which resulted into the reduction in capital employed (denominator value in formula) in the current year. It resulted in to increase in the ration comparing to previous year.
- g) **In Net Profit Ratio**, current year loss is Rs. 65.06 crore comparing to previous year’s loss of Rs. -49.74 crore. This resulted into reduction in net profit ratio.
- h) **In return on capital employed Ratio**, Due to loss of Rs. 65.06 crore in current year which resulted into the reduction in capital employed (denominator value in formula) in the current year. It resulted in to reduction in the ration comparing to previous year.

**(xiii) Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements:**

No any scheme under section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been approved for the company.

**(xiv) Utilization of Borrowed Funds & Share Premium:**

Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(s), including foreign entities (Intermediaries).

**(xv) Undisclosed Income:**

For the year, there is no undisclosed income or any transaction which are not recorded in the books of account.

**(xvi) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency:**

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual currency during the year.

**Note No. 2.53**

The FY 2021-22 was an economic roller coaster with the impact of recurring bouts of COVID-19 and global disquiet counter-balanced to some extent by Country's economic resilience. Regular government spending throughout the year complemented by liquidity easing measures by the Reserve Bank of India prevented the risk of an economic meltdown and helped bolster the confidence of households and companies.

The financial year 2021-22 was expected to be a year of recovery on the back of normalized resumption of economic activity and improved mobility, post the first COVID-19 wave. On the contrary, the year commenced with the onset of a more virulent second wave, resulting in a record number of infections and high mortality rate. The country witnessed partial lockdowns across different states, as opposed to complete lockdowns during the first wave. With improved vaccination efforts, the economy bounced back faster than anticipated. However, the recovery momentum was once more disrupted due to the emergence of the Omicron variant towards the end of Q3, which fortunately, lasted only for a brief period.

The FY 2021-22 witnessed several headwinds viz. successive waves of COVID-19, supply chain disruptions worldwide causing unusual increase in commodity / solar module prices besides freight costs. These led not only to delayed order finalizations from the customer's end but also the measured pacing of progress in ongoing projects.

The impact of COVID-19 pandemic continued to ravage communities impacting livelihoods, education and health and called for innovative approaches to address the ground realities. Significant efforts were deployed by continuing commitment to existing projects.

Based on assessment of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the business/economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying value of its assets. The Company will continue to evaluate the pandemic-related uncertainty and update its assessment.

## Note No. 2.54

The previous year figures have been reclassified, regrouped and recast to conform to current year's classification/ grouping.

As per our report of even date attached  
For GSK & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. - 013838N /N500003

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Sd/-  
(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta)  
Designated Partner  
Membership No. 093056  
Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022  
Place: New Delhi  
UDIN: 22093056AOIQLV1353

Sd/-  
(RAJ PAL SINGH)  
Director (Finance)  
DIN No. 08750557

Sd/-  
(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)  
Chairman cum Managing Director  
DIN No. 07022825

Sd/-  
(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)  
GM (Finance) & CFO

Sd/-  
(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)  
Company Secretary

# Independent Auditor's Report

To The members of

## ENGINEERING PROJECTS (INDIA) LTD

### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of “Engineering Projects (India) Limited” (hereinafter referred to as “The Holding Company”) and its subsidiary (the holding company and subsidiary together to as “the group”), and its jointly controlled Operation which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion Section of our report, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the “Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022 and loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

1. As per the accounting Policy number 10 trade receivables are considered good for realization upto 10 years therefore provision against doubtful debts is made for dues outstanding more than 10 years, a provision of Rs. 443.77 lakhs is made upto 31.03.2022 against the total recoverable amount of Rs. 2368.96 lakhs from M/s Uranium Corporation of India Ltd (UCIL). Against this receivable, Rs. 746.78 lakhs is pending for payment to sub-contractors. Thus, Net outstanding for which provisioning is required works out to Rs. 1622.18 lakhs. The above amount is more than 10 years old and as per Company's adopted accounting policy for Doubtful debts/Loans and advances, 100% provisioning is required. Management made a provision of Rs 443.77 lakhs up to 31.03.2022. Thus, required provisioning is short by Rs. 1178.41 lakhs.

Further the company has taken the legal opinion on the said matter from Additional Solicitor General of India during the year under audit and as per the opinion a sum of Rs. 1161.92 Lacs is undisputed along with other claims raised by the other party which has not been quantified as of now. UCIL has not honored the same till now. Therefore, loss of the EPIL is understated by the same amount (Refer to Note No. 2.45(a)).

2. C&C Construction Limited is 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture “EPI - C&C JV (unincorporated)” and main contractor in Company's Oman Project is currently facing insolvency



proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL'S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

### Emphasis of Matters

We draw attention to following matters:-

1. In respect of the following balances of trade receivables, advances for works, security and retention money, loans and advances and recoverable from clients, vendors and others, positive external confirmations of the balances are not available. Due to non-availability of balance confirmations we are unable to quantify the impact, if any, arising on the financial statements.

Particulars	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)
Advance for works	10536.99
Security deposits and retention money	39787.04
Trade receivables	25930.10
Other recoverable	47823.40

However the company sent negative balance confirmations request to all the respective customers but no response was received. Since as per SA 505- External Confirmation, the failure to receive a response to a negative confirmation request either indicate accuracy of amount due or unwillingness of confirming party to confirm the amount. Thereby the accuracy, existence and completeness of said amounts could not be verified. However as per the standards of auditing negative confirmation are an audit evidence thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on basis of above. Refer to note no. 2.43.

2. In respect of the following balances of trade payables, advances received from clients, security deposits and retention money received positive external confirmations of the balances are not available. Due to non-availability of balance confirmations we are unable to quantify the impact, if any, arising on the financial statements.

Particulars	Amount (₹ In Lakhs)
Trade Payables	60162.94
Security Deposits, Retention & Earnest Money	44176.63
Advance received	64741.46
Other Payable to Clients	779.46

However the company sent negative balance confirmations request to all the respective vendors but no response was received. Since as per SA 505- External Confirmation, the failure to receive a response to a negative confirmation request either indicate accuracy of amount due or unwillingness of confirming party to confirm the amount. Thereby the accuracy, existence and completeness of said amounts could not be verified. However as per the standards of auditing negative confirmation are an audit evidence thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on basis of above. Refer to note no 2.43.

- The company has practice of adjusting TDS Recoverable, Advance Tax Paid and TCS Recoverable from Income Tax liability of their respective assessment years only after receipt of intimation under section 143(1)(a) of Income tax Act. However it is pertinent to note that the said policy leads to overstatement of assets and liability by the amounts accounted as TDS Recoverable, Advance Tax and TCS Recoverable. Since the financial impact of this is not material thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on same. Refer to note no. 2.11 and 2.16.
- In lieu of BG provided by EPIL for ₹ 4,554.00 Lakhs on behalf of C&C Constructions Limited in Myanmar Project, EPIL has received ₹ 1,906.64 Lakhs and balance is secured against work done in Oman. During the year, MEA vide its letter dated 09th February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance and subsequently invoked BG amounting to ₹ 75.90 cr. (EPI portion – 30.36 cr & C&C portion – 45.54 cr). In turn, EPI vide its letter dated 11th February, 2022 terminated the contract of its sub-contractor M/s RK-RPP JV (awarded value ₹ 414 cr) and invoked its BG due to non-performance of ₹ 20.70 cr (5% of ₹ 414 cr). Refer Note No 2.3 and 2.29(b)
- Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) has registered 5 cases and filed FIRs against some employees of EPI out of which 2 cases have been registered during the year 2017-18 and 1 case in F.Y. 2016-17. The cases are in respect of alleged illegal gratification taken by the accused employees of EPI for award of tenders. EPI is not named as party in the FIRs and no financial impact on its financial statements is envisaged. Refer to note no. 2.41.
- Company has made an advance payment to sub-contractor amounting to ₹ 387.00 lakhs though sub-contractor is under insolvency process and a resolution professional has been appointed for the same. The RP has admitted the claim of EPIL but the amount that can be recovered is not ascertainable. Refer Note No 2.12
- MOD had blocked an amount of RO.11.35 Million as per the direction from the Primary Court of Sultanate of Oman in connection with the case filed by C & C Oman L.L.C. (Subsidiary of C & C

Construction Ltd – India). EPI has collected the details of case no 119/1310/2021 from Muscat Primary court and filed an appeal in the Muscat Primary Court. Last hearing of case no 119/1310/2021 was on 19-04-2022 and further it was adjourned to 04-07-2022. EPI has also filed a petition before the courts of appeal vide no. 35/7135/2022 - 36/7135/2022 - 37/7135/2022 for encashment of Performance Bank Guarantees & upliftment of provisional seizer of RO. 11.35 Million from MOD. The court has heard the above 3 petitions for judgment on 13th of June 2022 and orders have been received in favour of EPI in the financial year i.e. 2022-23. Process for the necessary action in regard to the above cases has to be taken in financial year 2022-23 also. Refer note No 2.3 and 2.6.

8. We draw attention to note no.2.4, regarding lease agreement of premises, which expired on 30.09.2015 and the matter has been referred to the Hon'ble Calcutta High Court for adjudication Vide case number 144 of 2016 and GA No.18 of 2022 on 08.02.2022 and is sub judice. During the year under review the Company has received a demand of ₹ 5952.70 Lacs (including interest amounting to ₹ 2581.27 Lacs and GST amounting to ₹ 514.28 Lacs) pertaining to the period from October, 2015 to March, 2022 from the Lessor of the premises.

The Company has made provision for rent excluding GST as on 31.03.2022 amounting to ₹ 1659.22 Lacs (P.Y. 2.41 Lacs) based on minutes of meeting dated 01.10.2020 backed by ONGC judgment (one of the tenant in the premise), against the counter demand of ₹ 5438.42 Lacs (Excluding GST) by the lessor. As informed to us by the regional office management, provision for rent liability is made on the basis of internal assessment of the company on the date of balance sheet and legal proceedings will not have any material and adverse effect on the financial position of the company.

9. The Long term Loans and Advances includes “Income tax deducted” where no year-wise details for prior Assessment year are provided by the company for the difference in amount of ₹ 92 Lakhs to the extent of the amount claimed by the company in Income tax Return. Refer Note No 2.11

## General business scenario

The FY 2021-22 was an economic roller coaster with the impact of recurring bouts of COVID-19 and global disquiet counter-balanced to some extent by Country's economic resilience. Regular government spending throughout the year complemented by liquidity easing measures by the Reserve Bank of India prevented the risk of an economic meltdown and helped bolster the confidence of households and companies.

The financial year 2021-22 was expected to be a year of recovery on the back of normalised resumption of economic activity and improved mobility, post the first COVID-19 wave. On the contrary, the year commenced with the onset of a more virulent second wave, resulting in a record number of infections and high mortality rate. The country witnessed partial lockdowns across different states, as opposed to complete lockdowns during the first wave. With improved vaccination efforts, the economy bounced back faster than anticipated. However, the recovery momentum was once more disrupted due to the emergence of the Omicron variant towards the end of Q3, which fortunately, lasted only for a brief period.

The FY 2021-22 witnessed several headwinds viz. successive waves of COVID-19, supply chain disruptions worldwide causing unusual increase in commodity / solar module prices besides freight costs. These led not only to delayed order finalisations from the customer's end but also the measured pacing of progress in ongoing projects.

The impact of COVID-19 pandemic continued to ravage communities impacting livelihoods, education and health and called for innovative approaches to address the ground realities. Significant efforts were deployed by continuing commitment to existing projects.

Based on assessment of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the business/economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying value of its assets. The Company will continue to evaluate the pandemic-related uncertainty and update its assessment. (Refer Note No 2.53)

Our opinion is not qualified on the above matters.

### **Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Management's and Those Charged with Governance responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its Jointly Controlled Operation in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the, Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design,

implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process of the Group.

### **Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our

auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decision of a reasonable knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and quantitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matter communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonable be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements/ financial information of the following subsidiary and jointly Controlled Operation, whose financial information reflect the details given below of assets as at 31st March, 2022, Total Revenue and net Cash Flows for the year ended on that date to the extent to which they are reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Name of the Entities	Assets (in Rs.)	Total Revenues (in Rs.)	Net Cash Flows (in Rs.)
<b>Subsidiary</b>			
EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited	4,02,470	Nil	Nil
<b>Jointly Controlled Operation</b>			
EPI-C&C Joint Venture* (Unincorporated)	Nil	Nil	Nil
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,02,470</b>	<b>Nil</b>	<b>Nil</b>

\*Jointly controlled operation agreement formed on 2nd August, 2017. ₹ Nil towards Employees Benefit Expenses and ₹ Nil towards Other Expenses are the common expenses to be shared by both the joint

venture partner. Therefore, Engineering Projects (India) Ltd has considered its portion 40% of ₹ Nil. Remaining assets and liability of joint venture are related to other joint venture partner i.e. C&C Constructions Limited.

These Financial statements/financial information are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclose included in respect of these subsidiary and Jointly Controlled Operation and our reports in terms of subsection (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary and jointly controlled operation, based solely on such unaudited financial statements / financial information are not material to the Group.

The consolidated financial statements of the group include the Group's share of Net Loss of ₹ Nil (Previous year Loss ₹ Nil) for the year ended 31st March 2022 as considered in the consolidated financial statements in respect of Subsidiary EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited. The Subsidiary company is non-operational since its incorporation dated 19th May 2016 and as such the Net Loss has been shown in consolidated statement of Profit & Loss as "Loss from discontinuing operation". However, the Holding Company (EPIL) has fully diminution in the value of investments in the subsidiary in its financial statements.

(Refer to Note No 2.13 to Standalone financial statements)

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the financial information certified by the management.

We did not audit the consolidated financial statements/ information of 4(Four) Indian Regional Offices and 3 (Three) Overseas Branches included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company whose financial statements/financial information reflect total assets of ₹ 1,91,757 Lakhs (₹ 1,71,250 Lakhs) total liabilities ₹ 1,92,291 Lakhs (₹ 1,60,227 Lakhs) as at 31st March 2022 (31st March 2021) and total revenue of ₹ 74056 lakhs (₹ 80,733 Lakhs) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements/information of these Regional Offices/Branches have been audited by the other Independent branch auditors appointed by Comptroller & Auditor General of India whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of branches, is based solely on the report of such branch auditors.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. In view of the exemption given in terms of Notification No. G.S.R. No. 463(E) dated 5th June, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the provisions of Section 197 read with schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 regarding managerial remuneration are not applicable to the Company.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law has been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate forthe purposes of our audit have been received from the branches not visited by us.

- c) The reports on the accounts of the branch offices of the Company audited under Section 143(8) of the Act by branch auditors have been sent to us and have been properly dealt with by us in preparing this report.
- d) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account and with the returns received from the branches not visited by us.
- e) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- f) In terms of notification No. GSR 463 (E) dated 05.06.2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, provisions of sub section 2 of Section 164 of the Act, are not applicable to the Company, being Government Company
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “**Annexure A**”.
- h) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report as under with respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014:-
- i. The Company have some pending litigation which would impact its financial position. Refer Note No. 2.26 of the consolidated financial statement.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amount which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.  
  
(b) The management has represented, that, to the best of it’s knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or



indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to their notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (iv) (a) and (iv) (b) contain any material mis-statement.

v. No dividend was declared or paid during the year by the company.

3. With respect to the report pursuant to directions issued by Comptroller and Auditor General of India u/s 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year ended 31 March 2022 on accounts of Company audited by us, refer our separate Report in “Annexure B”

**For GSK & ASSOCIATES LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**(Firm Registration No. :013838N /N500003)**

**Sd/-**  
**(Sanjay Kumar Gupta)**  
**Designated Partner**  
**(Membership No.: 093056)**

**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 04th August, 2022**  
**UDIN: 22093056AOIRBP8300**

## Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report.

Referred to in paragraph 3 sub para (f) under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022:

### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Engineering Project (India) Limited**, as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Respective Board of Directors of **Engineering Project (India) Limited**, which are incorporated in India are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Branch's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement

of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- 1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable details, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Branch;
- 2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Consolidated Financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Branch are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Branch; and
- 3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Branch's assets that could have a material effect on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changed in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India. However we noticed that:-

- 1) Process of obtaining balance confirmation and Reconciliations from Trade Receivables, Trade Payables and Other Parties needs further improvement.

- 2) Company is not maintaining tracker for documenting the reason for selection and rejection of business opportunities.
- 3) Company is not complying with the provisions stated in the POSH Act in its entirety.

**For GSK & ASSOCIATES LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**(Firm Registration No. :013838N /N500003)**

**Sd/-**  
**(Sanjay Kumar Gupta)**  
**Designated Partner**

**(Membership No.: 093056)**  
**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August, 2022**  
**UDIN: 22093056AOIRBP8300**

## Annexure 'B' to the independent auditor's report

Referred to in paragraph 4 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022:

### Report on the Directions u/s 143(5) of Companies Act, 2013 for the financial year 2021-22

Sl. No.	Directions	Reply
1.	Whether the company has system in place to process all accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transaction outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with financial implications, if any, may be stated.	The company has system in place to process all the accounting transaction through IT system. Company has maintained accounts on SAP system.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of wavier/write off of debts/ loan/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company).	As per information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of records no restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/ write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by the lender
3.	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/ receivable for specific schemes for central/state Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term & conditions? List the cases of deviation.	As per information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of records no fund received/receivable for specific schemes from central/ state agencies.

**For GSK & ASSOCIATES LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**(Firm Registration No. :013838N /N500003)**

**Sd/-**  
**(Sanjay Kumar Gupta)**  
**Designated Partner**  
**(Membership No.: 093056)**  
**Place: New Delhi**  
**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August, 2022**  
**UDIN: 22093056AOIRBP8300**

Replies on Auditors Qualification (Consolidated Financial Statement)

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
1.	<p>As per the accounting Policy number 10 trade receivables are considered good for realization upto 10 years therefore provision against doubtful debts is made for dues outstanding more than 10 years, a provision of Rs. 443.77 lakhs is made upto 31.03.2022 against the total recoverable amount of Rs. 2368.96 lakhs from M/s Uranium Corporation of India Ltd (UCIL). Against this receivable, Rs. 746.78 lakhs is pending for payment to sub-contractors. Thus, Net outstanding for which provisioning is required works out to Rs. 1622.18 lakhs. The above amount is more than 10 years old and as per Company's adopted accounting policy for Doubtful debts/ Loans and advances, 100% provisioning is required. Management made a provision of Rs 443.77 lakhs up to 31.03.2022. Thus, required provisioning is short by Rs. 1178.41 lakhs. Further the company has taken the legal opinion on the said matter from Additional Solicitor General of India during the year under audit and as per the opinion a sum of Rs. 1161.92 Lacs is undisputed along with other claims raised by the other party which has not been quantified as of now. UCIL has not honored the same till now. Therefore, loss of the EPIL is understated by the same amount (Refer to Note No. 2.45(a)).</p>	<p>The matter of realisation of old outstanding dues and their settlement is under active consideration between EPI and UCIL .Accordingly as decided by both the parties, legal opinion for settlement of dues were obtained from Additional Solicitor General of India. As per request of UCIL, the realization of dues was also reviewed by Internal Committee of EPIL and decision was communicated to UCIL.</p> <p>As per ASG opinion an amount of Rs. 11.61 crores is undisputed to be received by EPI from UCIL out of the total claims of Rs. 24.35 crores.</p> <p>This is the settled claim of Rs. 11.61 crores as per the memorandum of meeting dated 29.07.2011. But UCIL lately delaying the settlement due to the change in the person at both the parties. Now Management of EPI has decided to invoke the arbitration for the recovery of the dues from UCIL.</p> <p>However EPI has provided for in the books of account an amount of Rs. 4.44 crores upto 31.03.2022 in terms of the Accounting Policy No. 10.</p>
2.	<p>C&amp;C Construction Limited is 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture "EPI - C&amp;C JV (unincorporated)" and main contractor in Company's Oman Project is currently facing insolvency proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL'S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.</p>	<p>Matter of fact only. Refer Note No. 2.29 (b)</p>

Replies on Emphasis of Matter (Consolidated Financial Statement)

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply										
1.	<p>In respect of the following balances of trade receivables, advances for works, security and retention money, loans and advances and recoverable from clients, vendors and others, positive external confirmations of the balances are not available. Due to non-availability of balance confirmations we are unable to quantify the impact, if any, arising on the financial statements.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Particulars</th> <th>Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Advance for works</td> <td>10536.99</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Security deposits and retention money</td> <td>39787.04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Trade receivables</td> <td>25930.10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other recoverable</td> <td>47823.40</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>However the company sent negative balance confirmations request to all the respective customers but no response was received. Since as per SA 505- External Confirmation, the failure to receive a response to a negative confirmation request either indicate accuracy of amount due or unwillingness of confirming party to confirm the amount. Thereby the accuracy, existence and completeness of said amounts could not be verified. However as per the standards of auditing negative confirmation are an audit evidence thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on basis of above. Refer to note no. 2.43.</p>	Particulars	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	Advance for works	10536.99	Security deposits and retention money	39787.04	Trade receivables	25930.10	Other recoverable	47823.40	<p>The Practice of the balance confirmations of Trade Receivables, Loans &amp; Advances, Retention Money and Security Deposit are consistently followed by the company from the last several years as per the practice followed across the industry.</p>
Particulars	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)											
Advance for works	10536.99											
Security deposits and retention money	39787.04											
Trade receivables	25930.10											
Other recoverable	47823.40											
2.	<p>In respect of the following balances of trade payables, advances received from clients, security deposits and retention money received positive external confirmations of the balances are not available. Due to non-availability of balance confirmations we are unable to quantify the impact, if any, arising on the financial statements.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Particulars</th> <th>Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Trade Payables</td> <td>60162.94</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Security Deposits, Retention &amp; Earnest Money</td> <td>44176.63</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Advance received</td> <td>64741.46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other Payable to Clients</td> <td>779.46</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Particulars	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)	Trade Payables	60162.94	Security Deposits, Retention & Earnest Money	44176.63	Advance received	64741.46	Other Payable to Clients	779.46	<p>The Practice of the balance confirmations of Trade Payable and payable to other parties are consistently followed by the company from the last several years as per the practice followed across the industry.</p>
Particulars	Amount (Rs. In Lakhs)											
Trade Payables	60162.94											
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S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
	However the company sent negative balance confirmations request to all the respective vendors but no response was received. Since as per SA 505- External Confirmation, the failure to receive a response to a negative confirmation request either indicate accuracy of amount due or unwillingness of confirming party to confirm the amount. Thereby the accuracy, existence and completeness of said amounts could not be verified. However as per the standards of auditing negative confirmation are an audit evidence thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on basis of above. Refer to note no 2.43.	
3.	The company has practice of adjusting TDS Recoverable, Advance Tax Paid and TCS Recoverable from Income Tax liability of their respective assessment years only after receipt of intimation under section 143(1)(a) of Income tax Act. However it is pertinent to note that the said policy leads to overstatement of assets and liability by the amounts accounted as TDS Recoverable, Advance Tax and TCS Recoverable. Since the financial impact of this is not material thereby we are not qualifying our opinion on same. Refer to note no. 2.11 and 2.16.	Company will make the adjustment entry at the time of filing of income tax return instead of assessment from AY 2022-23.
4.	In lieu of BG provided by EPIL for ₹ 4,554.00 Lakhs on behalf of C&C Constructions Limited in Myanmar Project, EPIL has received ₹ 1,906.64 Lakhs and balance is secured against work done in Oman. During the year, MEA vide its letter dated 09th February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance and subsequently invoked BG amounting to ₹ 75.90 cr. (EPI portion – 30.36 cr & C&C portion – 45.54 cr). In turn, EPI vide its letter dated 11th February, 2022 terminated the contract of its sub-contractor M/s RK-RPP JV (awarded value ₹ 414 cr) and invoked its BG due to non-performance of ₹ 20.70 cr (5% of ₹ 414 cr). Refer Note No 2.3 and 2.29(b).	The same has already been appraised to Board of directors in its meeting No. 278 held on 11.03.2022 and EPI has already referred the case to AMRCD for settlement of Dues. Further communication for constitution of committee for AMRCD has been received on 09.06.2022
5.	Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) has registered 5 cases and filed FIRs against some employees of EPI out of which 2	The Company has system of Reporting of Progress of such cases to the Board on periodical basis by the vigilance Division.



S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
	cases have been registered during the year 2017-18 and 1 case in F.Y. 2016-17. The cases are in respect of alleged illegal gratification taken by the accused employees of EPI for award of tenders. EPI is not named as party in the FIRs and no financial impact on its financial statements is envisaged. Refer to note no. 2.41.	
6.	Company has made an advance payment to sub-contractor amounting to Rs. 387.00 lakhs though sub-contractor is under insolvency process and a resolution professional has been appointed for the same. The RP has admitted the claim of EPIL but the amount that can be recovered is not ascertainable. Refer Note No 2.12	No Provision has been made in light of the Accounting Policy no. 10 of the company, As the party has gone to NCLT in turn EPIL lodged the claim before the Resolution Professional duly appointed by NCLT and same has been accepted by the Resolution Professional vide email dt. 27.09.2021.
7.	MOD had blocked an amount of RO.11.35 Million as per the direction from the Primary Court of Sultanate of Oman in connection with the case filed by C & C Oman L.L.C. (Subsidiary of C & C Construction Ltd – India). EPI has collected the details of case no 119/1310/2021 from Muscat Primary court and filed an appeal in the Muscat Primary Court. Last hearing of case no 119/1310/2021 was on 19-04-2022 and further it was adjourned to 04-07-2022. EPI has also filed a petition before the courts of appeal vide no. 35/7135/2022 - 36/7135/2022 - 37/7135/2022 for encashment of Performance Bank Guarantees & upliftment of provisional seizure of RO. 11.35 Million from MOD. The court has heard the above 3 petitions for judgment on 13th of June 2022 and orders have been received in favour of EPI in the financial year i.e. 2022-23. Process for the necessary action in regard to the above cases has to be taken in financial year 2022-23 also. Refer note No 2.3 and 2.6.	Matter of fact only. Refer Note No. 2.29 (b)
8.	We draw attention to note no.2.4, regarding lease agreement of premises, which expired on 30.09.2015 and the matter has been referred to the Hon'ble Calcutta High Court for adjudication Vide case number 144 of 2016 and GA No.18 of 2022 on 08.02.2022 and is sub judice. During the year under review the Company has received a demand of ₹ 5952.70 Lacs (including interest amounting to ₹ 2581.27 Lacs and GST amounting to ₹ 514.28 Lacs) pertaining	The matter has already been appraised to board of Directors in its 277 meeting held on 22.11.2021 and also appraised the updated status in its 279 Meeting held on 06.07.2022 also. Refer Note No. 2.48.

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
	<p>to the period from October, 2015 to March, 2022 from the Lessor of the premises.</p> <p>The Company has made provision for rent excluding GST as on 31.03.2022 amounting to ₹ 1659.22 Lacs (P.Y. 2.41 Lacs) based on minutes of meeting dated 01.10.2020 backed by ONGC judgement (one of the tenant in the premise), against the counter demand of ₹ 5438.42 Lacs (Excluding GST) by the lessor. As informed to us by the regional office management, provision for rent liability is made on the basis of internal assessment of the company on the date of balance sheet and legal proceedings will not have any material and adverse effect on the financial position of the company.</p>	
9.	<p>The Long term Loans and Advances includes "Income tax deducted" where no year-wise details for prior Assessment year are provided by the company for the difference in amount of ₹ 0.92 Crore to the extent of the amount claimed by the company in Income tax Return. Refer Note No 2.11</p>	<p>The said differences are arising due to the non-passing of entries / adjustment entries relating to income tax TDS deductions made by the client till FY 2021-22 and will be made in current financial year.</p>
10.	<p>The FY 2021-22 was an economic roller coaster with the impact of recurring bouts of COVID-19 and global disquiet counter-balanced to some extent by Country's economic resilience. Regular government spending throughout the year complemented by liquidity easing measures by the Reserve Bank of India prevented the risk of an economic meltdown and helped bolster the confidence of households and companies.</p> <p>The financial year 2021-22 was expected to be a year of recovery on the back of normalised resumption of economic activity and improved mobility, post the first COVID-19 wave. On the contrary, the year commenced with the onset of a more virulent second wave, resulting in a record number of infections and high mortality rate. The country witnessed partial lockdowns across different states, as opposed to complete lockdowns during the first wave. With improved vaccination efforts, the economy bounced back faster than anticipated. However, the recovery momentum was once more disrupted due to the emergence of the Omicron variant towards the end of Q3, which fortunately, lasted only for a brief period.</p>	<p>Matter of fact only. Refer Note No. 2.53.</p>

S.No.	Auditor's Qualification	Company's Reply
	<p>The FY 2021-22 witnessed several headwinds viz. successive waves of COVID-19, supply chain disruptions worldwide causing unusual increase in commodity / solar module prices besides freight costs. These led not only to delayed order finalisations from the customer's end but also the measured pacing of progress in ongoing projects.</p> <p>The impact of COVID-19 pandemic continued to ravage communities impacting livelihoods, education and health and called for innovative approaches to address the ground realities. Significant efforts were deployed by continuing commitment to existing projects.</p> <p>Based on assessment of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the business/economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying value of its assets. The Company will continue to evaluate the pandemic-related uncertainty and update its assessment. (Refer Note No 2.53)</p>	

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

	Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
I.	<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
1	<b>Shareholders' Funds</b>					
	a) Share Capital	2.1	3,542.27		3,542.27	
	b) Reserves and Surplus	2.2	4,807.88		11,314.23	
	c) Non Controlling Interest		1.97		1.97	
	d) Money Received Against Share Warrants		-	8,352.12	-	14,858.47
2	<b>Share Application Money Pending Allotment</b>			-		-
3	<b>Non Current Liabilities</b>					
	a) Long Term Borrowings		-		-	
	b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		-		-	
	c) Other Long - Term Liabilities	2.3	68,748.54		64,106.16	
	d) Long - Term Provisions	2.4	4,757.94	73,506.48	3,209.97	67,316.13
4	<b>Current Liabilities</b>					
	a) Short Term Borrowings	2.5	41.53		4,845.32	
	b) Trade Payables:-	2.6				
	i) Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises		3,463.91		798.92	
	ii) Due to Other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		41,043.96		41,149.35	
	c) Other Current Liabilities	2.7	77,770.27		52,606.85	
	d) Short Term Provisions	2.8	1,163.04	1,23,482.71	1,417.81	1,00,818.25
	<b>Total</b>			<b>2,05,341.31</b>		<b>1,82,992.85</b>
II.	<b>ASSETS</b>					
1	<b>Non Current Assets</b>					
	a) Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets					
	i) Property, Plant & Equipment	2.9(i)	665.12		696.48	
	ii) Intangible Assets	2.9(ii)	20.05		24.50	
	iii) Capital Work-in-progress		-		-	
	iv) Intangible Assets Under Development	2.9(iii)	78.38		78.38	
	b) Non-Current Investment					
	c) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	2.10	1,295.32		1,332.30	
	d) Long Term Loans and Advances	2.11	7,009.43		10,618.68	
	e) Other Non Current Assets	2.12	54,810.11	63,878.41	57,129.39	69,879.73
2	<b>Current Assets</b>					
	a) Current Investments					
	b) Inventories	2.13	196.36		17.85	
	c) Trade Receivables	2.14	19,267.84		26,839.45	
	d) Cash and Cash Equivalents					
	i) Cash and cash equivalents	2.15 (i)	36,317.01		12,453.09	
	ii) Other Bank Balance	2.15 (ii)	12,654.78		17,357.44	
	e) Short Term Loans and Advances	2.16	24,887.93		19,635.40	
	f) Other Current Assets	2.17	48,138.98	1,41,462.90	36,809.89	1,13,113.12
	<b>Total</b>			<b>2,05,341.31</b>		<b>1,82,992.85</b>
	Significant Accounting Policies	1				
	Notes to accounts	2.1 to 2.54				

The accounting policies and notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached  
For GSK & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.013838N /N500003

Sd/-  
(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta )  
Designated Partner  
Membership No. 093056  
Place: New Delhi  
Dated: 04 August, 2022  
UDIN: 22093056AOIRBP8300

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-  
(RAJ PAL SINGH)  
Director (Finance)  
DIN: 08750557

Sd/-  
(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)  
Chairman cum Managing Director  
DIN: 07022825

Sd/-  
(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)  
GM (Finance) & CFO

Sd/-  
(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)  
Company Secretary

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars		Note No.	Year ended 31st March, 2022	Year ended 31st March, 2021
I.	Revenue From Operations	2.18	73,617.34	80,562.17
II.	Other Income	2.19	1,368.28	539.55
III.	<b>Total Income (I+II)</b>		<b>74,985.62</b>	<b>81,101.72</b>
IV.	<b>Expenses:</b>			
	Operating Expenses	2.20	68,464.02	74,876.65
	Employee Benefits Expenses	2.21	7,447.70	7,247.11
	Finance Costs	2.22	478.14	1,032.31
	Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	2.9	88.16	99.36
	Other Expenses	2.23	4,735.30	2,098.84
	Prior Period Expenses (Net)	2.24	3.80	116.26
	<b>Total Expenses</b>		<b>81,217.12</b>	<b>85,470.53</b>
V.	<b>Profit/ (Loss) before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (III-IV)</b>		<b>(6,231.50)</b>	<b>(4,368.81)</b>
VI.	Exceptional Items		-	-
VII.	<b>Profit/ (Loss) before Extraordinary Items and Tax (V-VI)</b>		<b>(6,231.50)</b>	<b>(4,368.81)</b>
VIII.	Extraordinary Items		-	-
IX.	<b>Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (VII-VIII)</b>		<b>(6,231.50)</b>	<b>(4,368.81)</b>
X.	Tax Expense			
	(1) Current Tax		-	42.25
	(2) Earlier Years Tax Adjustments (net)		237.87	23.18
	(3) Deferred Tax		36.98	540.07
XI.	<b>Profit/ (Loss) from Continuing Operations (IX-X)</b>		<b>(6,506.35)</b>	<b>(4,974.31)</b>
XII.	Profit / (Loss) from discontinuing Operations		-	-
XIII.	Tax Expense of discontinuing Operations		-	-
XIV.	<b>Profit / (Loss) from discontinuing Operations (After Tax) (XII-XIII)</b>		-	-
XV.	<b>Profit / (Loss) for the year (XI+XIV)</b>		<b>(6,506.35)</b>	<b>(4,974.31)</b>
XVI.	<b>Earnings Per Share</b>	2.39		
	(1) Basic		<b>(18.37)</b>	(14.04)
	(2) Diluted		<b>(18.37)</b>	(14.04)
	Significant Accounting Policies	1		
	Notes to Accounts	2.1 to 2.54		

The accounting policies and notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached  
For GSK & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.013838N /N500003

Sd/-  
(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta )  
Designated Partner  
Membership No. 093056  
Place: New Delhi  
Dated: 04 August, 2022  
UDIN: 22093056AOIRBP8300

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-  
(RAJ PAL SINGH)  
Director (Finance)  
DIN: 08750557

Sd/-  
(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)  
Chairman cum Managing Director  
DIN: 07022825

Sd/-  
(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)  
GM (Finance) & CFO

Sd/-  
(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)  
Company Secretary

## CONSOLIDATED-CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	Year ended 31st March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>NET PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEM</b>	<b>(6,231.50)</b>	(4,368.81)
<b>ADJUSTMENTS FOR:</b>		
- DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	88.16	99.36
- LOSS/(PROFIT) ON SALE OF ASSETS (NET)	1.26	1.56
- INTEREST INCOME ON FDs	(23.94)	(53.41)
-EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE (Net)	(185.02)	(18.24)
-INTEREST EXPENSES	478.14	1,032.31
<b>OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES</b>	<b>(5,872.90)</b>	(3,307.23)
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN INVENTORIES	(178.51)	84.32
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN TRADE RECEIVABLES	7,335.85	16,268.61
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN TRADE PAYABLES	2,015.36	(13,182.31)
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN FDs UNDER LIEN	(4.42)	(5.01)
- INCREASE/( DECREASE) IN WORKING CAPITAL	3,523.24	(1,392.49)
<b>CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<b>6,818.62</b>	(1,534.11)
<b>Less:</b>		
-INTEREST EXPENSES	(478.14)	(1,032.31)
- INCOME TAX	(274.85)	(605.50)
<b>NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>6,065.63</b>	(3,171.92)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
- PURCHASE/CONSTRUCTION OF FIXED ASSETS	(57.82)	(101.27)
- PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF ASSETS	4.20	4.51
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN DTA	36.98	540.07
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN Long Term Advances	3,609.25	26,023.22
- DECREASE/( INCREASE) IN Other Non Current Assets	2,559.46	(30,614.12)
- INTEREST INCOME	23.94	53.41
<b>NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>6,176.02</b>	(4,094.19)
<b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
- DIVIDEND PAID	-	(27.61)
- DIVIDEND TAX PAID	-	-
- (DECREASE)/INCREASE of Long Term Provisions	1,547.97	311.80
- (REPAYMENT)/Proceeds of Long Term Liabilities	5,186.62	4,546.99
<b>NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>6,734.59</b>	4,831.18
<b>EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE</b>	<b>185.02</b>	18.24
<b>NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>19,161.26</b>	(2,416.69)
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR</b>	<b>29,810.53</b>	32,227.21
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR</b>	<b>48,971.79</b>	29,810.53
<b>RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
CASH IN HAND (REFER NOTE NO 2.16)	-	0.01
CHEQUES IN HAND (REFER NOTE NO 2.16)	-	-
REMITTANCE IN TRANSIT	-	-
BALANCE WITH BANK'S IN CURRENT ACCOUNTS (REFERNOTE NO 2.16)	36,317.01	12,453.08
BALANCE WITH OTHER BANK'S FIXED DEPOSITES OTHER (REFER NOTE NO 2.16)	12,654.78	17,357.44
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR</b>	<b>48,971.79</b>	29,810.53

NOTE:

- 1) Cash And Cash Equivalents Consist Of Cash And Bank Balances Including FDs , Interest Accrued And Liquid Investment Excluding FDs Under Lien / Margin.
- 2) The above Cash flow statement has been prepared by using Indirect Method as per accounting Standard "AS-3" "Cash Flow Statement" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
- 3) Cash & Cash Equivalents consists of Cash & Other bank balances and deposit with Banks.
- 4) Previous Year Figures have been regrouped, rearranged and recasted where ever necessary.

As per our report of even date attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**For GSK & Associates LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.013838N /N500003

Sd/-  
**(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta )**  
Designated Partner  
Membership No. 093056  
Place: New Delhi  
Dated: 04 August, 2022  
UDIN: 22093056AOIRBP8300

Sd/-  
**(RAJ PAL SINGH)**  
Director (Finance)  
DIN: 08750557

Sd/-  
**(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)**  
Chairman cum Managing Director  
DIN: 07022825

Sd/-  
**(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)**  
GM (Finance) & CFO

Sd/-  
**(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)**  
Company Secretary



## **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statement:-**

**(For the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022)**

### **1. Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **1. Basis of accounting**

- a) The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention, on accrual basis, in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India and to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the “2013 Act”). The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.
- b) All Assets and Liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of operations and time within which the assets are expected to be realized in cash and cash equivalents in the ordinary course of business, the company has ascertained its operating cycles as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### **2. Use of estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, on the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting periods. Although these estimates are based upon management’s knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates and revisions, if any, are recognized in the current and future periods.

#### **3. Revenue recognition**

- a) Contract Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the company and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is recognised by adding the aggregate cost of work and proportionate margin using the percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion is determined as a proportion of cost incurred to date to the total estimated cost of the contract revised annually.
- b) At the year end, works executed but not measured/partly executed are accounted for based on certification by Internal Engineers, entries arising out of such accounting are reversed in the following accounting year. Accordingly, statutory obligations are met with at the time of actual receipt/ issue of bills/claims.
- c) In case of projects foreclosed/terminated, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract value of which recovery is probable.

- d) Revenue from consultancy services is recognised on proportionate completion method. In respect of cases where ultimate collection with reasonable certainty is lacking at the time of claim, recognition is postponed till collection is made.
- e) In case of contracts where the contract costs exceed the contract revenues, anticipated loss is recognised immediately.
- f) Escalation and extra works not provided for in the contract with client, claims arising out of arbitration awards and insurance claims are accounted for on receipt basis.
- g) Liquidated damages arising from contractual obligations in respect of contracts under dispute/negotiation and not considered payable/receivable are not accounted for till final settlement.
- h) The contract is considered as closed for accounting purposes upon final billing, commissioning certificate, commercial run, foreclosure and/or termination whichever is earlier.
- i) Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable.
- j) Revenue from rent is recognized on accrual basis, based on the lease agreements with the tenants except where the ultimate collection is considered doubtful.
- k) In case of Project Management Consultancy work, where the responsibility of total execution, Billing, collection, compliances of Taxes including Defect Liability (DLP) etc. lies on company, the turnover will be recognized on percentage completion method based on cost plus margin.

#### 4. Inventory

##### (i) Materials

- a) Construction materials, consumables and stores & spares excluding steel, cement and pipes are charged to contract cost at the time of purchase. Sale proceeds on account of disposal of such left out materials are accounted as miscellaneous income in the year of sale.
- b) Stock of steel, cement and pipes are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes freight and other related incidental expenses and is arrived at on weighted average cost.

##### (ii) Work in Progress

Construction work in progress is valued at cost till such time the outcome of the job cannot be ascertained reliably.

#### 5. Foreign exchange transactions

Financial statements of foreign projects are translated in the following manner:



- i) Revenue items (income and expenditure) are translated into Indian currency on the basis of average of buying rate prevalent on the last working day of each month of the relevant financial year.
- ii) Property, Plant and Equipment and non-monetary items are translated at the buying rate at the date of transaction.
- iii) Depreciation is translated at the rates used for the translation of the value of the assets on which depreciation is calculated.
- iv) Inventories are translated at the buying rates prevalent at each balance sheet date.
- v) Monetary items (assets and liabilities) and contingent liabilities are translated at the prevailing closing buying rate at each balance sheet date.

The net exchange differences resulting from the translations are recognised as income or expense for the year.

## 6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is calculated on straight line basis based on the useful life of assets in accordance with the Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and 95% of the cost is written off during the expected useful life of assets.

## 7. Depreciation

- a) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is calculated on straight line basis based on the useful life of assets in accordance with the Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and 95% of the cost is written off during the expected useful life of assets.
- b) The following rates of depreciation derived on the basis of useful life of the assets have been adopted-

S.No.	Description of Assets	Rate of Depreciation
1	<b>Building (Other than factory Building) RCC frame structure (NESD)</b>	1.58%
2	<b>Others Temporary Construction (Including temporary structure etc.) (NESD)</b>	31.67%

S.No.	Description of Assets	Rate of Depreciation
3	<b>Plant and Machinery used in civil construction</b>	
3(a)(i)	Concreting, Crushing, Piling equipment and Road Making Machine	7.92%
3(a)(ii)(a)	Cranes with capacity of more than 100 tons	4.75%
3(a)(ii)(b)	Cranes with capacity of less than 100 tons	6.33%
3(a)(iii)	Earth moving equipments	10.56%
3(a)(iv)	Others including material handling/ Pipeline/welding equipments(NESD)	7.92%
4	<b>General Furniture and Fixture (NESD)</b>	9.50%
5	<b>Office Equipments (NESD)</b>	19%
6	<b>Computers and data processing units (NESD)</b>	
6(a)	Server and Network	15.83%
6(b)	End user devices such as Desktop, Laptop, Software including user license fee, other intangible assets etc.	31.67%
7	<b>Motor Vehicles (NESD)</b>	
7(a)	Motorcycles, Scooters & Other Mopeds	9.50%
7(b)	Motor Buses, Motor Lorries and Motor Cars other than used in business of running them on hire	11.88%

Except for assets in respect of which no extra shift depreciation (NESD) is permitted as indicated, if an asset is used for any time during the year for double shift, the depreciation will increase by 50% for that period and in case of triple shift the depreciation shall be calculated on the basis of 100% for that period.

- c) Property, Plant and Equipment acquired during the period, individually costing upto ₹ 5,000/- are fully depreciated in a year of purchase. However, Mobile phones provided to employees are charged to statement of profit and loss irrespective of its value".
- d) Leasehold Land & Leasehold Building are amortised over the period of lease or over the specified period calculated as per the rates adopted by the Company whichever is less. Leasehold land under perpetual lease is not being amortised and carried at cost.

Financial Impact of the changed policy during the current year as well as previous year is "NIL".

- e) Intangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Software, which is not integral part of related hardware, is treated as intangible asset and amortized on straight line method over a period of three years or its license period, whichever is less. Intangible assets' useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Financial Impact of the changed policy during the current year as well as previous year is "NIL".

## 8. Employee Benefits

- (i) Short Term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Profit and Loss statement of the year in which the related service is rendered.
- (ii) Post employment and the other long term employee benefits are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss statement for the year in which the employee has rendered services. The expense is recognised at the present value of the amounts payable determined using actuarial valuation techniques. The actuarial gains and losses in respect of post employment and other long term benefits are charged to the Profit and Loss statement.

## 9. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, and in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on best estimates required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimation. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying the economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

## 10. Provision for Doubtful Debts/ Loans and Advances

The amount of Trade Receivables/ Loans and Advances in closed projects, pertaining to Central / State Governments and their Departments, PSU clients and Foreign clients are considered good for realization upto 10 years from the year these became due. These debts are under constant persuasion for realization till final settlement made with the client(s) or verdict is passed by the arbitral tribunal/ court, in case of dispute. Necessary provision against doubtful debts / loans and advances for **net receivable amount** on project basis is made in case the dues are outstanding for more than 10 years based on the previous experience/progress/assessment of the matter by the management. Trade Receivables/ Loans and Advances are written-off when considered unrealizable. For the cases pending with Arbitrator / Tribunal / Court no provision is made.

Net receivable indicated above means that the total amount due from the client reduced by the corresponding amount payable to the subcontractors of the respective Project.

## 11. Segment Reporting

The Company has identified two primary reporting segments based on geographic location of the projects viz. Domestic & International.

## 12. Impairment of assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount and the reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in

the profit and loss account. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciated historical cost and is accordingly reversed in the profit and loss account.

### 13. Taxation

Provision for tax for the year comprises estimated current income-tax determined as higher of the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the period or tax payable on book profit computed in accordance with the provisions of section 115BAA of the Income tax Act, 1961 and deferred tax being the tax effect of temporary timing differences representing the difference between taxable and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods and is calculated in accordance with the relevant domestic tax laws.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted as at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In respect of carry forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

Minimum Alternate TAX ('mat') is not applicable to company being company opted for taxation u/s 115BAA of the Income Tax Act 1961.

### 14. Leases

The Company as a lessee: Lease payments under operating leases are recognised as expense in the profit and loss account on straight line basis over the lease term.

The Company as a lessor: Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

Financial Impact of the changed policy during the current year as well as previous year is "NIL".

### 15. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

## 16. Adjustment pertaining to Prior Period Items and Prepaid Expenses

- a) Prior Period Items: Income/Expenditure pertaining to prior period upto Rs 1.00 lakhs in each case are not considered material and are included under the income/expenditure of the current year.
- b) Prepaid Expenses: Prepaid expenditure upto Rupee Rs 1.00 lakhs in each case not being considered material is included under the expenditure of the current year.

Financial Impact of the changed policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

## 17. Allocation of Corporate Office Overheads

Corporate/ Head Office overheads relating to salary and related costs thereto are allocated to Oman project in the ratio of its turnover over the total turnover of EPI.

## 18. Investments

Long term investments are stated at cost. Permanent decline in the value of such investments is recognized and provided for.

Current investments are stated at lower of cost and quoted/fair value. Unquoted current investments are stated at cost.

Financial Impact of the new policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

## 19. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

Financial Impact of the new policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

## 20. Dividend

Final dividends on shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company’s Board of Directors.

Financial Impact of the new policy during the current year as well as previous year is “NIL”.

## 21. Principles of Consolidation

- a) The consolidated financial statements of the group are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in India. The financial statements adhere to the relevant presentational requirement of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws.
- b) The financial statements of the company and the subsidiary is combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses after eliminating intra-group balance/transactions in full as per Accounting Standard-21 on Consolidated Financial Statements.
- c) Minority Interest's share of net assets of; consolidated subsidiary is identified and presented in the consolidated balance sheet separate from liabilities and the equity of the Company's shareholders. Minority Interest's share of net profit/ (loss) of consolidated subsidiary for the year is identified and adjusted against the income of the group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to shareholders of the Company.
- d) Minority interest in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries consist of the amount of equity attributable to the minority shareholders.
- e) The excess of the cost to the Company of its Investment in Subsidiaries over its proportionate share in the equity of investee Company at the date of acquisition of stake is recognized in the consolidated financial statements as Goodwill. In case the cost of investment in a Subsidiaries is less than the proportionate share in the equity of the investee company as on the date of investment, the difference is recognized as Capital Reserve in the consolidated Financial Statements.

## Note No. 2.1

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Share Capital	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>Authorised</b>		
90,94,04,600 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up (P.Y. 90,94,04,600 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	<b>90,940.46</b>	90,940.46
<b>Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up</b>		
3,54,22,688 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up (P.Y. 3,54,22,688 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- Each Fully Paid Up)	<b>3,542.27</b>	3,542.27
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,542.27</b>	3,542.27

## Note 2.1 (A)

Reconciliation of No. of Shares Outstanding	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	Number	Number
At the beginning of the year	<b>3,54,22,688</b>	3,54,22,688
At the end of the year	<b>3,54,22,688</b>	3,54,22,688

## Note 2.1 (B)

Number of Shares Held by Each Shareholder holding More Than 5%	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
	No. of Shares	% age	No. of Shares	% age
The President of India	<b>3,54,15,677</b>	<b>99.98</b>	3,54,15,677	99.98

## Note 2.1 (C)

Shares held by Promoters		As at 31st March 2022			As at 31st March 2021		
		No. of Shares	% age of Total Shares	% Change during the year	No. of Shares	% age of Total Shares	% Change during the year
1.	The President of India	3,54,15,677	99.98%	-	3,54,15,677	99.98%	-
2.	Heavy Engineering Corporation Limited	3575	0.01%	-	3575	0.01%	-
3.	Bharat Heavy Electricals Limited	1892	0.01%	-	1892	0.01%	-
4.	Mining & Allied Machinery Corporation Limited	490	0.00%	-	490	0.00%	-
5.	Triveni Structurals Limited	490	0.00%	-	490	0.00%	-
6.	Instrumentation Limited	350	0.00%	-	350	0.00%	-
7.	Hindustan Steelworks Constructions Limited	210	0.00%	-	210	0.00%	-
8.	EPI Share Holder's Trust	4	0.00%	-	4	0.00%	-

## Note No. 2.2

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Reserve & Surplus	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>A) Capital Reserve</b>		
Balance as at the beginning and end of the year	2.10	2.10
<b>B) General Reserve</b>		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	2,115.00	2,115.00
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
<b>Balance as at the end of the year</b>	<b>2,115.00</b>	2,115.00
<b>C) Surplus i.e. Balance in Statement of Profit and Loss</b>		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	9,197.13	14,199.05
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	(6,506.35)	(4,974.31)
Less: Dividend Paid *	-	(27.61)
Less: Transfer of Last Year Profit	-	-
<b>Balance as at the end of the year</b>	<b>2,690.78</b>	9,197.13
<b>Total (A+B+C)</b>	<b>4,807.88</b>	11,314.23

\*The Ministry of Corporate Affairs while notifying Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 (G.S.R. 364(E) dated 30.03.2016 has amended Accounting Standard (AS)-4 "Contingencies and Events Occurring After the Balance Sheet Date". The para 14 of amended AS-4 provides that if dividends are declared after the balance sheet date, then such dividends are not recognized as a liability at the balance sheet date because no obligation exists at that date.



### Note No. 2.3

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Long Term Liabilities	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Payables		
- Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises *	-	-
- Other than Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	14,493.34	14,761.49
- Disputed Dues- Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises*	-	-
- Disputed Dues -Other than Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	1,161.73	1,437.82
Other Liabilities		
- Security Deposits & Retention Money #	37,124.41	35,170.67
-Advance Received from Clients	15,815.35	12,553.98
- Other Payable to Clients	153.71	182.20
<b>Total</b>	<b>68,748.54</b>	<b>64,106.16</b>

\*\* Refer the Note No. 2.8A for Trade Payable ageing schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

\* Amount due to entities covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, have been identified on the basis of confirmations received from these entities and to the extent of the information available with the Company. There was no amount due for more than forty five days payable to these identified entities at any time during the year.

# Includes an amount of ₹ 1906.64 Lakhs received by EPIL in lieu of Bank Guarantee provided by EPIL for ₹ 4554.00 Lakhs on behalf of C&C Constructions Limited in Myanmar Project and balance is secured against work done in Oman. Refer Note no 2.29 for further details.

### Note No. 2.4

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Long Term Provisions	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Provision for other expenses	1,659.22	-
Employee Benefits:		
-Leave Encashment	1,243.15	1,368.33
-Gratuity	5.83	170.33
-Long Service Award	17.64	19.58
-Post Retirement Medical Benefits	1,828.56	1,647.88
-Post Retirement Travelling Allowance	3.54	3.85
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,757.94</b>	<b>3,209.97</b>

## Note No. 2.5

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Short Term Borrowing	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Secured		
- Loan Payable on Demand from Banks	-	-
Unsecured		
- Loan Payable on Demand from Banks *	41.53	4,845.32
Current Maturities of Long Term Borrowings	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>41.53</b>	<b>4,845.32</b>

\*Amount of ₹ 41.53 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 4,845.32 Lakhs) towards clean cash credit against fund based limit/short term loan with IOB Delhi.

## Note No. 2.6

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Trade Payables	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Payables**		
- Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises *	3,463.91	790.21
- Other than Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	41,043.96	41,149.35
- Disputed Dues- Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	-	8.71
- Disputed Dues - Other than Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>44,507.87</b>	<b>41,948.27</b>

\*\* Refer the Note No. 2.8A for Trade Payable ageing schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

\*Amount due to entities covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, have been identified on the basis of confirmations received from these entities and to the extent of the information available with the Company. There was no amount due for more than forty five days payable to these identified entities at any time during the year.

Based on information available with the company ₹ 3463.91 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 798.92 Lakhs) was payable to MSME at the end of the year (refer note no 2.51).

## Note No. 2.7

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Current Liabilities	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Advance From Clients	48,926.11	27,915.84
Security Deposits, Retention & Earnest Money	7,052.22	6,703.07
Outstanding Liabilities	758.91	1,052.48
Other Payable to Clients	625.74	559.07
Advance Revenue for Works	6,398.44	5,880.27
Payable to Employees *	589.06	842.01
Additional Claims Payable	8,757.65	8,274.82
Statutory Liabilities	4,662.14	1,379.29
<b>Total</b>	<b>77,770.27</b>	<b>52,606.85</b>

\* During the year ended on 31.03.2022 an amount of ₹ 23.53 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 38.72 Lakhs) related to Performance Related Pay is pending for release to certain employees.

Pursuant to the guidelines regarding pay revision (3rd PRC) w.e.f. 01.01.2017 provision of ₹ NIL (previous year ₹ NIL Lakhs) has been made in the books of accounts during FY 2021-22. The cumulative provision as at 31.03.2022 is ₹ 475.80 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 681.96 Lakhs).

## Note No. 2.8

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Short Term Provisions	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Provision for Expected Loss (As per AS-7)	601.46	806.50
Provision for Income Tax (Foreign)	-	42.25
Employee Benefits:		
-Leave Encashment	322.82	229.18
-Gratuity	84.71	88.16
-Long Service Award	6.77	3.33
-Post Retirement Medical Benefits	146.66	247.93
-Post Retirement Travelling Allowance	0.62	0.46
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,163.04</b>	<b>1,417.81</b>

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022					As at 31st March 2021				
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#					Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME	3,463.91	0.00	-	-	3,463.91	790.21	-	-	-	790.21
Others	35,357.18	4,806.22	2,422.29	11,591.91	54,177.61	37,937.29	2,264.74	5,133.58	9,262.33	54,597.94
Disputed Dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.71	8.71
Disputed Dues -Others	-	113.14	48.49	2,359.16	2,520.78	85.28	46.62	25.89	2,592.91	2,750.70
<b>Total</b>	<b>38,821.09</b>	<b>4,919.36</b>	<b>2,470.78</b>	<b>13,951.08</b>	<b>60,162.30</b>	<b>38,812.78</b>	<b>2,311.36</b>	<b>5,159.47</b>	<b>11,863.95</b>	<b>58,147.56</b>

# Similar information shall be given where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction.

**Note No. 2.9 (i)**  
**Property, Plant & Equipments as at 31.03.2022**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK			
	OPENING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/ WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	OPENING BALANCE	FOR THE YEAR	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/ WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>Property, Plant &amp; Equipment</b>												
LAND FREEHOLD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LAND LEASEHOLD	16.16	-	-	-	16.16	3.64	0.15	-	-	3.79	12.37	12.52
BUILDING FREEHOLD	46.87	-	-	-	46.87	29.99	1.09	-	-	31.08	15.79	16.88
BUILDING LEASEHOLD*	667.13	-	-	21.88	645.25	290.34	12.77	-	21.88	281.24	364.02	376.79
COMPUTER AND EQUIPMENTS	519.22	28.86	(1.77)	49.71	496.60	465.92	19.36	(2.22)	46.92	436.13	60.47	53.30
OFFICE AND OTHER EQUIPMENTS	280.99	6.49	(1.19)	30.54	255.16	245.10	11.44	(1.32)	29.74	224.99	30.16	35.89
CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENTS	626.82	-	-	0.76	626.06	504.04	15.59	-	0.74	518.90	107.16	122.77
FURNITURES & FIXTURES	262.00	18.57	(6.39)	6.98	267.06	195.31	15.54	(6.42)	6.23	198.13	68.93	66.70
VEHICLES	72.06	-	-	29.86	42.19	60.43	3.92	-	28.37	35.98	6.22	11.63
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,491.25</b>	<b>53.92</b>	<b>(9.34)</b>	<b>139.74</b>	<b>2,395.36</b>	<b>1,794.77</b>	<b>79.86</b>	<b>(9.96)</b>	<b>133.88</b>	<b>1,730.24</b>	<b>665.12</b>	<b>696.48</b>
PREVIOUS YEAR	2,456.45	48.88	(0.00)	14.08	2,491.25	1,716.02	86.78	(0.00)	8.03	1,794.77	696.48	

\* Conveyance deeds in respect of building at Scope Complex, New Delhi included in fixed assets at a cost of ₹ 374.42 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 374.42 Lakhs) is pending for execution in the name of Company.

**Note No. 2.9 (ii)**  
**Intangible assets as at 31.03.2022**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK			
	OPENING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	OPENING BALANCE	FOR THE YEAR	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>INTANGIBLE ASSETS</b>												
SOFTWARES (ACQUIRED)	244.64	3.90		1.31	<b>247.23</b>	220.14	8.29		1.24	<b>227.18</b>	<b>20.05</b>	24.50
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>244.64</b>	<b>3.90</b>	-	<b>1.31</b>	<b>247.23</b>	<b>220.14</b>	<b>8.29</b>	-	<b>1.24</b>	<b>227.18</b>	<b>20.05</b>	24.50
PREVIOUS YEAR	244.73	-	-	0.09	244.64	207.63	12.58	-	0.07	220.14	24.50	

**Note No. 2.9 (iii)**  
**Intangible Assets (under-development) as at 31.03.2021**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

DESCRIPTION	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION				NET BLOCK			
	OPENING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	OPENING BALANCE	FOR THE YEAR	ADJUST-MENT	SALE/WRITTEN OFF	TOTAL	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
<b>INTANGIBLE ASSETS (UNDER CONSTRUCTION)</b>												
SOFTWARES (UNDER CONSTRUCTION)	78.38	-	-	-	<b>78.38</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>78.38</b>	78.38
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>78.38</b>	-	-	-	<b>78.38</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>78.38</b>	78.38
<b>PREVIOUS YEAR</b>	25.99	52.39	-	-	<b>78.38</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>78.38</b>	
<b>Gross Total Current Year</b>	<b>2,814.27</b>	<b>57.82</b>	<b>(9.34)</b>	<b>141.05</b>	<b>2,720.97</b>	<b>2,014.91</b>	<b>88.16</b>	<b>(9.96)</b>	<b>135.13</b>	<b>1,957.43</b>	<b>763.55</b>	
Gross Total Previous Year	2,727.16	101.27	(0.00)	14.16	2,814.27	1,923.65	99.36	(0.00)	8.09	2,014.91	799.36	

\*Refer the Additional regulatory information at Note No. 2.52 which contains Intangible assets under development aging schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

## Note No. 2.10

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Deferred Tax Assets (Net)*	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Depreciation on Fixed Assets	(47.57)	(605.47)
Provision for Doubtful Debts	848.13	1,106.37
Provision for Employee Benefits (AS-15)	343.38	443.54
Other Disallowances	151.38	387.86
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,295.32</b>	<b>1,332.30</b>

\* Tax rate applied for calculation of DTA is 25.168% (Income Tax 22%, surcharge 10%, health & education cess 4%)

## Note No. 2.11

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Long term Loans and Advances	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
(Unsecured, Considered Good Unless Stated Otherwise)		
Advance for Works:		
-Mobilization Advance Secured Against BG	2,003.78	1,347.69
-Secured against Material	289.28	110.66
-Other Advances	2,249.48	2,461.06
Other Advances Considered Doubtful	653.47	656.24
	<b>5,196.01</b>	<b>4,575.65</b>
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Advances	(653.47)	(653.47)
	<b>4,542.54</b>	<b>3,922.18</b>
Staff Loans & Advances	9.79	11.35
Advance Tax /TDS Recoverable	247.07	3,957.45
Less: Provision for Income Tax	-	(281.99)
	<b>247.07</b>	<b>3,675.46</b>
Advance Tax (Foreign)	-	519.41
MAT Credit	-	-
Indirect Tax (Recoverable, Input Tax Credit, Advance)	2,210.03	2,490.28
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,009.43</b>	<b>10,618.68</b>

Note No. 2.12

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Non Current Assets	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
Trade Receivables*				
Secured Considered Good	-		-	
Unsecured Considered Good	5,907.66		5,671.90	
Considered Doubtful	754.60		698.79	
	<b>6,662.26</b>		<b>6,370.69</b>	
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Recoveries	(754.60)	5,907.66	(698.79)	5,671.90
Security Deposits & Retention Money Considered Doubtful	25,939.37		27,613.70	
	880.22		880.22	
	<b>26,819.59</b>		<b>28,493.92</b>	
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Recoveries	(880.22)	25,939.37	(880.22)	27,613.70
<u>Other Assets</u>				
Fixed Deposits #		86.74		82.32
Recoverable from Clients, Vendors & Others	22,876.34		23,761.47	
Considered Doubtful	1,081.59		1,081.59	
	<b>23,957.93</b>		<b>24,843.06</b>	
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Recoveries	(1,081.59)	22,876.34	(1,081.59)	23,761.47
<b>Total</b>		<b>54,810.11</b>		<b>57,129.39</b>

\*Refer the Note No 2.14A for Trade Receivables ageing schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

# As on 31.03.2022 Company has pledged fixed deposits amounting to ₹ 86.74 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 82.32 Lakhs) with clients/others on account of earnest money deposit/security deposit submitted to Client is under dispute, matter is sub-judice.



### Note No. 2.13

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Inventories	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Materials : (Lower of Cost or NRV)		
-Steel	196.36	17.85
-Cement	-	-
-Pipes & Others	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>196.36</b>	<b>17.85</b>

### Note No. 2.14

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Trade Receivables	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Receivables*		
Secured Considered Good	-	-
Unsecured Considered Good	19,267.84	26,839.45
Considered Doubtful	-	-
	<u>19,267.84</u>	<u>26,839.45</u>
Less: Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Recoveries	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>19,267.84</b>	<b>26,839.45</b>

\*Refer the Note No. 2.14A for Trade Receivables ageing schedule as per Notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III.

### Note No. 2.14 A

#### Trade Receivables ageing schedule

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022						As at 31st March 2021					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#						Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#					
	Less than 6 Months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Less than 6 Months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	7,932.57	9,396.44	1,240.82	282.32	3,438.21	22,290.36	21,575.59	3,962.64	124.27	159.62	3,803.92	29,626.03
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful					118.85	118.85					63.04	63.04
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	2,885.14	2,885.14	-	-	-	0.86	2,884.46	2,885.32
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	635.76	635.76	-	-	-	-	635.76	635.76
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,932.57</b>	<b>9,396.44</b>	<b>1,240.82</b>	<b>282.32</b>	<b>7,077.95</b>	<b>25,930.10</b>	<b>21,575.59</b>	<b>3,962.64</b>	<b>124.27</b>	<b>160.48</b>	<b>7,387.17</b>	<b>33,210.14</b>

# similar information shall be given where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction.

Note No. 2.15 (i)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Cash and cash equivalents	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
Cash & Cash Equivalents				
Balances With Banks				
-In Current Accounts*	<b>25,562.94</b>		8,603.44	
-Fixed Deposit (With Maturity Upto 3 Months)**	<b>10,754.07</b>	<b>36,317.01</b>	<u>3,849.64</u>	12,453.08
Cash on Hand		-		0.01
<b>Total</b>		<b>36,317.01</b>		12,453.09

Note No. 2.15 (ii)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Bank Balances	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2021	
Fixed Deposits # ** (With Maturity More Than 3 Months but less than 12 months)		<b>12,654.78</b>		17,357.44
<b>Total</b>		<b>12,654.78</b>		17,357.44

\*Out of the above Balance in Current Account ₹ 24,488.10 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 7,748.59 Lakhs) is held as deposit on behalf of client.

\*\*Out of the above Balance in Fixed Deposits ₹ 22,554.99 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 20,539.89 Lakhs) is held as deposit on behalf of client. As on 31.03.2022 Company has pledged fixed deposits amounting to ₹ NIL (Previous year ₹ 30.00 lakhs) with clients/others on account of earnest money deposit/security deposit.

# As on 31.03.2022 Company has pledged fixed deposits amounting to ₹ 325.27 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 288.44 lakhs) with clients/others on account of earnest money deposit/security deposit/Sales Tax Department.

## Note No. 2.16

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Short Term Loan & Advances	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
(Unsecured, Considered Good Unless Stated Otherwise)		
Advance for Works:		
-Mobilization Advance Secured Against BG	3,894.67	4,528.55
-Secured Against Material	643.15	442.57
-Other Advances	803.16	1,088.71
Advance Tax /TDS Recoverable	5,340.98	6,059.83
Indirect Tax (Recoverable, Input Tax Credit, Advance)	2,255.93	13.29
Staff Loans & Advances	44.99	24.70
Security, Retention & Earnest Money Receivable	12,967.45	11,040.20
<b>Total</b>	<b>24,887.93</b>	<b>19,635.40</b>

## Note No. 2.17

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Current Assets	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Interest Accrued but not due on Bank Deposits	192.55	50.73
Prepaid Expenses	126.52	277.02
Recoverable from Clients, Vendors & Others	23,863.34	11,545.10
Unbilled Revenue	23,956.57	24,937.04
<b>Total</b>	<b>48,138.98</b>	<b>36,809.89</b>

## Note No. 2.18

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Revenue From Operations	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Value of Work Done	72,965.47	66,638.98
Other Operating Income	651.87	13,923.19
<b>Total</b>	<b>73,617.34</b>	<b>80,562.17</b>

## Note No. 2.19

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Income	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Interest Income earned on:		
Deposits with Bank	23.94	53.41
Staff Advances	1.04	0.85
Other (Sub Contractor /Clients / I. T. Refund)	550.10	199.41
Other non-Operating Income:	-	-
Unspent Liabilities/Balances Written Back	-	14.72
Miscellaneous Income	602.23	243.56
Foreign Exchange Variation Gain	190.97	27.60
Reversal of Provision for Expected Loss as per AS-7	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,368.28</b>	<b>539.55</b>

## Note No. 2.20

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Operating Expenses	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Civil, Mechanical, Electrical Works	65,933.12	60,474.35
Design & Consultancy Charges	1,021.24	438.64
Other Direct Expenditure	1,009.89	681.00
Provision for Expected Loss (As per AS-7)	(29.62)	(326.81)
Claims Paid	529.27	13,608.24
Royalty	0.12	1.23
<b>Total</b>	<b>68,464.02</b>	<b>74,876.65</b>

## Note No. 2.21

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Employee Benefits Expenses	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Salary & Allowances #	5,977.06	5,919.02
Contribution to Provident & Gratuity Funds \$	540.28	566.91
Staff Welfare Expenses *	930.36	761.18
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,447.70</b>	<b>7,247.11</b>

# Salary & Allowances includes a provision of ₹ NIL (previous year ₹ NIL) created on account of Pay Revision (3rd PRC).

\$ Includes an amount of ₹ 17.50 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 35.40 Lakhs) on account of interest shortfall of Provident Fund Trust.

\* Includes medical expenses, leave encashment, long service award and other staff welfare expenses.

## Note No. 2.22

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Finance Cost	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Interest Paid to		
- Bank	248.60	791.34
- Others	229.54	240.97
<b>Total</b>	<b>478.14</b>	<b>1,032.31</b>

## Note No. 2.23

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Other Expenses	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Printing & Stationery	43.29	55.84
Rates & Taxes	109.76	341.92
Postage & Telecommunication	99.35	110.76
Repair & Maintenance		
Office	287.87	355.26
Building	48.49	19.39
Other Fixed Assets	0.30	0.23
Computer Expenses	73.50	63.11
Water Power & Fuel charges	93.90	82.17
Tendering Expenses	22.83	25.20
Advertisement & Publicity	13.76	2.40
Legal & Professional Charges	209.96	140.58
Advisors On Contract	7.89	15.24
Insurance	30.04	35.82
Entertainment	13.75	12.80
Bank Charges	66.53	135.59
Vehicle Running & Maintenance	25.37	22.74
Manpower Development	3.71	1.11
Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	1.26	1.56
Sponsorship Fee	-	2.15
Travelling & Other Incidental Expenses (Domestic) §	412.03	450.40
Travelling & Other Incidental Expenses (Foreign)	13.46	3.73
CSR & Sustainability *	-	1.33
Research & Development	-	-
Auditor's Remuneration @	19.23	20.16
Business Promotion	13.58	13.26
Office Rent	1,835.59	135.97
Membership & Subscription Fee	2.65	3.57
Filing & Registration Fee	1.84	6.31
Provision for Doubtful Debts, Loans & Advances & Others	55.81	-
Amounts Written off for Doubtful Recovery	1,166.14	-
Foreign Exchange Variation (Gain)/ Loss	5.95	9.36
Miscellaneous Expenses	57.46	30.88
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,735.30</b>	<b>2,098.84</b>

§ Travelling and other incidental expenses includes ₹ NIL Lakhs towards site living hardship expenses

(previous year ₹ 47.40 Lakhs) and travelling expenses of directors ₹ 12.35 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 3.76 Lakhs).

\* In accordance with provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average of its net profit from the immediately preceding three financial years on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). Gross amount spent by the Company for CSR and Sustainability during the year is ₹ NIL ( previous year 1.33 Lakhs being amount carried forward from budgets of previous year).

**@ Details in respect of payment to auditors:**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Auditors' Remuneration	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Audit Fee #	15.76	16.66
Tax Audit #	3.26	2.94
Other Services (Certification fee)	0.21	0.19
Other Expenses	-	0.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>19.23</b>	<b>20.16</b>

# Auditors Remuneration are recorded without GST amount.

**Note No. 2.24**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Prior Period Adjustments (Net)	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Income		
Operating Income	-	-
Other Income	-	-
Sub-Total of Prior Period Income (A)	-	-
Less: Expenses		
Operating Expenses	-	116.26
Employee Remuneration and Benefits	-	-
Depreciation	-	-
Others	3.80	-
Sub-Total Prior Period Expenses(B)	3.80	116.26
<b>Total Prior Period Expenses (Net) (B-A)</b>	<b>3.80</b>	<b>116.26</b>

## Note No. 2.25

### Group Companies

The consolidated financial statements relate to Engineering Projects (India) Limited (The Company) and its subsidiary, all incorporated in India (The Group).

The subsidiary considered in the consolidated financial statements are as under:

Sr. No.	Name of Subsidiary*	Relation-ship	Percentage of ownership interest		Share of Associates Profit/(Loss) included in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss Account (Amount in ₹ Lakhs )	
			As on 31.03.2022	As on 31.03.2021	As on 31.03.2022	As on 31.03.2021
1	EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited	Subsidiary	51%	51%	-	-

\*Unaudited financial statements are considered in the consolidation financial statements of the Group.

## Note No. 2.26

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Contingent Liabilities and Commitments		31st March 2022	31st March 2021
Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts :		(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)	(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)
1	In respect of legal and Arbitration:		
a	Claims pending for adjudication, amount thereof has been taken wherever quantified or reasonably ascertainable.*	55,440.14	48,305.68
b	In respect of cases where awards are published in favor of company but defendants have gone to appeal.*	5,937.17	6,253.07
	<b>Sub Total (1)</b>	<b>61,377.31</b>	54,558.75
2	In respect of Income Tax/ Sales Tax / Works Contract Tax/ Service Tax demand in respect of completed assessments under dispute/appeals.	5,133.87	5,548.42
3	In respect of Guarantees issued on behalf of Client	-	-
	<b>Grand Total (1+2+3)</b>	<b>66,511.18</b>	60,107.17

\*Against the above, the Company has corresponding counter claims.

## Note No. 2.27

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Development of Intangible Asset and not provided for ₹ 1.57 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 53.96 Lakhs) on account of implementation of ERP and Nil amount has been capitalised during FY 2021-22 in this respect.



## Note No. 2.28

### Expenditure in Foreign Currency:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Sl.No.	Particulars	Year ended 31.03.22	Year ended 31.03.21
1	Operational Expenditure	833.85	26,015.43
2	Professional & Consultancy Charges	4.42	47.24
3	Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Loss	5.95	9.36
4	Purchase of Fixed Assets	2.29	1.06
5	<b>Administrative &amp; Other Expenses:</b>		
a	Travel	68.26	53.61
b	Tendering Expenses	-	-
c	Others	636.06	1,133.09
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,550.84</b>	<b>27,259.79</b>

### Earning in foreign currency:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Sl.No.	Particulars	Year ended 31.03.22	Year ended 31.03.21
1	Work Receipts	1,275.44	27,520.77
2	Interest Income	3.19	16.98
3	Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Gain	190.97	27.60
4	Others	19.20	0.08
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,488.80</b>	<b>27,565.42</b>

Foreign exchange remitted from Oman ₹ 0.56 Lakhs equivalent USD 763.84 only during the financial year 2021-22 (previous year ₹ 1,249.66 Lakhs equivalent USD 17.00 Lakhs).

## Note No. 2.29

- Company has utilised non fund based credit limits of ₹ 48,717.12 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 47,069.90 Lakhs) against sanctioned limit of ₹ 75,826.50 Lakhs (previous year ₹ 84,879.80 Lakhs) from various banks without any security. This includes ₹ 7,590.00 Lakhs towards project to be executed in Myanmar by EPI-C&C JV, which includes ₹ 4,554.00 Lakhs towards bank guarantee issued on behalf of its lead partner i.e. C&C Constructions Limited and ₹ 3,036.00 Lakhs on its own behalf.
- In lieu of BG provided by EPIL for ₹ 4,554.00 Lakhs on behalf of C&C Constructions Limited in Myanmar Project, EPIL has received ₹ 1,906.64 Lakhs and balance is secured against work done in Oman. During the year, MEA vide its letter dated 09<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance and subsequently invoked BG amounting to ₹ 75.90 cr. (EPI portion – 30.36 cr & C&C portion – 45.54 cr). In turn, EPI vide its letter dated 11<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 terminated the contract of its sub-contractor M/s RK-RPP JV (awarded value ₹ 414 cr) and invoked its BG due to non-performance of ₹ 20.70 cr (5% of ₹ 414 cr).
- M/s C&C Construction Limited our 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture “EPI - C&C JV (unincorporated)” and our main contractor in our Oman Project is currently facing insolvency proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL'S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.

## Note No. 2.30

### Disclosure as per AS-17

The company has identified two primary segments namely Domestic and Foreign. Accordingly, the segment information is as under-

### Primary Segment Information-(Geographic)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	Current Year (2021-22)				Previous Year (2020-21)			
	Domestic	Foreign	Un-allocated	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Un-allocated	Total
<b>Type of Business</b>	<b>Construction</b>				<b>Construction</b>			
Revenue from Operation	72,341.90	1,275.44	-	73,617.34	53,041.40	27,520.77	-	80,562.17
Other Income	225.17	213.36	929.75	1,368.28	154.18	44.65	340.72	539.55
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>72,567.08</b>	<b>1,488.80</b>	<b>929.75</b>	<b>74,985.62</b>	53,195.59	27,565.42	340.72	81,101.72
<b>Results</b>								
Profit before Interest, Depreciation and Tax	(3,266.35)	(46.29)	(2,352.56)	(5,665.20)	(1,214.98)	319.80	(2,341.96)	(3,237.14)
Interest	229.54	-	248.60	478.14	240.97	-	791.34	1,032.31
Depreciation	40.54	4.35	43.27	88.16	42.24	5.60	51.52	99.36
Profit before Tax	(3,536.43)	(50.64)	(2,644.43)	(6,231.50)	(1,498.18)	314.20	(3,184.83)	(4,368.81)
Profit After Tax	(3,536.43)	(51.09)	(2,918.83)	(6,506.35)	(1,498.18)	248.78	(3,724.90)	(4,974.31)
Capital Expenditure Addition to Tangible and Intangible Assets)	52.28	2.29	3.25	57.82	27.15	1.06	73.06	101.27
<b>Other Information</b>	<b>As at 31st March 2022</b>				<b>As at 31st March 2021</b>			
Total Assets	1,44,864.13	46,892.48	13,584.70	2,05,341.31	1,26,217.89	45,032.40	11,742.56	1,82,992.85
Property, Plant and Equipment & Intangible Assets (Carrying Amount)	149.68	23.61	590.25	763.55	141.70	25.77	631.90	799.36
Total Liabilities	1,51,501.08	40,789.85	4,698.27	1,96,989.20	1,15,431.08	44,795.93	7,907.38	1,68,134.38

## Note No. 2.31

Disclosure pursuant to requirements of Accounting Standard 7 “Construction Contracts”.

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
1	Revenue from operations	73,617.34	80,562.17
2	Contract costs incurred and profit recognised upto the reporting date	11,29,417.19	10,72,521.64
3	Advances received	64,741.46	40,469.82
4	Gross amount due from customers for contract work- presented as an asset (Unbilled Revenue)	23,956.57	24,937.04
5	Gross amount due to customers for contract work – presented as a liability. (Advance Revenue for Work)	6,398.44	5,880.27
6	Retention money Receivable	25,036.57	25,027.90

## Note No. 2.32

### Details of Employee benefits as per AS-15:-

#### i) Changes in defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Gratuity	Long term compensated absences	Long service award	Post-retirement medical benefit	Post-retirement Travel Allowance
	(Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)
Discount rate	6.90% (6.50%)	6.90% (6.50%)	6.90% (6.50%)	6.90% (6.50%)	6.90% (6.50%)
Rate of increase in compensation levels/ Premium Inflation/ Cost of Travel	3.00%	3.00%	-	3.00%	3.00%
Expected rate of return on assets	6.90% (6.50%)	- -	- -	- -	- -
Retirement Age *	60 years	60 years	60 years	60 years	60 years
Mortality Table	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	Pre-retirement: IALM(2012-14) Ultimate Post Retirement: LIC (1996-98) Ult	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate
Age*	Employee Turnover (%)				
Upto 35 Years	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
From 36 to 45 Years	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
Above 46 Years	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

\* Same as previous year

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity	Long term compensated absences	Long service award	Post-retirement medical benefit	Post-retirement Travel Allowance
	(Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)	(Un-Funded)
Projected Benefit Obligation at the beginning of year	1,671.42 (1,669.24)	1,597.51 (1,462.65)	22.91 (24.09)	1,895.80 (1,705.57)	4.32 (5.52)
Current service cost	85.38 (86.77)	99.49 (98.34)	1.08 (0.95)	26.85 (32.62)	0.28 (0.26)
Interest cost	101.19 (101.45)	103.84 (88.77)	1.49 (1.44)	123.23 (111.86)	0.28 (0.18)
Actuarial (Gain)/loss	(8.55) (17.48)	157.25 (142.23)	4.40 (1.28)	143.64 (45.75)	(0.44) ((0.75))
Acquisition adjustment	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Benefits Paid	(196.31) ((203.53))	(392.11) ((194.48))	(5.48) ((4.85))	(214.30) -	(0.28) ((0.90))
Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-	-
Projected Benefit Obligation at end of year	1,653.14 (1,671.42)	1,565.98 (1,597.51)	24.41 (22.91)	1,975.22 (1,895.80)	4.16 (4.32)

ii) Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets (Gratuity)

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
	(Funded)	(Funded)
Fair value of Plan Assets as at beginning of the year	1,412.92	1,671.42
Expected Return on Plan Assets	87.25	94.66
Actual Contributions	258.49	144.32
Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	0.23	(3.12)
Benefits Paid	(196.31)	(203.53)
Acquisition Adjustment	-	-
Fair value of Plan Assets as at end of the year	1,562.59	1,557.25

**iii) Amount recognized in the Balance Sheet**
**(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)**

Particulars	Gratuity	Long term compensated absences	Long service award	Post-retirement medical benefit	Post-retirement Travel Allowance
	<b>(Funded)</b>	<b>(Un-Funded)</b>	<b>(Un-Funded)</b>	<b>(Un-Funded)</b>	<b>(Un-Funded)</b>
Defined benefits obligation as at end of year	1,653.14 (1,671.42)	1,565.98 (1,597.51)	24.41 (22.91)	1,975.22 (1,895.80)	4.16 (4.32)
Fair value of plan assets as at end of year	1,562.59 (1,412.92)	- -	- -	- -	- -
Funded Status Asset / (Liability)	(90.54) ((258.50))	(1,565.98) ((1597.51))	(24.41) ((22.91))	(1,975.22) ((1895.80))	(4.16) ((4.32))
Net (Liability)/ Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	(90.54) ((258.50))	(1,565.98) ((1597.51))	(24.41) ((22.91))	(1,975.22) ((1895.80))	(4.16) ((4.32))

**iv) Expenses recognized in the Profit and Loss Account**
**(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)**

Particulars	Gratuity	Long term compensated absences	Long service award	Post-retirement medical benefit	Post-retirement Travel Allowance
	<b>(Funded)</b>	<b>(Un-Funded)</b>	<b>(Un-Funded)</b>	<b>(Un-Funded)</b>	<b>(Un-Funded)</b>
Current Service cost	85.38 (86.77)	99.49 (98.34)	1.08 (0.95)	26.85 (32.62)	0.28 (0.26)
Interest cost	101.19 (101.45)	103.84 (88.77)	1.49 (1.44)	123.23 (111.86)	0.28 (0.18)
Expected return on Plan Assets	(87.25) ((94.66))	- -	- -	- -	- -
Net actuarial (Gain)/ Loss recognized in the period	(8.77) (20.60)	157.25 (142.23)	4.40 (1.28)	143.64 (45.75)	(0.44) ((0.75))
Past Service Cost	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Expenses recognized in the P & Loss A/c	90.54 (114.17)	360.58 (329.34)	6.97 (3.67)	293.72 (190.23)	0.13 (0.31)

**v) Comparative Data of last five years - Gratuity**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	1,653.14	(1,671.42)	1,669.24	1,728.93	1,874.04
b)	Plan asset at the end of period	1,562.59	(1,412.92)	1,524.92	1,699.77	1,196.01
c)	Funded Status	(90.54)	(258.50)	(144.32)	(29.16)	(678.03)
d)	Experience adjustment on plan Liabilities (loss) / gain	(90.54)	(258.50)	(144.32)	(29.16)	(678.03)

**vi) Comparative Data of last five years - Leave encashment**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	1,565.98	1,597.51	1,462.65	1,506.23	1,291.87
b)	Fair value of Plan asset at the end of period	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Funded Status	(1,565.98)	(1,597.51)	(1,462.65)	(1,506.23)	(1,291.87)
d)	Net (Liability)/Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	(1,565.98)	(1,597.51)	(1,462.65)	(1,506.23)	(1,291.87)

**vii) Comparative Data of last five years - Long Service Award**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	24.41	22.91	24.09	18.64	30.66
b)	Fair value of Plan asset at the end of period	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Funded Status	(24.41)	(22.91)	(24.09)	(18.64)	(30.66)
d)	Net (Liability)/Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	(24.41)	(22.91)	(24.09)	(18.64)	(30.66)

**viii) Comparative Data of last five years - Post Retirement Medical Benefits**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	<b>1,975.22</b>	1,895.80	1,705.57	1,850.47	1,760.56
b)	Fair value of Plan asset at the end of period	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Funded Status	<b>(1,975.22)</b>	(1,895.80)	(1,705.57)	(1,850.47)	(1,760.56)
d)	Net (Liability)/Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	<b>(1,975.22)</b>	(1,895.80)	(1,705.57)	(1,850.47)	(1,760.56)

**ix) Comparative Data of last five years - Leave Travel Concession**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2018
a)	Defined benefit obligation at the end of period	4.16	4.32	5.52	3.56	2.97
b)	Fair value of Plan asset at the end of period	-	-	-	-	-
c)	Funded Status	(4.16)	(4.32)	(5.52)	(3.56)	(2.97)
d)	Net (Liability)/Asset recognized in Balance Sheet	(4.16)	(4.32)	(5.52)	(3.56)	(2.97)

Figures of previous year are indicated in italics & brackets (\*).

The company provides for gratuity, long term compensated absences, post-retirement medical benefits, long service award and one time post retirement travelling allowance on actuarial basis as per provision of AS-15.

**Note No. 2.33**

**Related Party Disclosures**

In accordance with Accounting Standard-18 “Related Party Disclosures” specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts), Rules 2014, the names of related parties along with aggregate amount of transactions as identified and certified by the management are given as follows-

- (i) MHI has entrusted the Additional Charge of the Post of Director (Finance), EPI to Shri R. P. Singh, GM (Finance & Accounts), Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd. (BHEL) for a period of Six Months w.e.f. date of taking over charge or appointment of regular incumbent or till further orders, whichever is earliest. Shri R. P. Singh, Director (Finance) (A/C) assumed charge on 18th October 2021. Further MHI has extended the entrustment of the Additional Charge of the post of Director (Finance), EPI for a further period of six months w.e.f. 15.03.2022 to 14.09.2022 or till a regular incumbent joins the post of until further orders, whichever is the earliest.
- (ii) Key Management Personnel with whom there were transactions during the year:
  - Shri. D. S. Rana, Chairman & Managing Director (w.e.f. 19.09.2019)
  - Shri H. N. Thakur, Director (Projects) (w.e.f. 21.10.2019)
  - Shri R. P. Singh, Director (Finance) (A/C) (w.e.f. 18.10.2021)

- Smt Sukriti Likhi, Part Time Official Director (Govt. Nominee) (upto 15.06.2021)
- Smt Nidhi Chhibber, Part Time Official Director (Govt. Nominee) (w.e.f. 15.06.2021)
- Smt. Neelam S. Kumar, Part Time Official Director (Govt. Nominee) (upto 31.10.2021)
- Shri Rajesh Kumar, Part Time Official Director (Govt. Nominee) (w.e.f. 01.11.2021)
- Smt. Akanksha Pare, Part Time Non-official Director (Independent Director) (w.e.f. 02.11.2021)
- Shri Vinod Kumar Yadav, Part Time Non-official Director (Independent Director) (w.e.f. 02.11.2021)
- Shri Kapil Mohan Saxena, Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f. 02.07.2021 upto 31.03.2022)
- Shri Nitesh Kumar Goyal, Company Secretary (w.e.f. 17.07.2020)
- Late P M Chandraiah, Director (Finance) and Chief Financial Officer (upto 30.04.2021)

(iii) EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited (EPIUIDL) was incorporated as Subsidiary of EPIL on 19.5.2016. As on 31.03.2022, the summary winding up petition under Section 361 of the Companies Act 2013 in respect of EPIUIDL was pending for approval with Regional Director. Afterwards the same was taken up by Regional Director (North), MCA in April 2022. It has been informed by RD (MCA) that the petition filed is not a fit case for summary procedure for liquidation and other course of action available under the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, an application for Striking off the name of the EPIUIDL pursuant to Section 248(1)(a) of the Company Act 2013 has been filed to the Director General of Corporate Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 23.05.2022.

Details of Directors/CEO in EPIUIDL, Subsidiary of EPI during the year 2021-22:

1. Shri Kapil Tara, ED (WRO), EPI (under suspension from EPI w.e.f. 20.03.2017) as Part Time CEO (KMP), EPIUIDL superannuated on 30.09.2020.
2. Shri Nandkishor Motilal Shah, Part Time Director representing BUIDPL.
3. Shri Baman Keki Dinshah Bamanji Mehta, Part Time Director representing DCPL (resigned on 19.08.2021).

Details of transactions with subsidiary Company:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	As on 31st March 2022	As on 31st March 2021	Nature
Opening Balance (Amount Recoverable) {A}	2.13	2.13	Debit
Reimbursement of Expenses on behalf of Subsidiary {B}	-	-	Debit
Amount Received from Subsidiary {C}	-	-	Credit
Closing Balance (Amount Recoverable) {D}	2.13	2.13	Debit
[D = A + B - C]			

iv) A Joint Venture “EPI-C&C JV” (Unincorporated) was formed on 2nd August 2017 between Engineering Projects (India) Ltd and C&C Construction Limited for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH specification from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to KM 109.20 on EPC mode in Chin State of Myanmar having participating interest of 60% for C&C Construction Ltd and 40% for Engineering Projects (India) Ltd. C&C Construction Ltd will act as lead partner of JV. “EPI-C&C JV” has been treated as jointly controlled operation. During the year, MEA vide its letter



dated 09<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance. Since M/s C&C Construction Limited who is our 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture “EPI - C&C JV (unincorporated)” and our main contractor in our Oman Project is currently facing insolvency proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPIL’S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.

v) The following transactions were carried out with related parties in ordinary course of business:

#### **Details of Directors Remuneration**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Salary*	84.88	96.58
Contribution to provident fund	7.35	7.58
House rent/Lease Rent	-	-
Medical Expenses	3.85	7.95
Sitting fees#	1.70	-

\*Shri R. P. Singh Director-Finance (Addl. Charge) was not employed in the company and no salary/allowances have been paid to him during the FY 2021-22.

#Sitting fees have been paid only to Independent Directors.

#### **Note No. 2.34**

Quantitative details for the stock of construction material are given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Quantity (MT)	Value (₹ in Lakhs)	Quantity (MT)	Value (₹ in Lakhs)
CEMENT	-	-	-	-
STEEL	384.51	196.36	38.22	17.85
STEEL PIPES	-	-	-	-

#### **Note No. 2.35**

As decided by Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA), the process of strategic disinvestment of Engineering Projects (India) Ltd. is in progress. Presently the activity of Asset monetization (under DIPAM Disinvestment scheme) is in process and Company is adhering all the Policies/guidelines/framework etc. issued from time to time in this regard.

## Note No. 2.36

Disclosure under Accounting Standard-29 on “Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets”:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Particulars	Opening Balance	Provision made during the year	Paid/Adj. during the year	Provision written back	Closing Balance
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)=(ii+iii-iv-v)
Project Contingencies*	3,314.07	55.81	-	-	<b>3,369.88</b>
Employee Benefits	3,779.03	751.94	870.67	-	<b>3,660.31</b>
Pay Revision (3rd PRC)	681.96	-	206.16	-	<b>475.80</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,775.06</b>	<b>807.75</b>	<b>1,076.42</b>	-	<b>7,505.98</b>
Previous Year	7,349.31	637.41	334.88	0.31	7,651.12

\* Provision made for receivable amount on project basis (net of payable).

## Note No. 2.37

Management has made an assessment and found that there is no indication of any impairment in the value of fixed assets. Hence no provision is required to be made as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.

## Note No.2.38

In accordance with provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average of its net profit from the immediately preceding three financial years on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). Gross amount spent by the Company for CSR and Sustainability during the year is NIL (previous year ₹ 1.33 Lakhs being amount carried forward from budgets of previous year).

With reference to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs’ notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III, additional regulatory information for CSR are under:

Particulars	Remarks
(a) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	Nil
(b) Amount of expenditure incurred,	Nil
(c) Shortfall at the end of the year,	Nil
(d) Total of previous years shortfall,	Nil
(e) Reason for shortfall,	Not Applicable
(f) Nature of CSR activities,	Not Applicable
(g) Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard,	Not Applicable
(h) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year should be shown separately.	Not Applicable

### Note No. 2.39

Basic and diluted earnings per share are computed by dividing net loss after tax ₹ 6506.35 Lakhs (previous year net loss after tax ₹ 4974.31 Lakhs) by 3,54,22,688 fully paid up equity share of ₹ 10 each. Details of EPS are as under:

Earnings Per Share	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Basic	(18.37)	(14.04)
Diluted	(18.37)	(14.04)

### Note No. 2.40

A subsidiary Company of EPI was incorporated on 19<sup>th</sup> May 2016 as “EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited” (EPIUIDL) with paid up capital of Rs. 10 lakhs consisting of equity participation of 51% by EPI, 39% by M/s. Bharat Urban Infra Developers Pvt. Ltd., Solapur (BUIDPL) and 10% by M/s Darashaw & Co. Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai (DCPL), for development of land parcels etc.

The Subsidiary Company is non-operational since its incorporation. Being Government Company, proposal for appointment of Directors including approval for Interim Board comprising first directors was submitted for Government approval and in the meantime, Government initiated action for strategic disinvestment of EPI. Since Government did not support formation of the subsidiary, EPI approved closure of EPIUIDL through voluntary liquidation/voluntary winding subject to the approval by the Shareholders of EPIUIDL and Administrative Ministry agreed for closure of EPIUIDL. However the closure through voluntary liquidation was not approved by BUIDPL on 01<sup>st</sup> AGM of EPIUIDL held on 20.12.2017. Subsequent efforts of EPI to offer its shares to the other two shareholders was not successful. Board of EPI has decided to approach the concerned authorities for other options of closure/exit. As on 31.03.2022, the summary winding up petition under Section 361 of the Companies Act 2013 in respect of EPIUIDL was pending for approval with Regional Director. Afterwards the same was taken up by Regional Director (North), MCA in April 2022. It has been informed by RD (MCA) that the petition filed is not a fit case for summary procedure for liquidation and other course of action available under the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, an application for Striking off the name of the EPIUIDL pursuant to Section 248(1)(a) of the Company Act 2013 has been filed to the Director General of Corporate Affairs, Ministry of Corporate Affairs on 23.05.2022.

In view of the above, during F.Y. 2016-17, 100% provision has already been made against the investment of ₹ 5.10 Lakhs in subsidiary company.

### Note No. 2.41

CBI has registered 05 cases and filed FIR against some employees of “the Company” wherein “The Company” is not named as party in the FIR and no financial impact on its financial statement is envisaged.

However, as on date, investigation in above matter is still in progress.

### Note No. 2.42

National Water Supply & Drainage Board (NWSDB), Srilanka (client) rejected HDPE pipes supplied by Chinese manufacturer/ supplier against the awarded project in Vavuniya water supply scheme to EPI due to poor quality of pipes and asked EPI to replace the same with good ones. EPI released the

payment to Chinese supplier, however EPIL in turn got its (around 96%) payment from NWSDB Srilanka as per terms of agreement. Claim of equivalent ₹ 18.78 crore has been lodged in Arbitration against the manufacturer on 31.10.2016. The arbitrator awarded the claim vide award dated 29.01.2018 in favour of EPIL for ₹ 1725 Lakhs (approximate) and now EPIL proceeded to Commercial High Court of Colombo for conversion of Arbitration into decree for invocation of same in China from Chinese manufacturer (Jiangsu Qianlong New Material Co Ltd).

#### Note No. 2.43

The balances of Trade receivables, loans & advances, client's advances, retention money, security deposits receivable/payable and Trade payable are subject to receipts of confirmation and reconciliation. In the opinion of the management, the impact of it on the financial statements is not significant.

#### Note No. 2.44

In the opinion of the management, the value of Current assets on realization in the ordinary course of business, will not be less than the value at which these are stated in the Balance Sheet.

#### Note No. 2.45

- a) Total amount receivable from M/s Uranium Corporation of India Ltd (UCIL) on account of Trade receivable, Retention & other recoverable stands at ₹ 2,368.96 Lakhs as on 31.03.2022. The above amount is more than 10 years old & is under constant persuasion for realization. Pending final settlement, based on experience/progress/assessment of the matter by the management, a provision of ₹ 443.77 Lakhs is made upto 31.03.2022. During the year 2021-22, various communications for recovery have been made with UCIL. The outcome of the same may come in this current FY i.e. 2022-23.
- b) Bihar Police Academy Rajgir Project, was terminated by the client in the month of April 2017. The total amount recoverable from sub agency was ₹ 4,306.22 Lakhs as on 31.03.2022, the same is shown as 'Recoverable from Client, Vendors & Others' under 'Other Non-Current Assets' in Note 2.12. The matter is under arbitration both with client & sub agency.
- c) During the financial year 2018-19, a part of the total contract valuing ₹ 8,329.77 Lakhs relating to Design, Supply, Erection & Commissioning of plant equipments for 5 LLPD dairy Plant, 30 MTPD powder plant complete & services & laboratory set up at Dehri on Sone, was terminated by client. Total amount of ₹ 430.50 Lakhs, excess recovered against mobilization advance by client has been shown under 'Other Non-Current Assets- Recoverable from Client Vendors & Others' in Note 2.12. The matter is under arbitration.

#### Note No. 2.46

In respect of work awarded to the company in capacity of Project Management Consultant (PMC) with scope of work involving, inter alia, appointment of contractors for construction activities, monitoring and supervision of contractors, payment to contractors out of funds provided by the Employer, the company recognizes entire Cost of work of the Contractor including the PMC fees as its turnover under revenue head "Work Done" and correspondingly Cost of Work of the Contractor is recognized under Works Costs. Assets and Liabilities associated with such projects and held in trust on behalf of the Employer is recognized

as Assets and Liabilities of the company in its Balance Sheet under respective heads. This is being following consistently on a consistent basis by the company treating its contracts as Cost plus Contract under Accounting Standard -7.

### Note No. 2.47

Head office expenditure on account of salary and other related costs amounting to ₹ 26.90 Lakhs (₹402.71 Lakhs in previous year) has been allocated to Oman during the FY 2021-22 for incorporating in Oman branch accounts for claiming the deduction of expenses on account of the same in accordance with the Oman Income Tax rules and regulations.

### Note No. 2.48

#### Company as a lessee:

The company has taken certain Office and residential premises on operating lease which are cancellable by giving appropriate notices as per respective agreements. During the year an amount of ₹ 1904.28 Lakhs (including ERO-Kolkata Building Rent of ₹ 1656.81 Lakhs which is pending before Hon'ble Kolkata High Court) (₹ 203.33 Lakhs in previous year) has been charged towards these cancellable operating leases.

The company has taken certain assets like car on non – cancellable operating leases. During the year an amount of ₹ 17.46 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 13.52 Lakhs) has been paid towards these non- cancellable operating leases. The future minimum lease payments in respect of these leases are as follows:

- (i) Payable not later than 1 year ₹ 15.61 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 16.74 Lakhs)
- (ii) Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years ₹ 36.70 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 33.15 Lakhs).
- (iii) Payable later than 5 years Nil. (Previous year Nil)

#### Company as a lessor:

The company has leased out certain Office premise on operating lease which are cancellable by giving appropriate notices as per respective agreements. During the year an amount of ₹ 430.78 Lakhs (₹141.24 Lakhs in previous year) has been booked as income towards this cancellable operating lease.

The future minimum lease receipts in respect of this lease are as follows:

- (i) Receivable not later than 1 year ₹ 452.32 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 430.78 Lakhs)
- (ii) Receivable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years ₹ 311.43 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 763.75 Lakhs).
- (iii) Receivable later than 5 years Nil. (Previous year Nil)

### Note No. 2.49

Disclosure in respect of Joint Venture;

S. No.	Name of the Joint Operations (Unincorporated)	Partners and Country of Origin	Participating Interest (in %) as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March	
			2022	2021
1.	EPI-C&C JV*	C&C Construction Limited, India. Engineering Projects (India) Limited, India.	60% 40%	60% 40%

\*During the year, The Company has already sent the notice to M/s C&C Construction Limited, India on 17.08.2021 regarding termination of the Joint Venture agreement. Afterwards, MEA vide its letter dated 09<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH Specifications from Paletwa to India-Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 to Km 109.20 in Chin state of Myanmar) stating non-performance.

Since M/s C&C Construction Limited who is our 60% stake partner in Myanmar joint venture “EPI - C&C JV (unincorporated)” and our main contractor in our Oman Project is currently facing insolvency proceedings in NCLT and matter is at advance stage. Outcome and its financial impact on EPI’S Financial Statements is not ascertainable.

#### Note No. 2.50

Dividends payable to the shareholders are recognized in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders. During this year i.e. 2021-22, Company has not paid any dividend [in previous year 2020-21 ₹ 27,61,028/- (30 % of PAT i.e. ₹ 92,03,428/-) (₹ 0.08 Per Share of face value ₹ 10 each) as dividend to its shareholders for the FY 2019-20].

#### Note No. 2.51

Amount due to entities covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Payable to Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises *	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
<b>Particulars</b>		
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year;**	3463.91	798.92
ii) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	Nil	Nil

Payable to Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises *	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	9.50	Nil
v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of this Act.	Nil	Nil

\* Amount due to entities covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small, Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, have been identified on the basis of confirmations received from these entities and to the extent of the information available with the Company. There was no amount due for more than forty five days payable to these identified entities at any time during the year.

### Note No. 2.52

With reference to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs' notification dtd 24.03.2021 w.r.t. amendments in Schedule III, additional regulatory information under are under:

#### (i) Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company:

**Details of Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company is below:**

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Relevant line item in the Balance Sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative# of promoter*/ director or employee of promoter/ director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company**
PPE	Building at Scope Complex, New Delhi	374.42	Scope Complex, New Delhi	No	14.03.1988	Matter is taken up with the concern authority.
Investment property	-	-	-	-	-	-
PPE retired from active use and held for disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Relative here means relative as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

\*Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

(ii) **Disclosures regarding whether revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer:**  
No revaluation took place during the year.

(iii) **Disclosures of Loans or Advances granted Promoters, Directors, KMPs and the related parties:**  
No Loans or Advances granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and the related parties during the year.

(iv) **Capital-Work-in-Progress (CWIP):**  
No CWIP exists in the company as on 31.03.2022.

(v) **Intangible Assets under Development:**

(a) Details of Intangible Assets under Development Aging Schedule:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Intangible assets under development	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
<b>Projects in Progress:</b>					
1. ERP-SAP-PS, MM & SD	-	48.26	25.99	-	<b>74.25</b>
2. ONE TIME SETUP CHARGES & IMPL & CONS. FOLDER BTS	-	4.13	-	-	<b>4.13</b>
<b>Projects temporarily suspended</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>52.39</b>	<b>25.99</b>	-	<b>78.38</b>

(b) Details of Intangible Assets under Development Completion Schedule:

(Amount in ₹ Lakhs)

Intangible assets under development	Amount in CWIP for a period of			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years
<b>Projects in Progress:</b>				
1. ERP-SAP-PS, MM & SD	74.25	-	-	-
2. ONE TIME SETUP CHARGES & IMPL & CONS. FOLDER BTS	4.13	-	-	-
<b>Projects temporarily suspended</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>78.38</b>	-	-	-



**(vi) Details of Benami Property held:**

No Benami Property held by the company as on 31.03.2022.

**(vii) Borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets:**

The company has submitted the provisional financial data to bankers on time to time basis which are same as reported to governing ministry also.

**(viii) Wilful Defaulter:**

The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender as on 31.03.2022.

**(ix) Relationship with Struck Off Companies:**

The company has not made any transaction during the year with companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

**(x) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies:**

No charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

**(xi) Compliance with number of layers of companies:**

The proviso to clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 provides for restricting class or classes of holding companies from having layers of subsidiaries beyond prescribed number. The above provision is not applicable on the company.

**(xii) Various Ratios:**

Details of the various ratios are as below:

S. NO.	Type of Ratio	Formula (Numerator/ Denominator)	%/in times	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	% Variance
a)	Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	In number of times	1.15	1.12	2%
b)	Debt-Equity Ratio	Claim of Outsiders/ Claim of Insiders	In number of times	8.80	4.53	94%
c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings Before Interest Tax Depreciation & Amortization/Interest +Principal	In number of times	(10.90)	(0.55)	1879%
d)	Return on Equity Ratio	Profit After Tax / Shareholder's Equity	%	(184%)	(140%)	31%
e)	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of goods sold / Average Inventory	In number of times	639.22	1,247.74	-49%
f)	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales / Average Trade Receivables	In number of times	2.49	1.95	28%

g)	Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchase / Average Trade Payables	In number of times	1.16	1.16	-
h)	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Turnover / Capital Employed	In number of times	8.81	5.42	63%
i)	Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit / Total Income	%	(9%)	(6%)	41%
j)	Return on Capital Employed	Profit After Tax / Total Capital Employed	%	(78%)	(33%)	133%
k)	Return on Investment	Profit from class of assets/Market value of the such class of assets	%	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

Explanations for changes in the ration by more than 25% as compared to preceding year are as below:

- In Debt-Equity Ratio**, Due to loss of Rs. 65.06 crore in current year which resulted into the reduction in "Claims of Insiders" (denominator value in formula) in the current year.
- In Debt Service Coverage Ratio**, EBITDA for current year is Rs. -56.65 crore comparing to previous year to Rs. -32.37 crore because of increased loss in the current year (numerator in the formula).
- In Return on Equity Ratio**, current year loss is Rs. 65.06 crore comparing to previous year's loss of Rs. 49.74 crore. This resulted into reduction in return for Equity.
- In Inventory Turnover Ratio**, Cost of goods sold and inventory in current year is Rs. 684.64 crore and 1.96 Crore whereas in last year it was Rs. 748.77crore and Rs. 0.18 crore respectively. It resulted in to reduction in the ration comparing to previous year.
- In Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio**, Turnover and Average trade receivables in current year is Rs. 736.17 crore and 295.70 Crore whereas in last year it was Rs. 805.62 crore and Rs. 247.39 crore respectively. It resulted in to increase in the ration comparing to previous year.
- In Net Capital Turnover Ratio**, Due to loss of Rs. 65.06 crore in current year which resulted into the reduction in capital employed (denominator value in formula) in the current year. It resulted in to increase in the ration comparing to previous year.
- In Net Profit Ratio**, current year loss is Rs. 65.06 crore comparing to previous year's loss of Rs. -49.74 crore. This resulted into reduction in net profit ratio.
- In return on capital employed Ratio**, Due to loss of Rs. 65.06 crore in current year which resulted into the reduction in capital employed (denominator value in formula) in the current year. It resulted in to reduction in the ration comparing to previous year.

**(xiii) Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements:**

No any scheme under section 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been approved for the company.

**(xiv) Utilization of Borrowed Funds & Share Premium:**

Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(s), including foreign entities (Intermediaries).

**(xv) Undisclosed Income:**

For the year, there is no undisclosed income or any transaction which are not recorded in the books of account.

**(xvi) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency:**

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual currency during the year.

**Note No. 2.53**

The FY 2021-22 was an economic roller coaster with the impact of recurring bouts of COVID-19 and global disquiet counter-balanced to some extent by Country's economic resilience. Regular government spending throughout the year complemented by liquidity easing measures by the Reserve Bank of India prevented the risk of an economic meltdown and helped bolster the confidence of households and companies.

The financial year 2021-22 was expected to be a year of recovery on the back of normalized resumption of economic activity and improved mobility, post the first COVID-19 wave. On the contrary, the year commenced with the onset of a more virulent second wave, resulting in a record number of infections and high mortality rate. The country witnessed partial lockdowns across different states, as opposed to complete lockdowns during the first wave. With improved vaccination efforts, the economy bounced back faster than anticipated. However, the recovery momentum was once more disrupted due to the emergence of the Omicron variant towards the end of Q3, which fortunately, lasted only for a brief period.

The FY 2021-22 witnessed several headwinds viz. successive waves of COVID-19, supply chain disruptions worldwide causing unusual increase in commodity / solar module prices besides freight costs. These led not only to delayed order finalizations from the customer's end but also the measured pacing of progress in ongoing projects.

The impact of COVID-19 pandemic continued to ravage communities impacting livelihoods, education and health and called for innovative approaches to address the ground realities. Significant efforts were deployed by continuing commitment to existing projects.

Based on assessment of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the business/economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying value of its assets. The Company will continue to evaluate the pandemic-related uncertainty and update its assessment.

## Note No. 2.54

The previous year figures have been reclassified, regrouped and recast to conform to current year's classification/ grouping.

As per our report of even date attached  
For GSK & Associates LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. - 013838N /N500003

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Sd/-  
(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta)  
Designated Partner  
Membership No. 093056  
Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022  
Place: New Delhi  
UDIN: 22093056AOIRBP8300

Sd/-  
(RAJ PAL SINGH)  
Director (Finance)  
DIN No. 08750557

Sd/-  
(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)  
Chairman cum Managing Director  
DIN No. 07022825

Sd/-  
(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)  
GM (Finance) & CFO

Sd/-  
(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)  
Company Secretary

## Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

### Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures

#### Part A Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs.)

1.	<b>Name of the subsidiary</b>	<b>EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited</b>
2	The date since when subsidiary was acquired/incorporated.	19th May 2016
3	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period. #	Same as that of holding company (01.04.2021-31.03.2022)
4	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	N.A.
5	Share capital *	10,00,000
6	Reserves and surplus	-5,97,530
7	Total assets	6,15,601
8	Total Liabilities	6,15,601
9	Investments	-
10	Turnover	-
11	Profit before taxation	-
12	Provision for taxation	-
13	Profit after taxation	-
14	Extent of shareholding (in percentage)	51%
15	Proposed Dividend	Nil

#### Notes:

Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations	Nil
Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year.	Nil

\* Share Capital includes Issued and Paid up capital.

## Part B: Associate and Joint Ventures

	Name of Associates or Joint Ventures	EPI-C&C JV
1.	Latest audited Balance Sheet Date #	Nil
2.	Date on which the Associate or Joint Venture was associated or acquired	02.08.2017
3.	Shares of Associate or Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end:-	
	No. of Shares held.	Nil
	Amount of Investment in Associates or Joint Venture	Nil
	Extent of Holding (in percentage)	40%
4.	Description of how there is significant influence	N.A
5.	Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	N.A
6.	Networth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet (EPI-C&C JV)	Nil
7.	Profit or Loss for the year:-	
	i. Considered in Consolidation	Nil
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	NIL

\* During the year, the Company has already sent the notice to M/s. C&C Construction Limited, India on 17.08.2021 regarding termination of Joint Venture agreement. Afterwards, MEA vide its Letter dated 09th February, 2022 terminated the complete contract (Project for Construction of Two Lane Road on NH specification from Platewa to India- Myanmar Border (Zorinpui) from Km 0.00 To Km 109.20 in Chin State of Myanmar) stating Non- performance.

# No details has been received as the expenses are Nil. Therefore nothing is considered for consolidation.

### As per our report of even date attached

**For GSK & Associates LLP**

**Chartered Accountants**

**Firm Registration No. - 013838N /N500003**

**Sd/-**

**(CA Sanjay Kumar Gupta)**

**Designated Partner**

**Membership No. 093056**

**Date: 04<sup>th</sup> August 2022**

**Place: New Delhi**

**UDIN: 22093056AOIRBP8300**

**For and on behalf of Board of Directors**

**Sd/-**

**(RAJ PAL SINGH)**

**Director (Finance)**

**DIN No. 08750557**

**Sd/-**

**(DHIRENDRA SINGH RANA)**

**Chairman cum Managing Director**

**DIN No. 07022825**

**Sd/-**

**(ASHOK KUMAR PATRA)**

**GM (Finance) & CFO**

**Sd/-**

**(NITESH KUMAR GOYAL)**

**Company Secretary**

## COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6) (b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ENGINEERING PROJECTS (INDIA) LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The preparation of financial statements of Engineering Projects (India) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139 (5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 04 August 2022.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of Engineering Projects (India) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 under section 143(6)(a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditors and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditors and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to statutory auditors' report under section 143(6)(b) of the Act.

**For and on behalf of the  
Comptroller & Auditor General of India**

**Sd/-  
(Deepak Kapoor)  
Director General of Audit  
(Industry & Corporate Affairs)  
New Delhi**

**Place: New Delhi**

**Date: 27.09.2022**

**COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6) (b) READ WITH SECTION 129 (4) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ENGINEERING PROJECTS (INDIA) LIMITED, FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements of Engineering Projects (India) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139 (5) read with section 129 (4) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 read with section 129 (4) of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 04 August 2022

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the consolidated financial statements of Engineering Projects (India) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 under section 143(6)(a) read with section 129(4) of the Act. We conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of Engineering Projects (India) Limited (the Company) but did not conduct supplementary audit of EPI Urban Infra Developers Limited<sup>1</sup> (the subsidiary) for the year ended on that date. Further, section 139(5) & 143(6)(a) of the Act are not applicable to EPI-C&C (Joint Venture), being unincorporated private entity in foreign country under the respective laws, for appointment of their Statutory Auditor and for conduct of supplementary audit. Accordingly, Comptroller & Auditor General of India has neither appointed the Statutory Auditors nor conducted the supplementary audit of this company. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the statutory auditors and is limited primarily to inquiries of the statutory auditors and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

On the basis of my supplementary audit nothing significant has come to my knowledge which would give rise to any comment upon or supplement to statutory auditors' report under section 143(6)(b) read with section 129 (4) of the Act.

**For and on behalf of the  
Comptroller & Auditor General of India**

**Sd/-  
(Deepak Kapoor)  
Director General of Audit  
(Industry & Corporate Affairs)  
New Delhi**

**Place: New Delhi**

**Date: 27.09.2022**

<sup>1</sup> Annual accounts of the Subsidiary have not been submitted for supplementary audit.





*Leading PSU for Turnkey Project  
Execution & Infrastructure  
Development*



**ENGINEERING EXCELLENCE**  
**in BUILT ENVIRONMENT &**  
**INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT**



**इंजीनियरिंग प्रोजेक्ट्स (इंडिया) लि.**  
(भारत सरकार का उद्यम)

**ENGINEERING PROJECTS (INDIA) LTD.**  
(A GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ENTERPRISE)

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